

SECTION C — CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

C21 METALLURGY OF IRON

C21B MANUFACTURE OF IRON OR STEEL (preliminary treatment of ferrous ores or scrap C22B 1/00)

Note(s)

This subclass covers:

- the production of iron or steel from source materials, e.g. the production of pig-iron;
- apparatus specially adapted therefor, e.g. blast furnaces or air heaters.

Subclass index

MAKING PIG-IRON

In blast furnaces.....	5/00, 7/00, 9/00
Other processes.....	11/00
General features.....	3/00
MAKING IRON.....	13/00, 15/00
MAKING LIQUID STEEL BY DIRECT PROCESSES.....	13/00

3/00	General features in the manufacture of pig-iron (mixers for pig-iron C21C 1/06) [1, 2006.01]	9/02	• Brick hot-blast stoves [1, 2006.01]
3/02	• by applying additives, e.g. fluxing agents [1, 2006.01]	9/04	• • with combustion shaft [1, 2006.01]
3/04	• Recovery of by-products, e.g. slag [1, 2006.01]	9/06	• • Linings [1, 2006.01]
3/06	• • Treatment of liquid slag [1, 2006.01]	9/08	• Iron hot-blast stoves [1, 2006.01]
3/08	• • • Cooling slag [1, 2006.01]	9/10	• Other details, e.g. blast mains [1, 2006.01]
3/10	• • • Slag pots; Slag cars [1, 2006.01]	9/12	• • Hot-blast valves or slides for blast furnaces [1, 2006.01]
5/00	Making pig-iron in the blast furnace [1, 2006.01]	9/14	• Preheating the combustion air [1, 2006.01]
5/02	• Making special pig-iron, e.g. by applying additives, e.g. oxides of other metals [1, 2006.01]	9/16	• Cooling or drying the hot-blast [1, 2006.01]
5/04	• Making slag of special composition [1, 2006.01]	11/00	Making pig-iron other than in blast furnaces [1, 2006.01]
5/06	• using top gas in the blast furnace process [1, 2006.01]	11/02	• in low shaft furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/00	Blast furnaces [1, 2006.01]	11/06	• in rotary kilns [1, 2006.01]
7/02	• Internal forms [1, 2006.01]	11/08	• in hearth-type furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/04	• with special refractories [1, 2006.01]	11/10	• in electric furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/06	• • Linings for furnaces [1, 2006.01]	13/00	Making spongy iron or liquid steel, by direct processes [1, 2006.01]
7/08	• Top armourings [1, 2006.01]	13/02	• in shaft furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/10	• Cooling; Devices therefor [1, 2006.01]	13/04	• in retorts [1, 2006.01]
7/12	• Opening or sealing the tap holes [1, 2006.01]	13/06	• in multi-storied furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/14	• Discharging devices, e.g. for slag [1, 2006.01]	13/08	• in rotary furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/16	• Tuyères [1, 2006.01]	13/10	• in hearth-type furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/18	• Bell-and-hopper arrangements [1, 2006.01]	13/12	• in electric furnaces [1, 2006.01]
7/20	• • with appliances for distributing the burden [1, 2006.01]	13/14	• Multi-stage processes [1, 2006.01]
7/22	• Dust arresters [1, 2006.01]	15/00	Other processes for the manufacture of iron from iron compounds (by electrolysis C25C 1/06) [1, 2006.01]
7/24	• Test rods or other checking devices [1, 2006.01]	15/02	• Metallothermic processes, e.g. thermit reduction [1, 2006.01]
9/00	Stoves for heating the blast in blast furnaces [1, 2006.01]	15/04	• from iron carbonyl [1, 2006.01]

C21B

C21C PROCESSING OF PIG-IRON, e.g. REFINING, MANUFACTURE OF WROUGHT-IRON OR STEEL; TREATMENT IN MOLTEN STATE OF FERROUS ALLOYS

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| <p>1/00 Refining of pig-iron; Cast iron [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/02 • Dephosphorising or desulfurising [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/04 • Removing impurities other than carbon, phosphorus, or sulfur [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/06 • Constructional features of mixers for pig-iron [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/08 • Manufacture of cast-iron [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/10 • Making spheroidal graphite cast-iron [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>3/00 Manufacture of wrought-iron or wrought-steel [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/00 Manufacture of carbon steel, e.g. plain mild steel, medium carbon steel, or cast-steel [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/02 • Crucible furnace processes [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/04 • Manufacture of hearth-furnace steel, e.g. Siemens-Martin steel [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/06 • • Processes yielding slags of special composition [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/28 • Manufacture of steel in the converter [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/30 • • Regulating or controlling the blowing [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/32 • • • Blowing from above (C21C 5/35 takes precedence) [1, 5, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/34 • • • Blowing through the bath (C21C 5/35 takes precedence) [1, 5, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/35 • • • Blowing from above and through the bath [5, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/36 • • Processes yielding slags of special composition [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/38 • • Removal of waste gases or dust [1, 2006.01]</p> | <p>5/40 • • • Offtakes or separating apparatus for converter waste gases or dust [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/42 • • Constructional features of converters [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/44 • • • Refractory linings [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/46 • • • Details or accessories [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/48 • • • • Bottoms or tuyères of converters [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/50 • • • • Tilting mechanisms for converters [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/52 • Manufacture of steel in electric furnaces [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/54 • • Processes yielding slags of special composition [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>5/56 • Manufacture of steel by other methods (making liquid steel by direct processes C21B 13/00) [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/00 Treating molten ferrous alloys, e.g. steel, not covered by groups C21C 1/00-C21C 5/00 (treating molten metals during moulding B22D 1/00, B22D 27/00) [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/04 • Removing impurities by adding a treating agent [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/06 • • Deoxidising, e.g. killing [1, 2, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/064 • • Dephosphorising; Desulfurising [3, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/068 • • Decarburising [3, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/072 • • Treatment with gases (C21C 7/06, C21C 7/064, C21C 7/068 take precedence) [3, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/076 • • Use of slags or fluxes as treating agents (C21C 7/06, C21C 7/064, C21C 7/068 take precedence) [3, 2006.01]</p> <p>7/10 • Handling in vacuum [1, 2006.01]</p> |
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C21D MODIFYING THE PHYSICAL STRUCTURE OF FERROUS METALS; GENERAL DEVICES FOR HEAT TREATMENT OF FERROUS OR NON-FERROUS METALS OR ALLOYS; MAKING METAL MALLEABLE, e.g. BY DECARBURISATION OR TEMPERING (cementation by diffusion processes C23C; surface treatment of metallic material involving at least one process provided for in class C23 and at least one process covered by this subclass C23F 17/00; unidirectional solidification of eutectic materials or unidirectional demixing of eutectoid materials C30B)

Note(s) [2012.01]

- Cementation by diffusion processes is classified in C23C.
- Surface treatments of metallic material involving at least one process provided for in class C23 and at least one process covered by this subclass are classified in group C23F 17/00.

Subclass index

HEAT TREATMENT

General methods or devices.....1/00, 11/00
of cast-iron, of iron alloys.....5/00, 6/00
adapted for particular articles.....9/00

MECHANICAL TREATMENT.....7/00

COMBINED MECHANICAL AND THERMAL TREATMENTS.....8/00

OTHER TREATMENTS.....10/00

DIFFUSION PROCESSES FOR EXTRACTION OF NON-METALS.....3/00

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| <p>1/00 General methods or devices for heat treatment, e.g. annealing, hardening, quenching or tempering [1, 2006.01]</p> | <p>1/02 • Hardening articles or materials formed by forging or rolling, with no further heating beyond that required for the formation [1, 2006.01]</p> <p>1/04 • with simultaneous application of supersonic waves, magnetic or electric fields [1, 2006.01]</p> |
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- 1/06 • Surface hardening [1, 2006.01]
- 1/08 • • with flames [1, 2006.01]
- 1/09 • • by direct application of electrical or wave energy; by particle radiation [3, 2006.01]
- 1/10 • • • by electric induction [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 1/18 • Hardening (C21D 1/02 takes precedence); Quenching with or without subsequent tempering (quenching devices C21D 1/62) [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 1/19 • • by interrupted quenching [3, 2006.01]
- 1/20 • • • Isothermal quenching, e.g. bainitic hardening [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 1/22 • • • Martempering [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 1/25 • • Hardening, combined with annealing between 300 °C and 600 °C, i.e. heat refining ("Vergüten") [3, 2006.01]
- 1/26 • Methods of annealing [1, 2006.01]
- 1/28 • • Normalising [1, 2006.01]
- 1/30 • • Stress-relieving [1, 2006.01]
- 1/32 • • Soft annealing, e.g. spheroidising [1, 2006.01]
- 1/34 • Methods of heating (C21D 1/06 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/38 • • Heating by cathodic discharges [1, 2006.01]
- 1/40 • • Direct resistance heating [1, 2006.01]
- 1/42 • • Induction heating [1, 2006.01]
- 1/44 • • in heat-treatment baths [1, 2006.01]
- 1/46 • • • Salt baths [1, 2006.01]
- 1/48 • • • Metal baths [1, 2006.01]
- 1/50 • • • Oil baths [1, 2006.01]
- 1/52 • • with flames [1, 2006.01]
- 1/53 • • Heating in fluidised beds [3, 2006.01]
- 1/54 • Determining when the hardening temperature has been reached by measurement of magnetic or electrical properties [1, 2006.01]
- 1/55 • Hardenability tests, e.g. end-quench tests [3, 2006.01]
- 1/56 • characterised by the quenching agents [1, 2006.01]
- 1/58 • • Oils [1, 2006.01]
- 1/60 • • Aqueous agents [1, 2006.01]
- 1/607 • • Molten salts [3, 2006.01]
- 1/613 • • Gases; Liquefied or solidified normally gaseous material [3, 2006.01]
- 1/62 • Quenching devices [1, 2006.01]
- 1/63 • • for bath quenching [3, 2006.01]
- 1/64 • • • with circulating liquids [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 1/667 • • for spray quenching [3, 2006.01]
- 1/673 • • for die quenching [3, 2006.01]
- 1/68 • Temporary coatings or embedding materials applied before or during heat treatment [1, 2006.01]
- 1/70 • • while heating or quenching [1, 2006.01]
- 1/72 • • during chemical change of surfaces [1, 2006.01]
- 1/74 • Methods of treatment in inert gas, controlled atmosphere, vacuum or pulverulent material [1, 2006.01]
- 1/76 • • Adjusting the composition of the atmosphere [1, 2006.01]
- 1/767 • • with forced gas circulation; Reheating thereof [3, 2006.01]
- 1/773 • • under reduced pressure or vacuum [3, 2006.01]
- 1/78 • Combined heat-treatments not provided for above [1, 2006.01]
- 1/82 • Descaling by thermal stresses (mechanically B21, B23; chemically C23; electrolytically C25F 1/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/84 • Controlled slow cooling (cooling-beds for metal rolling B21B 43/00) [3, 2006.01]
- 3/00 **Diffusion processes for extraction of non-metals; Furnaces therefor** (local protective coatings C21D 1/72) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/02 • Extraction of non-metals [1, 2006.01]
- 3/04 • • Decarburising [1, 2006.01]
- 3/06 • • Extraction of hydrogen [1, 2006.01]
- 3/08 • • Extraction of nitrogen [1, 2006.01]
- 3/10 • Furnaces therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 **Heat treatment of cast-iron** [1, 2006.01]
- 5/02 • improving the malleability of grey cast-iron [1, 2006.01]
- 5/04 • of white cast-iron [1, 2006.01]
- 5/06 • • Malleabilising [1, 2006.01]
- 5/08 • • • with oxidation of carbon [1, 2006.01]
- 5/10 • • • • in gaseous agents [1, 2006.01]
- 5/12 • • • • in solid agents [1, 2006.01]
- 5/14 • • • Graphitising [1, 2006.01]
- 5/16 • • • • Packing agents [1, 2006.01]
- 6/00 **Heat treatment of ferrous alloys** [2, 2006.01]
- Note(s) [2006.01]**
- 1. When classifying in group C21D 6/00, any aspect of the method for the heat treatment of ferrous alloys which is considered to represent information of interest for search may also be classified in groups C21D 1/02-C21D 1/84. This can, for example, be the case when it is considered of interest to enable searching of heat treatment methods of ferrous alloys using a combination of classification symbols. Such non-obligatory classification should be given as "additional information".
- 2. When classifying in group C21D 6/00, any alloying constituent which is considered to represent information of interest for search may also be classified in groups C22C 38/02-C22C 38/60. This can, for example, be the case when it is considered of interest to enable searching of heat treatment of specific ferrous alloys using a combination of classification symbols. Such non-obligatory classification should be given as "additional information".
- 6/02 • Hardening by precipitation [2, 2006.01]
- 6/04 • Hardening by cooling below 0° C [2, 2006.01]
- 7/00 **Modifying the physical properties of iron or steel by deformation** (apparatus for mechanical working of metal B21, B23, B24) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/02 • by cold working [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 • • of the surface [1, 2006.01]
- 7/06 • • • by shot-peening or the like [1, 2006.01]
- 7/08 • • • by burnishing or the like [1, 2006.01]
- 7/10 • • of the whole cross-section, e.g. of concrete reinforcing bars [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 • • • by expanding tubular bodies [1, 2006.01]
- 7/13 • by hot working [1, 2006.01]
- 8/00 **Modifying the physical properties by deformation combined with, or followed by, heat treatment** (hardening articles or materials formed by forging or rolling with no further heating beyond that required for the formation C21D 1/02) [3, 2006.01]
- 8/02 • during manufacturing of plates or strips (C21D 8/12 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]
- 8/04 • • to produce plates or strips for deep-drawing [3, 2006.01]

C21D

- 8/06 • during manufacturing of rods or wires [3, 2006.01]
- 8/08 • • for concrete reinforcement [3, 2006.01]
- 8/10 • during manufacturing of tubular bodies [3, 2006.01]
- 8/12 • during manufacturing of articles with special electromagnetic properties [3, 2006.01]
- 9/00 Heat treatment, e.g. annealing, hardening, quenching or tempering, adapted for particular articles; Furnaces therefor [1, 2006.01]**
 - 9/02 • for springs [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/04 • for rails [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/06 • • with diminished tendency to become wavy [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/08 • for tubular bodies or pipes [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/10 • • shotgun barrels [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/12 • • barrels for ordnance [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/14 • • wear-resistant or pressure-resistant pipes [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/16 • for explosive shells [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/18 • for knives, scythes, scissors, or like hand cutting tools [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/20 • for blades for skates [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/22 • for drills; for milling cutters; for machine cutting tools [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/24 • for saw blades [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/26 • for needles; for teeth for card-clothing [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/28 • for plain shafts [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/30 • for crankshafts; for camshafts [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/32 • for gear wheels, worm wheels, or the like [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/34 • for tyres; for rims [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/36 • for balls; for rollers [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/38 • for roll bodies [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/40 • for rings; for bearing races [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/42 • for armour plate [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/44 • for equipment for lining mine shafts, e.g. segments, rings or props [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/46 • for sheet metals [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/48 • • deep-drawing sheets [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/50 • for welded joints [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/52 • for wires; for strips [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/54 • • Furnaces for treating strips or wire [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/56 • • • Continuous furnaces for strip or wire [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/567 • • • • with heating in fluidised beds [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/573 • • • • with cooling [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/58 • • • • with heating by baths [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/60 • • • • with induction heating [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/62 • • • • with direct resistance heating [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/63 • • • • the strip being supported by a cushion of gas [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/64 • • • Patenting furnaces [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/66 • • • Tower-type furnaces [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/663 • • • Bell-type furnaces [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/665 • • • • inverted or side-facing [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/667 • • • • Multi-station furnaces [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/67 • • • • • adapted for treating the charge in vacuum or special atmosphere [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/673 • • • • Details, accessories, or equipment peculiar to bell-type furnaces [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/675 • • • • Arrangements of charging or discharging devices [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/677 • • • • Arrangements of heating devices [3, 2006.01]
 - 9/68 • • • Furnace coilers; Hot coilers (cold coilers B21C 47/00) [1, 2006.01]
 - 9/70 • Furnaces for ingots, i.e. soaking pits [1, 2006.01]
 - 10/00 Modifying the physical properties by methods other than heat treatment or deformation [3, 2006.01]**
 - 11/00 Process control or regulation for heat treatments [2, 2006.01]**