Dispatch Number: 006381 Dispatch Date: 2022/02/10



HAGUE AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS

- NOTIFICATION OF REFUSAL -

Rule 18(2) of the Common Regulations

I. Office sending the notification:

Japan Patent Office (JPO) 3-4-3 Kasumigaseki, Chiyoda-ku Tokyo 100-8915, Japan

- II. International Registration Number: DM/213781 Design Number: 1 Holder of the international registration: CHRISTIAN DIOR COUTURE
- III. Grounds for refusal:

The design in the application for design registration does not fall under the industrially applicable design as provided in the main paragraph of Article 3(1) of the Japan's Design Act, as noted below.

A single definite design cannot be identified as follows:

(1)

Details of the design, e.g. front view shape of the sunglasses in the state of its normal use, cannot be recognized due to insufficient disclosure of the design.

(2)

It is not possible to specify a single design because the color of the sunglasses in the reproduction 1.2 and the color of the sunglasses in the other reproductions are inconsistent.

Please note that an amendment will be dismissed if the amendment changes the gist of the statement in the application or drawings, etc. attached to the application as originally filed.

IV. Information relating to subsequent procedures:

The holder of the international registration may submit a written opinion to the JPO against the "III Grounds for refusal" within 3 months from the Dispatch Date of this notification.

The examiner will decide whether to grant protection by taking the details of the written

opinion into consideration.

An applicant domiciled or residing (or, in the case of a juridical person, with a business office) outside Japan shall not undertake procedures before the JPO except through a representative domiciled or residing in Japan.

V. Date on which the refusal was pronounced (yyyy/mm/dd): 2022/01/31 Examiner: YANAGI Shigeyuki

Telephone: +81-3-6257-3079

Facsimile: --(----)----

発送番号 006381 発送日 令和 4年 2月10日 (参考和訳)

意匠の国際登録に関するハーグ協定

-拒絶の通報-

共通規則第18規則(2)

- I. 通報を行う官庁
 日本国特許庁(JP0)
 100-8915 東京都千代田区霞が関3丁目4番3号
- II. 国際登録番号 DM/213781
 意匠番号 1
 国際登録の名義人 CHRISTIAN DIOR COUTURE
- III. 拒絶の理由

この意匠登録出願の意匠は、下記に示すように、意匠法第3条第1項柱 書に規定する工業上利用することができる意匠に該当しません。

以下のとおり、一の具体的な意匠を特定することができません。

(1)

意匠の開示が不十分であるため、通常の使用状態におけるサングラスの 正面視の形状をはじめとする本願意匠の細部を明確に認識することができ ません。

(2)

1.2におけるサングラスの色と他の図におけるサングラスの色とが相 互に一致せず、一の意匠を特定することができません。

なお、手続補正書を提出される場合、その内容が出願当初の願書の記載

又は願書に添付した図面等の要旨を変更するものであるときは、その補正 は却下されますのでご注意ください。

IV. 以後の手続に関する情報

国際登録の名義人は、この通報を発送した日から3か月以内に、III 拒 絶の理由について、意見書を提出することができます。

審査官は意見書の内容を考慮し、保護を付与するかどうかについて決定 いたします。

なお、日本国内に住所又は居所(法人にあっては、営業所)を有しない 者は、日本国内に住所又は居所を有する代理人によらなければ、日本国特 許庁に対して手続をすることはできません。

V. この拒絶の通報の起案日 2022年 1月31日
 審査官 柳 重幸
 電話番号 +81-3-6257-3079
 ファクシミリ番号 --(----)----

1. Subsequent procedures as the response to the Grounds for Refusal: 拒絶の理由に対する応答の手続きについて

The holder of the international registration may submit a written opinion to the JPO against the "III Grounds for refusal" within 3 months from the dispatch date of this notification.

A written opinion may be submitted within 60 days from the dispatch date of this notification when the holder of the international registration is a domestic resident in Japan.

The examiner will decide whether to grant protection by taking the details of the written opinion into consideration.

An applicant domiciled or residing (or, in the case of a juridical person, with a business office) outside Japan (overseas resident) shall not undertake procedures before the JPO except through a representative domiciled or residing in Japan. In this case, the appointed representative must be notified to the JPO.

国際登録の名義人は、この通報を発送した日から3月以内に、III 拒絶の理由について、日本 国特許庁に意見書を提出することができます。

国際登録の名義人が国内居住者の場合は、この通報を発送した日から 60 日以内に、意見書を 提出することができます。※1

審査官は意見書の内容を考慮し、保護を付与するかどうかについて決定いたします。

なお、日本国内に住所又は居所(法人にあっては、営業所)を有しない者(在外者)は、日本 国内に住所又は居所を有する代理人によらなければ、日本国特許庁に対して手続をすることは できません。代理人を通じて手続きを行う場合には、日本国特許庁に対して当該代理人を届け出 る必要があります。

※1 ただし、下記表に掲げる地に居住する場合においては、75日とする。(「方式審査便覧」04.10参照)

東京都	伊豆諸島・小笠原諸島
石川県	輪島市海土町(舳倉島)
鹿児島県	南西諸島
沖縄県	沖縄本島を除く周辺諸島
北海道	北海道周辺諸島

2. Reference information relating to various kinds of Grounds for Refusal: 各種の拒絶の理由に関する参考情報

(1) About the example of articles etc. to the design or classification of articles etc. 意匠に係る物品等の例あるいは物品等の区分について

International registrations registered on or after April 1, 2021. 国際登録日が令和3年4月1日以降の出願

Please refer to the link below for the example of articles etc. to the design. 意匠に係る物品等の例については、以下をご参照下さい。

URL: https://www.jpo.go.jp/e/system/laws/rule/guideline/design/h23_zumen_guideline.html

Please refer to the examination guideline for design (Part II chapter 2) below for the clarity of the usage and function of an article, etc. to the design.

意匠に係る物品等の用途及び機能の明確性については以下の意匠審査基準(第Ⅱ部第2章)をご 参照ください。

https://www.jpo.go.jp/e/system/laws/rule/guideline/design/shinsa_kijun/index.html

International registrations registered until March 31, 2021 国際登録日が令和3年3月31日までの出願 2/10 Please refer to the link below for the classification of articles etc. as provided by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. 経済産業省令で定められている物品等の区分については、以下をご参照下さい。 URL: https://www.jpo.go.jp/system/laws/rule/guideline/design/ishou kisoku betuhyo.html

(2) About the set of articles 組物について

International registrations registered on or after April 1, 2021. 国際登録日が令和3年4月1日以降の出願

Please refer to the link below for the set of articles as provided by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. (Appended Table of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Design Act)

経済産業省令で定められている組物については、以下をご参照下さい。(意匠法施行規則別表) URL: https://www.jpo.go.jp/e/system/laws/rule/other/design/ishou_kisoku_betuhyo.html

International registrations registered until March 31, 2021 国際登録日が令和3年3月31日までの出願

Please refer to the link below for the set of articles as exemplified by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. (Appended Table 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Design Act)

経済産業省令で定められている組物については、以下をご参照下さい。(意匠法施行規則別表 または別表第二)

URL: https://www.jpo.go.jp/e/system/laws/rule/other/design/ishou_kisoku_betuhyo.html

3. Extract from the Japan's Design Act (until March 31, 2020) The following provisions are applied to international registrations designating Japan under the Geneva Act that are registered until March 31, 2020.

(Definition, etc.)

Article 2 (1) "Design" in this Act shall mean the shape, patterns or colors, or any combination thereof, of an article (including a part of an article, the same shall apply hereinafter except in Article 8), which creates an aesthetic impression through the eye.

(2) The shape, patterns or colors, or any combination thereof, of a part of an article as used in the preceding paragraph shall include those in a graphic image on a screen that is provided for use in the operation of the article (limited to the operations carried out in order to enable the article to perform its functions) and is displayed on the article itself or another article that is used with the article in an integrated manner.

(3) "Use" of a design in this Act shall mean the manufacturing, using, assigning, leasing, exporting or importing, or offering for assignment or lease (including displaying for the purpose of assignment or lease, the same shall apply hereinafter) of an article to the design.

(4) "Registered design" in this Act shall mean a design for which a design registration has been granted.

(Conditions for design registration)

Article 3 (1) A creator of a design that is industrially applicable may be entitled to obtain a design registration for the said design, except for the following:

(i) Designs that were publicly known in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration;

(ii) Designs that were described in a distributed publication, or designs that were made publicly available through an electric telecommunication line in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration; or

(iii) Designs similar to those prescribed in the preceding two items.

(2) Where, prior to the filing of the application for design registration, a person ordinarily skilled in the art of the design would have been able to easily create the design based on shape, patterns or colors, or any combination thereof that were publicly known in Japan or a foreign country, a design registration shall not be granted for such a design (except for designs prescribed in any of the items of the preceding paragraph), notwithstanding the preceding paragraph. Article 3-2 Where a design in an application for design registration is identical with or similar to part of a design described in the statement in the application and drawing, photograph, model or specimen attached to the application of another application for design registration which has been filed prior to the date of filing of the said application and published after the filing of the said application in the design bulletin under Article 20(3) or Article 66(3) (hereinafter referred to in this Article as the "earlier application"), a design registration shall not be granted for such a design, notwithstanding paragraph (1) of the preceding Article; provided, however, that this shall not apply where the applicant of the said application and the applicant of the earlier application are the same person and the said application was filed before the date when the design bulletin in which the earlier application was published under Article 20(3) (except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article 20(4)) was issued.

(Unregistrable designs)

Article 5 Notwithstanding Article 3, the following designs shall not be registered.

(i) a design which is liable to injure public order or morality;

(ii) a design which is liable to create confusion with an article pertaining to another person's business; or

(iii) a design solely consisting of a shape that is indispensable for securing functions of the article.

(One application per design)

Article 7 An application for design registration shall be filed for each design in accordance with a classification of articles as provided by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(Design for a set of articles)

Article 8 Where two or more articles are used together and are specifically designated by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (hereinafter referred to as a "Set of Articles"), if the Set of Articles is coordinated as a whole, an application for design registration may be filed as for one design, and the applicant may obtain a design registration, for designs for the articles that constitute the Set of Articles.

(Prior application)

Article 9 (1) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on different dates, only the applicant who filed the application for design registration on the earliest date shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design.

(2) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on the same date, only one applicant, who was selected by consultations between the applicants who filed the said applications, shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design. Where no agreement is reached by consultations or consultations are unable to be held, none of the applicants shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design.

(3) Where an application for design registration has been waived, withdrawn or dismissed, or where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that an application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding, the application for design registration shall, for the purpose of the preceding two paragraphs, be deemed never to have been filed; provided, however, that this shall not apply to the case where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that the application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding on the basis that the latter sentence of the preceding paragraph is applicable to said application for design registration.

(4) The Commissioner of the Patent Office shall, in the case of paragraph (2), order the applicants to hold consultations as specified under paragraph (2) and to report the result thereof, designating an adequate time limit.

(5) Where no report under the preceding paragraph is submitted within the time limit designated under said paragraph, the Commissioner of the Patent Office may deem that no agreement under paragraph (2) has been reached.

(Related designs)

Article 10 (1) Notwithstanding Article 9(1) or (2), an applicant for design registration may obtain design registration of a design that is similar to another design selected from the applicant's own designs either for which an application for design registration has been filed or for which design registration has been granted (hereinafter the selected design is referred to as the "Principal Design" and a design similar to it is referred to as a "Related Design"), if the filing date of the application for design registration of the Related Design (or when the application for design registration of the Related Design contains a priority claim under Article 43(1), 43-3(1) or 43-3(2) of the Patent Act as applied mutatis mutandis under Article 15 of this Act, the filing date of the earliest application, the filing date of an application that is deemed to be the earliest application under Article 4.C(4) of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883, as revised at Brussels on December 14, 1900, at Washington on June 2, 1911, at Hague on November 6, 1925, at London on June 2, 1934. at Lisbon on October 31, 1958, and at Stockholm on July 14, 1967, or the filing date of an application that is recognized as the earliest application under Article 4.(A)2 of the Paris Convention, hereinafter the same shall apply in this paragraph) is on or after the filing date of the application for design registration of the Principal Design and before the date when the design bulletin in which the application for design registration of the Principal Design is published under Article 20(3) (except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article 20(4)) is issued.

(2) Where an exclusive license has been established for the design right of the Principal Design, a design registration shall not be granted to its Related Designs, notwithstanding the preceding paragraph.

(3) A design registration shall not be granted to a design that is similar only to a Related Design to be registered under paragraph (1).

(4) Where applications for design registration are filed for two or more Related Designs pertaining to the Principal Design, Article 9(1) or (2) shall not apply to these Related Designs.

*These are unofficial translations. Only the original Japanese texts of the Act have legal effect.

4. Extract from the Japan's Design Act (on or after April 1, 2020 until

March 31, 2021)

The following provisions are applied to international registrations designating Japan under the Geneva Act that are registered on or after April 1, 2020 until March 31, 2021.

(Definition, etc.)

Article 2 (1) "Design" in this Act shall mean the shape, patterns or colors, or any combination thereof (hereinafter referred to as the "shape, etc."), of an article (including a part of an article, the same shall apply hereinafter), the shape, etc. of a building (including a part of a building, the same shall apply hereinafter), or a graphic image (limited to those provided for use in the operation of the device or those displayed as a result of the device performing its function, and including a part of a graphic image, the same shall apply hereinafter excluding Article 3(2). Article 37(2). Article 38(vii) and (viii), Article 44-3(2)(vi) and Article 55(2)(vi)), which creates an aesthetic impression through the eye.

(2) "Working" of a design in this Act shall mean the following acts;

(i) Manufacturing, using, assigning, leasing, exporting or importing, or offering for assignment or lease (including displaying for the purpose of assignment or lease, the same shall apply hereinafter) of the article to the design;

(ii) Building, using, assigning or leasing, or offering for assignment or lease of the building to the design;

(iii) Acts falling under any of the following performed for the graphic image to the design (including Computer Program, etc. (refers to Computer Programs, etc. provided in Article 2(4) of the Patent Act (Act No.121 of 1959); the same shall apply hereinafter) that have a function to display the graphic image and the same shall apply in the following items);

(a) Creating, using, or providing through an electric telecommunication line or offering for the provision (including displaying for the purpose of provision, the same shall apply hereinafter) of the graphic image to the design;

(b) Assigning, leasing, exporting or importing, or offering for assignment or lease of a recording medium that has recorded the graphic image to the design or device incorporating the graphic image to the design (hereinafter referred to as a "graphic image recording medium, etc.");

(3) "Registered design" in this Act shall mean a design for which a design registration has been granted.

(Conditions for design registration)

Article 3 (1) A creator of a design that is industrially applicable may be entitled to obtain a design registration for the said design, except for the following:

(i) Designs that were publicly known in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration;

(ii) Designs that were described in a distributed publication, or designs that were made publicly available through an electric telecommunication line in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration; or

(iii) Designs similar to those prescribed in the preceding two items.

(2) Where, prior to the filing of the application for design registration, a person ordinarily skilled in the art of the design would have been able to easily create the design based on the shape, etc. or graphic images that were publicly known, described in a distributed publication or made publicly available through an electric telecommunication line in Japan or a foreign country, a design registration shall not be granted for such a design (except for designs prescribed in any of the items of the preceding paragraph), notwithstanding the preceding paragraph.

Article 3-2 Where a design in an application for design registration is identical with or similar to part of a design described in the statement in the application and drawing, photograph, model or specimen attached to the application of another application for design registration which has been filed prior to the date of filing of the said application and published after the filing of the said application in the design bulletin under Article 20(3) or Article 66(3) (hereinafter referred to in this Article as the "earlier application"), a design registration shall not be granted for such a design, notwithstanding paragraph (1) of the preceding Article; provided, however, that this shall not apply where the applicant of the said application and the applicant of the earlier application are the same person and the said application was filed before the date when the design bulletin in which the earlier application was published under Article 20(3) (except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article

20(4)) was issued.

(Unregistrable designs)

Article 5 Notwithstanding Article 3, the following designs shall not be registered.

(i) a design which is liable to injure public order or morality;

(ii) a design which is liable to create confusion with an article, building or graphic image pertaining to another person's business; or

(iii) a design solely consisting of a shape that is indispensable for securing functions of the article or a shape that is indispensable for usage of the building, or a design solely consisting of a display that is dispensable for usage of the graphic image.

(One application per design)

Article 7 An application for design registration shall be filed for each design in accordance with a classification of articles as provided by an Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(Design for a set of articles)

Article 8 Where two or more articles, buildings or graphic images are used together and are specifically designated by Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (hereinafter referred to as a "Set of Articles"), if the Set of Articles is coordinated as a whole, an application for design registration may be filed as one design, and the applicant may obtain a design registration, for designs for the articles, buildings or graphic images that constitute the Set of Articles.

(Design for interior)Article 8-2 Where designs for articles, buildings or graphic images that constitute equipment and decorations inside a store, office and the other facilities (hereinafter referred to as "interior") create a coordinated aesthetic impression as a whole interior, an application for design registration may be filed as one design, and the applicant may obtain a design registration.

(Prior application)

Article 9 (1) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on different dates, only the applicant who filed the application for design registration on the earliest date shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design. (2) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on the same date, only one applicant, who was selected by consultations between the applicants who filed the said applications, shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design. Where no agreement is reached by consultations or consultations are unable to be held, none of the applicants shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design.

Where an application for design (3) registration has been waived, withdrawn or dismissed, or where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that an application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding, the application for design registration shall, for the purpose of the preceding two paragraphs, be deemed never to have been filed; provided, however, that this shall not apply to the case where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that the application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding on the basis that the latter sentence of the preceding paragraph is applicable to said application for design registration.

(4) The Commissioner of the Patent Office shall, in the case of paragraph (2), order the applicants to hold consultations as specified under paragraph (2) and to report the result thereof, designating an adequate time limit.

(5) Where no report under the preceding paragraph is submitted within the time limit designated under said paragraph, the Commissioner of the Patent Office may deem that no agreement under paragraph (2) has been reached.

(Related designs)

Article 10 (1) Notwithstanding Article 9(1) or (2), an applicant for design registration may obtain design registration of a design that is similar to another design selected from the applicant's own designs either for which an application for design registration has been filed or for which design registration has been granted (hereinafter the selected design is referred to as the "Principal Design" and a design similar to it is referred to as a "Related Design"), if the filing date of the application for design registration of the Related Design (or when the application for design registration of the Related Design contains a priority claim under Article 43(1), 43-3(1) or 43-3(2) of the Patent Act as applied mutatis mutandis under Article 15(1) of this Act, the filing date of the earliest application, the filing date of an

application that is deemed to be the earliest application under Article 4.C(4) of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883, as revised at Brussels on December 14, 1900, at Washington on June 2, 1911, at Hague on November 6, 1925, at London on June 2, 1934, at Lisbon on October 31, 1958, and at Stockholm on July 14, 1967, or the filing date of an application that is recognized as the earliest application under Article 4.(A)2 of the Paris Convention, hereinafter the same shall apply in this paragraph) is on or after the filing date of the application for design registration of the Principal Design and before a lapse of 10 years from the date of filing of the application for design registration of the Principal Design; provided, however, that this shall not apply to a case where the design right of the Principal Design has been extinguished under the Article 44(4), a trial decision to the effect that the design right of the Principle Design is to be invalidated has become final and binding, or the design right of a Principal Design has been waived at the time of the establishment of the design right of the Related Design.

(2) Among the applicant's own designs which has fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1), those which are identical with or similar to the Principal Designs of the design for which the registration is requested under the preceding paragraph shall be deemed not to have fallen under item (i) or (ii) of the said Article, paragraph (1), for the purposes of the said Article, paragraph (1) and (2) for such a design for which the registration is requested.

(3) The design for which the registration is requested under paragraph (1), for the purpose of application of the proviso to Article 3-2, the term "except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article 20(4)" in the proviso to Article 3-2 shall be deemed to be replaced with "where the secrecy is requested for the earlier application for design registration under Article 14(1), limited to a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3) (iv) were published under Article 20(4)."

(4) With respect to a design similar only to a Related Design to be to be registered under paragraph (1), the Related Design shall be deemed to be the Principal Design and a design registration may be granted to the

(5) In the case of the preceding paragraph, for the purpose of application of the paragraph (1), the term "the Principal Design" in the said paragraph shall be deemed to be replaced with "the primarily selected design pertaining to the Related Design".

(6) Where an exclusive license has been established for the design right of the Principal Design, a design registration shall not be granted to its Related Designs, notwithstanding the paragraph (1) and (4).

(7) Where applications for design registration of the Related Design are filed, if the applications for design registration are for two or more designs and each of such designs falls under the Related Designs (refers to the Related Designs of the Fundamental Design and the gradual Related Designs linked to the Related Design, the same shall apply hereinafter) pertaining to the Fundamental Design (refers to the primarily selected design pertaining to the Related Design, the same shall apply hereinafter), Article 9(1) or (2) shall not apply to these designs.

(8) In the case as provided in the preceding paragraph, among the applicant's own designs which has fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1), those which are identical with or similar to the Related Design pertaining to the Fundamental Design (excluding the cases where an application for design registration of the Related Design has been waived, withdrawn or dismissed, or where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that an application for design registration of the Related Design is to be refused has become final and binding, or the design right of the Related Design has been extinguished under Article 44(4) or a trial decision to the effect that the design right of the Related Design is to be invalidated has become final and binding or the design right of the Related Design has been waived) shall be deemed not to have fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1) for the purposes of said Article, paragraph (1) and (2) for such a design for which the registration is requested under the paragraph (1).

*These are unofficial translations. Only the original Japanese texts of the Act have legal effect.

5. Extract from the Japan's Design Act (on or after April 1, 2021) The following provisions are applied to international registrations designating Japan under the Geneva Act that are registered on or after April 1, 2021.

(Definition, etc.)

Article 2 (1) "Design" in this Act shall mean the shape, patterns or colors, or any combination thereof (hereinafter referred to as the "shape, etc."), of an article (including a part of an article, the same shall apply hereinafter), the shape, etc. of a building (including a part of a building, the same shall apply hereinafter). or a graphic image (limited to those provided for use in the operation of the device or those displayed as a result of the device performing its function, and including a part of a graphic image, the same shall apply hereinafter excluding Article 3(2), Article 37(2), Article 38(vii) and (viii), Article 44-3(2)(vi) and Article 55(2)(vi)), which creates an aesthetic impression through the eye.

(2) "Working" of a design in this Act shall mean the following acts;

(i) Manufacturing, using, assigning, leasing, exporting or importing, or offering for assignment or lease (including displaying for the purpose of assignment or lease, the same shall apply hereinafter) of the article to the design;

(ii) Building, using, assigning or leasing, or offering for assignment or lease of the building to the design;

(iii) Acts falling under any of the following performed for the graphic image to the design (including Computer Program, etc. (refers to Computer Programs, etc. provided in Article 2(4) of the Patent Act (Act No.121 of 1959); the same shall apply hereinafter) that have a function to display the graphic image and the same shall apply in the following items);

(a) Creating, using, or providing through an electric telecommunication line or offering for the provision (including displaying for the purpose of provision, the same shall apply hereinafter) of the graphic image to the design;

(b) Assigning, leasing, exporting or importing, or offering for assignment or lease of a recording medium that has recorded the graphic image to the design or device incorporating the graphic image to the design (hereinafter referred to as a "graphic image recording medium, etc.");

(3) "Registered design" in this Act shall mean a design for which a design registration has been granted.

(Conditions for design registration)

Article 3 (1) A creator of a design that is industrially applicable may be entitled to obtain a design registration for the said design, except for the following:

(i) Designs that were publicly known in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration;

(ii) Designs that were described in a distributed publication, or designs that were made publicly available through an electric telecommunication line in Japan or a foreign country, prior to the filing of the application for design registration; or

(iii) Designs similar to those prescribed in the preceding two items.

(2) Where, prior to the filing of the application for design registration, a person ordinarily skilled in the art of the design would have been able to easily create the design based on the shape, etc. or graphic images that were publicly known, described in a distributed publication or made publicly available through an electric telecommunication line in Japan or a foreign country, a design registration shall not be granted for such a design (except for designs prescribed in any of the items of the preceding paragraph), notwithstanding the preceding paragraph.

Article 3-2 Where a design in an application for design registration is identical with or similar to part of a design described in the statement in the application and drawing, photograph, model or specimen attached to the application of another application for design registration which has been filed prior to the date of filing of the said application and published after the filing of the said application in the design bulletin under Article 20(3) or Article 66(3) (hereinafter referred to in this Article as the "earlier application"), a design registration shall not be granted for such a design, notwithstanding paragraph (1) of the preceding Article; provided, however, that this shall not apply where the applicant of the said application and the applicant of the earlier application are the same person and the said application was filed before the date when the design bulletin in which the earlier application was published under Article 20(3) (except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article 20(4)) was issued.

(Unregistrable designs)

Article 5 Notwithstanding Article 3, the following designs shall not be registered.

(i) a design which is liable to injure public order or morality;

(ii) a design which is liable to create confusion with an article, building or graphic image pertaining to another person's business; or

(iii) a design solely consisting of a shape that is indispensable for securing functions of the article or a shape that is indispensable for usage of the building, or a design solely consisting of a display that is dispensable for usage of the graphic image.

(One application per design)

Article 7 An application for design registration shall be filed for each design as provided by Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry.

(Design for a set of articles)

Article 8 Where two or more articles, buildings or graphic images are used together and are specifically designated by Ordinance of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (hereinafter referred to as a "Set of Articles"), if the Set of Articles is coordinated as a whole, an application for design registration may be filed as one design, and the applicant may obtain a design registration, for designs for the articles, buildings or graphic images that constitute the Set of Articles.

(Design for interior)Article 8-2 Where designs for articles, buildings or graphic images that constitute equipment and decorations inside a store, office and the other facilities (hereinafter referred to as "interior") create a coordinated aesthetic impression as a whole interior, an application for design registration may be filed as one design, and the applicant may obtain a design registration.

(Prior application)

Article 9 (1) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on different dates, only the applicant who filed the application for design registration on the earliest date shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design.

(2) Where two or more applications for design registration have been filed for identical or similar designs on the same date, only one applicant, who was selected by consultations between the applicants who filed the said applications, shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design. Where no agreement is reached by consultations or consultations are unable to be held, none of the applicants shall be entitled to obtain a design registration for the design.

(3) Where an application for design registration has been waived, withdrawn or dismissed, or where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that an application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding, the application for design registration shall, for the purpose of the preceding two paragraphs, be deemed never to have been filed; provided, however, that this shall not apply to the case where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that the application for design registration is to be refused has become final and binding on the basis that the latter sentence of the preceding paragraph is applicable to said application for design registration.

(4) The Commissioner of the Patent Office shall, in the case of paragraph (2), order the applicants to hold consultations as specified under paragraph (2) and to report the result thereof, designating an adequate time limit.

(5) Where no report under the preceding paragraph is submitted within the time limit designated under said paragraph, the Commissioner of the Patent Office may deem that no agreement under paragraph (2) has been reached.

(Related designs)

Article 10 (1) Notwithstanding Article 9(1) or (2), an applicant for design registration may obtain design registration of a design that is similar to another design selected from the applicant's own designs either for which an application for design registration has been filed or for which design registration has been granted (hereinafter the selected design is referred to as the "Principal Design" and a design similar to it is referred to as a "Related Design"), if the filing date of the application for design registration of the Related Design (or when the application for design registration of the Related Design contains a priority claim under Article 43(1), 43-3(1) or 43-3(2) of the Patent Act as applied mutatis mutandis under Article 15(1) of this Act, the filing date of the earliest application, the filing date of an application that is deemed to be the earliest application under Article 4.C(4) of the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883, as revised at Brussels on December 14, 1900, at Washington on June 2, 1911, at Hague on November 6, 1925, at London on June 2, 1934, at Lisbon on October 31, 1958, and at

Stockholm on July 14, 1967, or the filing date of an application that is recognized as the earliest application under Article 4.(A)2 of the Paris Convention, hereinafter the same shall apply in this paragraph) is on or after the filing date of the application for design registration of the Principal Design and before a lapse of 10 years from the date of filing of the application for design registration of the Principal Design; provided, however, that this shall not apply to a case where the design right of the Principal Design has been extinguished under the Article 44(4), a trial decision to the effect that the design right of the Principle Design is to be invalidated has become final and binding, or the design right of a Principal Design has been waived at the time of the establishment of the design right of the Related Design.

(2) Among the applicant's own designs which has fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1), those which are identical with or similar to the Principal Designs of the design for which the registration is requested under the preceding paragraph shall be deemed not to have fallen under item (i) or (ii) of the said Article, paragraph (1), for the purposes of the said Article, paragraph (1) and (2) for such a design for which the registration is requested.

(3) The design for which the registration is requested under paragraph (1), for the purpose of application of the proviso to Article 3-2, the term "except for a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3)(iv) were published under Article 20(4)" in the proviso to Article 3-2 shall be deemed to be replaced with "where the secrecy is requested for the earlier application for design registration under Article 14(1), limited to a design bulletin in which the matters listed in Article 20(3) (iv) were published under Article 20(4)."

(4) With respect to a design similar only to a Related Design to be to be registered under paragraph (1), the Related Design shall be deemed to be the Principal Design and a design registration may be granted to the design under the said paragraph. The same shall apply to a design that is similar only to the Related Design for which the design registration above may be granted and to a design that is similar only to the gradual Related Design linked to the Related Design.

(5) In the case of the preceding paragraph, for the purpose of application of the paragraph (1), the term "the Principal Design" in the said paragraph shall be deemed to be replaced with "the primarily selected design pertaining to the Related Design".

(6) Where an exclusive license has been established for the design right of the Principal Design, a design registration shall not be granted to its Related Designs, notwithstanding the paragraph (1) and (4).

(7) Where applications for design registration of the Related Design are filed, if the applications for design registration are for two or more designs and each of such designs falls under the Related Designs (refers to the Related Designs of the Fundamental Design and the gradual Related Designs linked to the Related Design, the same shall apply hereinafter) pertaining to the Fundamental Design (refers to the primarily selected design pertaining to the Related Design, the same shall apply hereinafter), Article 9(1) or (2) shall not apply to these designs.

(8) In the case as provided in the preceding paragraph, among the applicant's own designs which has fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1), those which are identical with or similar to the Related Design pertaining to the Fundamental Design (excluding the cases where an application for design registration of the Related Design has been waived, withdrawn or dismissed, or where the examiner's decision or trial decision to the effect that an application for design registration of the Related Design is to be refused has become final and binding, or the design right of the Related Design has been extinguished under Article 44(4) or a trial decision to the effect that the design right of the Related Design is to be invalidated has become final and binding or the design right of the Related Design has been waived) shall be deemed not to have fallen under item (i) or (ii) of Article 3, paragraph (1) for the purposes of said Article, paragraph (1) and (2) for such a design for which the registration is requested under the paragraph (1).

^{*}These are unofficial translations. Only the original Japanese texts of the Act have legal effect.