9. Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration

Lisbon Agreement (1958), revised at Stockholm (1967), and amended in 1979, and the Geneva Act (2015)
(Lisbon Union)

Status on February 13, 2024

State/IGO	Date on which State became party to the Agreement	Date on which State became party to the Stockholm (or Lisbon) Act		Date on which State/IGO became party to the Geneva Act
African Intellectual Property				
Organization (OAPI) ^{1,3,4}	-	-	-	March 15, 2023
Albania	May 8, 2019	Stockholm:	May 8, 2019	February 26, 2020
Algeria	July 5, 1972	Stockholm:	October 31, 1973	-
Bosnia and Herzegovina	July 4, 2013	Stockholm:	July 4, 2013	-
Bulgaria	August 12, 1975	Stockholm:	August 12, 1975	-
Burkina Faso	September 2, 1975	Stockholm:	September 2, 1975	-
Cabo Verde ^{2, 3, 4}	-	-	-	July 6, 2022
Cambodia ⁴	-	-	-	February 26, 2020
Congo	November 16, 1977	Stockholm:	November 16, 1977	-
Costa Rica	July 30, 1997	Stockholm:	July 30, 1997	-
Côte d'Ivoire	-	-	-	March 15, 2023
Cuba	September 25, 1966	Stockholm:	April 8, 1975	-
Czech Republic	January 1, 1993	Stockholm:	January 1, 1993	September 2, 2022
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	January 4, 2005	Stockholm:	January 4, 2005	February 26, 2020
Djibouti ^{3, 4}	-	-	-	May 13, 2024
Dominican Republic	January 17, 2020	Stockholm:	January 17, 2020	-
European Union ^{3, 5}	-	-	-	February 26, 2020
France	September 25, 1966	Stockholm:	August 12, 1975 ⁶	April 21, 2021
Gabon	June 10, 1975	Stockholm:	June 10, 1975	-
Georgia	September 23, 2004	Stockholm:	September 23, 2004	-
Ghana ⁴	-	-	-	February 3, 2022
Haiti	September 25, 1966	Lisbon:	September 25, 1966	-
Hungary	March 23, 1967	Stockholm:	October 31, 1973	September 10, 2021
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	March 9, 2006	Stockholm:	March 9, 2006	-
Israel	September 25, 1966	Stockholm:	October 31, 1973	-
Italy	December 29, 1968	Stockholm:	April 24, 1977	-
Lao People's Democratic Republic ⁴	-	-	-	February 20, 2021
Mexico	September 25, 1966	Stockholm:	January 26, 2001	-
Montenegro	June 3, 2006	Stockholm:	June 3, 2006	-
Nicaragua	June 15, 2006	Stockholm:	June 15, 2006	-
North Macedonia	October 6, 2010	Stockholm:	October 6, 2010	-
Oman	-	-	-	June 30, 2021
Peru	May 16, 2005	Stockholm:	May 16, 2005	October 18, 2022
Portugal	September 25, 1966	Stockholm:	April 17, 1991	January 18, 2024
Republic of Moldova	April 5, 2001	Stockholm:	April 5, 2001	-
Russian Federation ^{4, 7, 8, 9}	-	-	-	August 11, 2023
Samoa ^{4, 9}	-	-	-	February 26, 2020
Sao Tome and Principe ^{3, 4}	-	-	-	November 2, 2023
Senegal ^{3, 4}	-	-	-	December 5, 2023
Serbia ¹⁰	June 1, 1999	Stockholm:	June 1, 1999	-
Slovakia	January 1, 1993	Stockholm:	January 1, 1993	-
Switzerland	-	-	-	December 1, 2021
Togo	April 30, 1975	Stockholm:	April 30, 1975	-
Tunisia	October 31, 1973	Stockholm:	October 31, 1973	July 6, 2023
(Total: 44)		(30)		(22)

¹ In accordance with Article 28(1)(iii) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement, OAPI has been duly authorized, in accordance with its internal procedures, to become party to this Act and declares that, pursuant to the Bangui Agreement Instituting an African Intellectual Property Organization, Act of December 14, 2015, Annex VI, under which regional titles of protection can be obtained in respect of geographical indications, applies.

² In accordance with Article 28(1)(ii) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement, the Government of the Republic of Cabo Verde hereby declares that its legislation complies with the provisions of the Paris Convention concerning appellations of origin, geographical indications and trademarks.

³ This Contracting Party avails itself of the possibility provided for in Article 29(4) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement to extend by one year the time limit referred to in Article 15(1) of the Act, and the periods referred to in Article 17 of the Geneva Act, in accordance with the procedures specified in the Common Regulations.

Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration

Lisbon Agreement (1958), revised at Stockholm (1967), and amended in 1979 and the Geneva Act (2015)¹ (Lisbon Union)

⁴ In accordance with Article 7(4) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement, this Contracting Party has declared that it wants to receive an individual fee to cover its cost of substantive examination of each international registration.

⁵ In accordance with Article 28(1)(iii) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement, the European Union has been duly authorized, in accordance with its internal procedures, to become party to this Act and, under the constituting treaties of the European Union, legislation applies under which regional titles of protection can be obtained in respect of geographical indications.

⁶ Including all Overseas Departments and Territories.

⁷ In accordance with Article 6(5)(b) of the Geneva Act and with its national legislation, the Russian Federation declares that, a registered appellation of origin or geographical indication shall be protected from the date on which the decision to grant legal protection is taken.

⁸ This Contracting Party avails itself of the possibility provided for in Article 29(4) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement to extend by one year the time limit referred to in Article 15(1) of the Act in accordance with the procedures specified in the Common Regulations.

⁹ In accordance with Article 7(4) of the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement, this Contracting Party has declared that it requires an administrative fee relating to the use by the beneficiaries of the appellation of origin or the geographical indication in that Contracting Party.

¹⁰ Serbia is the continuing State from Serbia and Montenegro as from June 3, 2006.