附件一

产权组织历年域名案件总数和域名总数

产权组织历年域名案件总数

历年域名总数
产权组织历年域名案件总数和域名总数

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>年度</th>
<th>案件数量</th>
<th>域名数量</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1857</td>
<td>3760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>1557</td>
<td>2465</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>1207</td>
<td>2042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td>1774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>1176</td>
<td>2599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>1456</td>
<td>3312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>1824</td>
<td>2806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>2156</td>
<td>3545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>2329</td>
<td>3958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>2107</td>
<td>4685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>2696</td>
<td>4367</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>2764</td>
<td>4780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>2884</td>
<td>5080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>2585</td>
<td>6191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2634</td>
<td>5603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>2754</td>
<td>4364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>3036</td>
<td>5354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>3074</td>
<td>6371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>3447</td>
<td>5655</td>
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产权组织案件中排名前 40 的通用顶级域（2018 年）

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>传统通用顶级域</th>
<th>新通用顶级域</th>
<th>域名数量</th>
<th>占所有 gTLD 争议域名的百分比</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.com</td>
<td></td>
<td>3660</td>
<td>72.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.net</td>
<td></td>
<td>232</td>
<td>4.62%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.org</td>
<td></td>
<td>176</td>
<td>3.50%</td>
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<tr>
<td>.info</td>
<td></td>
<td>112</td>
<td>2.23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.online</td>
<td></td>
<td>78</td>
<td>1.55%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.life</td>
<td></td>
<td>58</td>
<td>1.15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.app</td>
<td></td>
<td>57</td>
<td>1.14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.xyz</td>
<td></td>
<td>55</td>
<td>1.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.pro</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>0.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.top</td>
<td></td>
<td>38</td>
<td>0.76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.site</td>
<td></td>
<td>34</td>
<td>0.68%</td>
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<tr>
<td>.store</td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.shop</td>
<td></td>
<td>29</td>
<td>0.58%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.website</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>0.56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.biz</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>0.48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.club</td>
<td></td>
<td>22</td>
<td>0.44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.tech</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.vip</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.press</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.fun</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.mobi</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>0.18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.services</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>0.18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.group</td>
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<td>0.16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.space</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>0.16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.world</td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.email</td>
<td></td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.deals</td>
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<td>0.12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.red</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.win</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.company</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.video</td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0.12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.ltd</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.business</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.cloud</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.host</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.global</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.asia</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.work</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.exposed</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.08%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.name</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.08%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>投诉人</td>
<td>2018年案件数量</td>
<td>相比2017的变化（%）</td>
<td>应诉人</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>美利坚合众国</td>
<td>976</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>美利坚合众国</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>法国</td>
<td>553</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>中国</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>联合王国</td>
<td>305</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
<td>联合王国</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>德国</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>法国</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>瑞士</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>35.0%</td>
<td>印度</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>马耳他</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>513.6%</td>
<td>土耳其</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>瑞典</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>-2.2%</td>
<td>荷兰</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>意大利</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>0.9%</td>
<td>俄罗斯联邦</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>荷兰</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>-1.0%</td>
<td>德国</td>
</tr>
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<td>西班牙</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
<td>西班牙</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>丹麦</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>24.5%</td>
<td>加拿大</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>澳大利亚</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>-15.0%</td>
<td>巴拿马</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>印度</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>16.3%</td>
<td>澳大利亚</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>卢森堡</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>70.8%</td>
<td>墨西哥</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>加拿大</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
<td>越南</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>比利时</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>38.5%</td>
<td>瑞典</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>中国</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>80.0%</td>
<td>尼日利亚</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>墨西哥</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>-18.6%</td>
<td>大韩民国</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>土耳其</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>42.9%</td>
<td>罗马尼亚</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>巴西</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>乌克兰</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>日本</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>-13.3%</td>
<td>瑞士</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>南非</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>71.4%</td>
<td>巴西</td>
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<tr>
<td>挪威</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20.0%</td>
<td>日本</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>爱尔兰</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>111.1%</td>
<td>巴哈马</td>
</tr>
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<td>奥地利</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>-39.3%</td>
<td>伊朗（伊斯兰共和国）</td>
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附件四

产权组织域名投诉人的活动领域（2018 年）

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>活动领域</th>
<th>比例</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>银行和金融</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>生物技术和制药</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>互联网和信息技术</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>时尚业</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>重工业和机械制造业</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>媒体和出版</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>电信</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>奢侈品</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>运输</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>保险</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sports</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>汽车</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>电子</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>食品、饮料和餐饮</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>酒店和旅游</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>其他</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>娱乐业</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>零售</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>重工业和机械制造业</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>电信</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>奢侈品</td>
<td>1%</td>
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</table>

图示展示了各个领域的投诉比例。
### 附件五

产权组织域名案件申请方前 10 位（2018 年）

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>排名</th>
<th>公司名称</th>
<th>案件数量</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>菲利普莫里斯（Philip Morris）</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>安德烈・特诺夫斯基（聊天轮盘）</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>家乐福（Carrefour）</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>米其林（Michelin）</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>赛诺菲（Sanofi）</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>雅高（Accor）</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>维珍（Virgin Enterprises）</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>伊莱克斯（AB Electrolux）</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>乐高（LEGO）</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>宝马（BMW）</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 产权组织域名案例（2018 年）

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>行业</th>
<th>案例</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>汽车</td>
<td>AAA, Aston Martin, Audi, BMW, Chevrolet, Honda, Indian Motorcycle, Michelin, Peugeot, Porsche, Renault, Toyota, Valvoline, Volvo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>银行和金融</td>
<td>Bank of Montreal, BNP Paribas, Comerica, Crédit Agricole, HM Revenue and Customs of London, Intesa Sanpaolo, KPMG, Mastercard, Nasdaq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>生物技术和制药</td>
<td>Aetna, Agfa-Gevaert, BASF, Bayer, Biogen, Celgene, CVS, F. Hoffmann-La Roche, Genzyme, Gilead, Johnson &amp; Johnson, Merck, Novartis, Otsuka, Pfizer, Regeneron, Sanofi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>教育</td>
<td>Harvard College, Le Cordon Bleu, Ohio State University, Toefl, Trinity College London, University of British Columbia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>电子</td>
<td>AB Electrolux, Bosch, Braun, Dyson, HTC, IBM, Nvidia, Oculus VR, Osram, Samsung, Seiko Epson, Siemens, Xiaomi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>娱乐业</td>
<td>Disney, Facebook, Instagram, LEGO, Panavision, Pearl Jam, Virgin, World Series of Poker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>时尚业</td>
<td>ASOS, Calvin Klein, Calzedonia, Diesel, Dr. Martens, Gap, Giorgio Armani, Golden Goose, Hugo Boss, J. Crew, Jack Wolfskin, JanSport, Nike, North Face, Philipp Plein, Swatch, Tumi, Valentino, Yves Saint Laurent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>行业</td>
<td>案例</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>食品、饮料和餐饮</td>
<td>Accolade Wines, California Milk Processor Board, Carrefour, Dunkin Donuts, Haribo, Kraft Heinz, Nestlé, Papa John’s, Remy Martin (Pernod Ricard), Royal Unibrew, Sbarro, Tyson Foods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>重工业和机械制造业</td>
<td>Afton Chemical, ArcelorMittal, Arkema, Balfour Beatty, BASF, BHP Billiton, Caterpillar, Dow, Equinor, Grundfos, Kohler, Lanxess, Lockheed Martin, Shell, Thyssenkrupp, Valero</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>酒店和旅游</td>
<td>Accor, Airbnb, Club Med, Fairmont Hotels, Four Seasons, HomeAway, Ibis, InterContinental Hotels Group, Marriott, Ritz-Carlton, Sheraton, Skyscanner, Sofitel, Starwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>保险</td>
<td>Aetna, Allianz, Axa, Bupa, GEICO, John Hancock, Pet Plan, Swiss Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>互联网和信息技术</td>
<td>Accenture, Acer, Adobe, Autocad, Cisco, Dell, Facebook, Google, IBM, Instagram, Intuit, LinkedIn, Microsoft, Oracle, SAP, Snapchat, Verizon, WhatsApp, Wikipedia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>奢侈品</td>
<td>Blancpain, Breitling, Bulgari, De Beers, Ligne Roset, Moncler, Rolex, Swarovski</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>媒体和出版</td>
<td>JCDecaux, Panavision International, Paramount Pictures, Scholastic, Sky, StudioCanal, Time, Viacom, Virgin, Vivendi, Wikimedia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>零售</td>
<td>Aldi, Amazon, Asos, Bissell, Carrefour, Costco, Decathlon, Foot Locker, Gamestop, IKEA, Lidl, Unilever, Urban Outfitters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>体育</td>
<td>Chicago Blackhawks, CrossFit, Green Bay Packers, Nike, Puma, Real Madrid, Red Bull, Utah Jazz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>电信</td>
<td>Airtel, Avaya, Cisco, Dish Network, O2, Proximus Group, Sky, Telefónica, Telus, Verizon, WhatsApp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>其他</td>
<td>Bombay Dyeing, Bureau Veritas, Crayola, Inoue Rubber Co., Ltd., Tata, Terminix, Uffizi Gallery, Velcro, Victorinox</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
附件六

产权组织调解、仲裁、专家裁决及斡旋请求数量（2009 年至 2018 年）
客体——产权组织中心 ADR 争议

当事人所在地——产权组织中心 ADR 争议
附件八

与知识产权局的 ADR 新协作项目——产权组织中心

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>年份</th>
<th>机构名称</th>
<th>增加数量</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>INAP (China)</td>
<td>+15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>INPI (Argentina)</td>
<td>+10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>CNIPA (Paraguay)</td>
<td>+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>DINAP (Paraguay)</td>
<td>+4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>OEPI (Spain)</td>
<td>+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>INP (Brazil)</td>
<td>+3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>IPG (Singapore)</td>
<td>+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>MinLav (Singapore)</td>
<td>+1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*注：总增加数量为39*
与知识产权局的 ADR 新协作项目——产权组织中心