Re: Extension of the Non-Patent Literature Part of the PCT Minimum Documentation

Madam,
Sir,

At its seventh session, held in February 2003, the Meeting of the International Authorities under the PCT (PCT/MIA) considered the request of the PCT Committee for Technical Cooperation (PCT/CTC), made at its 20th session in September to October 2002, that the PCT/MIA undertake a study of the composition of the PCT minimum documentation and make recommendations concerning the non-patent literature part of the PCT minimum documentation, in particular with regard to its possible extension to traditional knowledge documentation (see document PCT/MIA/7/5, paragraphs 8 to 17).

The PCT/MIA considered the reasons behind the proposed integration of traditional knowledge documentation into searchable prior art, as had been expressed by the Intergovernmental Committee on Intellectual Property and Genetic Resources, Traditional Knowledge and Folklore (“the Intergovernmental Committee”) (see document WIPO/GRTKF/IC/2/16, paragraph 154), and agreed that this could significantly improve the quality of international searches in areas where traditional knowledge documentation represents a rich source of information. The PCT/MIA agreed in principle that traditional knowledge documentation should be included in the non-patent literature part of the PCT minimum documentation.

/...
The PCT/MIA took note of the Non-Exhaustive Inventory of Traditional Knowledge-Related Periodicals prepared by the International Bureau (see Annex I to this Circular). It was agreed that an appropriate selection of periodicals from the inventory should be made with a view to including periodicals containing articles with descriptions of disclosed traditional knowledge to a sufficiently practical or technical level that they would be of relevance to patent examiners carrying out prior art searches.

The PCT/MIA agreed that the criteria shown in the following non-exhaustive list should be used in the selection of appropriate periodicals from the inventory:

(i) sufficient description of technical content so as to qualify as prior art, including ability to ascertain prior art date;

(ii) practicable access to periodicals, including their availability in electronic form;

(iii) availability of an English text of articles or, at least, of English-language abstracts;

(iv) the range of fields of technology covered by periodicals;

(v) geographical context of periodicals; and

(vi) access conditions applicable to periodicals, including cost and text searchability.

The PCT/MIA agreed to revisit this matter at its future sessions. In order to compile comprehensive material for its consideration, the International Bureau was requested to issue a respective circular to the members of the PCT/CTC.

Your Office is kindly invited to evaluate the Inventory of Traditional Knowledge-Related Periodicals, attached as Annex I to this Circular, and to suggest a selection of appropriate periodicals from the Inventory, or other traditional knowledge-related periodicals, on the basis of the above-mentioned criteria.

Your Office is also invited to investigate alternative ways for providing access to traditional knowledge documentation, for example, by using databases that exclusively or partly contain relevant traditional knowledge data. In this respect, your attention is drawn to the initiative of the Intergovernmental Committee to carry out a study on the feasibility of electronic exchange of...
traditional knowledge documentation data, including through the establishment of online traditional knowledge databases and digital libraries (see document WIPO/GRTKF/IC/2/16, paragraph 157). At the request of the Intergovernmental Committee, the International Bureau compiled the Non-Exhaustive Inventory of Traditional Knowledge-Related Databases, which is attached as Annex II to this Circular.

It would be appreciated if the reply of your Office to this Circular could reach the International Bureau by June 1, 2003.

Yours sincerely,

Francis Gurry
Assistant Director General
NON-EXHAUSTIVE INVENTORY OF TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE-RELATED PERIODICALS

Key

A Full Title.

B Publisher’s name & contact details.

C Summary of content of publication.

D Publication ISSN number.

E Format of publication (paper, on-line, CD-ROM, microfilm etc).

F Internet address, where appropriate.

G Language(s) of publication.

H Frequency of publication (weekly, monthly, annual etc).

___________________________________________________________________________

The following references to periodicals¹ are listed in alphabetical order. An initial emphasis has been placed on periodicals concerning traditional knowledge related to the use and exploitation of components of biological diversity. This inventory is non-exhaustive.

¹ A periodical is a journal, magazine, newsletter, gazette etc. published at regular intervals.
A

Acta Pharmaceutica.

Svjetlana Luterotti.

A journal of the Croatian and the Slovenian Pharmaceutical Societies.

ISSN: 1330 0075.

Paper.

Croatian, English.

Quarterly

A

Alaskan Native Science Commission Newsletter.

Alaska Native Science Commission, 3211 Providence Drive, Anchorage, Alaska 99508.

Newsletter of the Alaska Native Science Commission, which was established to endorse and support scientific research that enhances and perpetuates Alaska Native cultures and ensures the protection of indigenous cultures and intellectual property.

Paper; On-line.

http://www.nativescience.org/index.html

English.

Biannual.

A

Amruth, The Magazine on Medicinal Plants.

The Editorial Office, Medplan Conservatory Society, No.8, 1st Floor, 4th main, M S H Layout, Anand Nagar, Bangalore, 560 024, India. E-mail: amruth@mcs.frlht.ernet.in or editor@mcs.frlht.ernet.in

Amruth focuses on the conservation of medicinal plants and their rich cultural heritage.

Paper.

http://www.frlht-india.org/amruth.htm

English.

A

Anthropology & Medicine.

Carfax Publishing Company, part of the Taylor & Francis Group. Founding Editor: Sushrut Jadhav, Centre for Medical Anthropology, University College London, United Kingdom. Tel: 44 (0) 207 679 9292, Fax: 44 (0) 207 679 9426.

An interdisciplinary journal which expands upon the growing theory and research linking anthropology with medicine. In addition to peer-reviewed papers, Anthropology & Medicine maintains a generous book reviews section.

ISSN: 1364-8470.

Paper; On-line.

English

3 issues per year.
A AyurVijnana.
B The International Trust for Traditional Medicine, Vijnana Niwas, Madhuban, Kalimpong 734 301 West Bengal, India. E-mail, ittmk@hotmail.com or ittmk@vsnl.com.
C Carries articles, reports, book reviews, interviews, etc., that are related to the traditional medical cultures of India and Tibet.
D  
E Paper; On-line.
G English.
H Occasionally.

B

A Balgarsky folklor.
B Institut du folklore, Ljubomir Mikov, 6, rue Académik Guéorgui Bontchev, Sofia 1113. Tél.: 359 2 979 30 11; E-mail: bulfolk@ifolk.bas.bg.
C Articles relating to all aspects of folklore.
D ISSN: 0323-9861.
E Paper.
F http://mail.ifolk.bas.bg/ifolk; http://www.bas.bg
G Bulgarian, with English abstract.
H Quarterly.

A Biotechnology and Development Monitor.
B The Network University, Wibautstraat 224 1097 DN Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Tel: 31-20-5618 163; Fax: 31-20-5618 164, E-mail: monitor@biotech-monitor.nl.
C The Monitor analyses world-wide developments in biotechnology, and trade and technology related international regulation, in the context of its socio-economic implications for developing countries. The Monitor maintains a rigorously independent position and is not linked to any organisation with vested interests in biotechnology.
D ISSN: 0924-9877.
E Paper; On-line.
F www.biotech-monitor.nl
G English. Integral translations into Spanish and French are planned.
H Quarterly.

B Central Council for Research in Ayurveda and Siddha, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India.
C Devoted to manuscripts, translation of extracts from classics, original articles pertaining to the various aspects of medicine in India and notes on archaeological, epigraphical and historical source of materials. Also includes news and notes on medico-historical activities in Indian and abroad.
D  
E Paper.
F http://ccras.org/publication/bulletinofIndian_periodical.htm
G English, Hindi.
H Biannual.
A Bulletin of Medico-Ethno Botanical Research.
B Central Council for Research in Ayurveda and Siddha, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India.
C Devoted to examining the correlation between ancient insight and thoughts with modern scientific lines. Subjects covered include: folk claims, survey, pharmacognosy, phytochemistry etc. on herbals.
D Paper
E http://ccras.org/publication/bulletinofmedico_periodical.htm
F English, Hindi.
G Quarterly.
H

C

A CBMDisc.
B Institute of Medical Information, China Academy of Medical Sciences.
C Biomedical Literature. Contains about 2,000,000 records. The source material for the database is drawn from 1,000 of biomedical journals published in China and academy conferences since 1979.
D E CD-ROM.
F http://www.imicams.ac.cn/
G H

A CIKARD International Documentation Abstracts.
B CIKARD, 318 Curtiss Hall, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA.
Tel: 1-515-294-0938, Fax: 1-515-294-6058.
C One of the major purposes of the Center for Indigenous Knowledge for Agriculture and Rural Development (CIKARD) is to identify, organize, and manage the literature and all appropriate ethnographic descriptions relating to indigenous knowledge for agricultural and rural development. At present, the Center holds a significant number of the key papers and reports on this area of specialization.
D E Paper. Plans to make this database available on-line via Columbia University's Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN) are underway. In the meantime, requests for materials should be made to CIKARD.
F http://www.ciesin.org/IC/cikard/docunit.html
G English.
H
A CIOFF Index of Folklore Magazines.
B CIOFF, UNESCO House, 1, rue Miollis, F-75732 Paris Cedex 15.
   Tel: 33-1-45 682 553, Fax: 33-1-43 068 798.
C CIOFF, the International Council of Organizations for Folklore Festivals and Folk Art,
   is an international non-governmental organization (NGO) in formal consultative
   relations with UNESCO. Created in 1970, the duty of CIOFF is safeguarding,
   promotion and diffusion of traditional culture and folklore. CIOFF members (National
   Sections) are present in more than 75 countries on all continents. The Index contains
   information on more than 200 magazines on folklore from about 50 countries.
D
E Paper; The index will shortly be published on-line.
F http://www.cioff.org/
G Arabic, Chinese, English, French, German, Russian, and Spanish.
H

A COMPAS Newsletter for Endogenous Development.
B ETC Netherlands, P.O. Box 64, 3830 AB LEUSDEN, The Netherlands.
   Tel: 31 33 4326000, Fax: 31 33 4940791, E-mail : office@etcnl.nl.
C COMPAS (Comparing and Supporting Endogenous Development) is an international
   program providing support to local organizations, which are enhancing biological and
   cultural diversity and sustainable management of natural resources by building on
   Indigenous Knowledge Systems and local leadership. The COMPAS Newsletter
   contains case studies, practical examples, literature overviews and websites on
   indigenous knowledge. COMPAS presently works with 14 partner organizations in 10
   countries and is implemented by ETC Ecoculture, The Netherlands.
D
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.etcint.org/compas_newsl.htm
G English.
H Biannual.

A CURARE.
B Dr. Judith Schuler, chief-editor of journal curare, Marienplatz 5, D-83512 Wasserburg
   am Inn, Germany. Tel: 49-8071-5 15 80, Fax: 49-8071-4 01 85,
   E-mail: curare@ag-ethnomedizin.de.
C Curare is the Journal of the Society for Ethnomedicine (AGEM). It is a forum for
   exchange and discussion for the growing number of all those interested in traditional
   medical systems, medical anthropology, medical development aid, health policies and
   planning, and related issues all over the world.
D
E Paper.
F http://www.ag-ethnomedizin.de/e_curare.html
G English, German.
H Biannual.
A Český Lid - Časopis Pro Etnologická Studia (Czech folk Periodical for Ethnological Studies).
B Etnologický ústav AV ČR – Academia, Na Florenci 3, 110 00 Praha 1.
C Tel: 02 22828610.
D ISSN: 0009 0794.
E Paper.
F Czech.
G Quarterly.

A Chinese Journal of Integrated Traditional and Western Medicine.
B Published by the Chinese Association of the Integration of Traditional and Western Medicines and China Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine Beijing, China. Editorial office: 18 Beixincang, Dongxhimen nei, Beijing 100700, Peoples’ Republic of China, Beijing, China.
C A journal of Integrated Chinese Traditional and Western Medicine.
D ISSN: 1006-6497; CN 11-3690/R.
E Paper.
F Chinese, English, Japanese, Korean.
G Quarterly

A Chinese Medical Current Contents.
B Medical Library of the Chinese Peoples’ Liberation Army.
C Chinese Biomedicine Journal Articles. Contains more than 1,300,000 references that drawn from over 1,100 kinds of Chinese biomedical journals published in China since 1994. Contains the following fields: Chinese title, English title, author, address, derivation, key word, abstract, reference. Contains more than 1,300,000 references.
D CD-ROM
A Domodomo Journal.

B The Friends of the Fiji Museum, c/- Fiji Museum, P O Box 2023, Govt. Bldgs, Suva, Fiji. Contact Director, Ms Sagale Buadromo or Publications Officer, Stephanie Hornett. E mail: fijimuseum@is.com.fj.

C The Fiji Museum publishes a journal containing articles on Pacific prehistory, history, traditional culture and natural history. The Editorial team is made up of museum staff, authorities on Fiji's history and geography from, amongst others, the University of the South Pacific and the Institute of Fijian Language and Culture.

D Paper.

E http://www.fijimuseum.org.fj/fijimuseum.htm

G English.

H Biannual.

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The Fiji Museum publishes a journal containing articles on Pacific prehistory, history, traditional culture and natural history. The Editorial team is made up of museum staff, authorities on Fiji's history and geography from, amongst others, the University of the South Pacific and the Institute of Fijian Language and Culture.

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E Les Echos de COTA (The Echos of COTA).

B COTA (Le Collectif d'échanges pour la Technologie Appropriée), 7, rue de la Révolution, B-1000 Bruxelles, Belgique. Tel: 32 2 218 18 96, Fax: 32-2-223 14 95, Contactez Stéphane Boulch, E-mail: stephane.boulch@cota.be.

C COTA is an educationally focused NGO which specializes in participatory, local development issues such as water and sewerage management systems, renewable energy systems and alternative systems of agriculture. The purpose of The Echos of COTA is to share information regarding the potential for using alternative technology in the developing world.

D ISSN: 0773 5510.

E Paper.

F http://www.cota.be/index1.html

G French.

H Quarterly.

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C The Society of Economic Botany is an international scientific organization fostering and encouraging scientific research and education on the past, present, and future uses of plants.

D ISSN: 0013-0001.

E Paper; On-line.

F http://www.econbot.org/home.html

G English.

H Quarterly.
A  Életmód Magazine.
B Magyar Természettéggyógyász Stővétseg, 8200 Veszprém, Budapest u. 8, Hungary.
C Natural healing, holistic medicine.
D E Paper.
F G Hungarian.
H Quarterly.

A  Eleusis.
B Eleusis, c/o Museo Civico di Rovereto, Largo S.Caterina, 43, 38068 Rovereto Tn, Italy.
Fax: 39 0542 678278, E-mail: eleusis@telesterion.it.
C The periodical, Eleusis, aims to provide a forum for the collection and dissemination of information on the relationship between humankind and psychoactive plants and compounds, considered both from the traditional and scientific perspectives.
D ISSN: 1129-7301.
E Paper.
F http://www.eleusis.ws/.
G English, Italian.
H Biannual.

A Ethnobotany: Journal of Society of Ethnobotanists.
B Society of Ethnobotanists, Botany Division, Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow-226001 or Herbarium Division, National Botanical Research Institute, Lucknow-226001, India. Tel: 91 522 271031, Fax: 91 522 282849, Telex 0535-315.
C The Journal of the Society of Ethnobotanists, Lucknow, India.
D E Paper.
F G English, Hindi.
H

A Ethnobotanical Leaflets.
B Southern Illinois University Carbondal.
C A source of information on economic plants.
D E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.siu.edu/~ebl/.
G English.
H Several times a year (irregular).
B  Rédaction, Ethnopharmacologia, Société Française d'Ethnopharmacologie, Cloître des Réclolets, 1, rue des Récollets, 57000 Metz, France. Tel/Fax: 33 (0)3 87 74 88 89, E-mail: sfe-see@wanadoo.fr.
C  Ethnopharmacologia is an academic journal established to promote the study of Ethnopharmacology through the publication of review papers, research articles, short communications, discussions and critical notes, reviews of books.
D  ISSN : 1261-4572.
E  Paper.
F  http://perso.wanadoo.fr/sfe-see/en/newsletter.html
G  French.
H  Biannual.

A  The European Phytojournal.
B  The Centre for Complementary Health Studies, University of Exeter, United Kingdom. E-mail: secretariat@escop.com.
C  This journal is provided free on the internet for information of phytomedicines and herbal medicinal products in Europe. It is the official newsletter of the European Scientific Cooperative on Phytotherapy (ESCOP).
D  E  On-line.
F  http://www.escop.com/register.htm
G  English.

A  Hamdard Medicus.
C  A quarterly journal of Science and Medicine.
D  ISSN: 0250 7188.
E  Paper.
F  G  English.
H  Quarterly.

A  Herbal Remedies.
B  Published in the Russian Federation. Tel: (8312) 775 810.
C  Natural cures for ailments. Herbal remedies. Practical advice for readers, healers, gardeners, and others. Valuable recommendations for those for like collecting medicinal plants.
D  ISSN: 41557.
E  Paper.
F  G  Russian.
H  Bimonthly.
A Honeybee.
B SRISTI Innovations, B/2, Srtkishna Apartments, Near Lad Society, Vastrapur, Ahmedabad 380 015 Editor Anil K Gupta.
C The Society for Research and Initiatives for Sustainable Technologies and Institutions (SRISTI) is a non-governmental organisation which was set up in 1993 to strengthen the capacity of grassroots inventors, innovators and ecopreneurs engaged in conserving biodiversity and developing eco-friendly solutions to local problems. Honeybee is a newsletter published by SRISTI as part of this process to encourage the sharing of this capacity.
D ISSN: 0971 6624.
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.sristi.org/honeybee.html
G English, Dzongka, Tamil, Hindi, Gujarati, Telugu, Kannada.
H Quarterly.

I

A ILEIADOC.
B ETC Netherlands, P.O. Box 64, 3830 AB LEUSDEN, The Netherlands.
Phone: 31 33 4326000, Fax: 31 33 4940791, E-mail: office@etcnl.nl
C The Center for Research and Information on Low External Input and Sustainable Agriculture (ILEIA) operates a library and maintains an electronic database of ILEIA’s documents. There is a strong emphasis on gray literature, not easily retrievable elsewhere. ILEIA encourages authors from the South to produce articles. Areas covered include: small-scale farming, traditional farming, indigenous agricultural knowledge, farmer experimentation, experiences of small-scale information centers on agriculture.
D
E
F http://www.ileia.org/2/ileiadoc.html
G Web Site in Dutch and English. Allows for searches in the specific language of the publication.
H

A ILEIA Newsletter.
B ETC Netherlands, P.O. Box 64, 3830 AB LEUSDEN, The Netherlands,
Tel: 31 33 4326000, Fax: 31 33 4940791, E-mail: office@etcnl.nl.
C The Center for Research and Information on Low External Input and Sustainable Agriculture works with local farmers to build on local knowledge and traditional technologies and identify promising technologies. Information about these technologies is exchanged through the ILEIA Newsletter.
D
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.oneworld.org/ileia/newslett.htm
G English, Spanish.
H Quarterly.
A Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge.
B Mr V K Gupta, National Institute of Science Communication, Dr K S Krishan Marg, New Delhi, 110 012. Tel: 91 11 574 6024, Fax: 91 11 578 7062, E-mail: niscom@sirnetd.ernet.in.
C The journal is devoted to all aspects of traditional knowledge, particularly to traditional health care systems like Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Yoga, Naturopathy and Homeopathy as well as to traditional practices in Agriculture, Architecture, Metallurgy etc.
D ISSN: 0972 5938.
E Paper.
F http://www.niscom.nic.in/
G English.
H Quarterly, starting March 2002.

A Indigenous Knowledge and Development Monitor (IKDM).
B Nuffic-CIRAN, P.O. Box 29777, 2502 LT The Hague, The Netherlands. Tel: 31-70-4260324, Fax: 31-70-4260329/4260399. E-mail: ikdm@nuffic.nl.
C The IKDM promotes the dissemination of local knowledge as a service to the international development community and all scientists who share a professional interest in indigenous knowledge systems and practices.
D ISSN: 0928 1460.
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.nuffic.nl/ciran/ikdm
G English.

A Indigenous Knowledge Notes.
B Knowledge and Learning Center, Africa Region, World Bank, 1818 H Street, N.W., Room J5-055, Washington DC, USA 20433.
C IK Notes reports periodically on indigenous knowledge initiatives in Sub-Saharan Africa.
D 
E On-line.
G English, French.
H Periodically.

A Indigenous Knowledge Worldwide (IKWW).
B Nuffic, P.O. Box 29777, 2502 LT The Hague, the Netherlands. Tel: 31-70-4260324, Fax: 31-70-4260329/4260399, E-mail: IKWW@nuffic.nl.
C A newsletter containing short items about courses on Indigenous Knowledge, news from the field, research, book reviews, calls and conferences, organizations and networks.
D ISSN: 1570 0291.
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.nuffic.nl/ik-pages/ikww
G English.
H 10 times a year, starting January 2002.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>JMAPS - Journal of Medicinal and Aromatic Plant Sciences.</th>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Journal of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants (JMAPS), Central Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, Near Kukrail Picnic Sport Raod, P.O. CIMAP, Lucknow 226015, India. Fax: 91-522-342666, E-mail: <a href="mailto:jmaps@cimap.org">jmaps@cimap.org</a>.</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>JMAPS is publishing papers contributing to the knowledge, understanding and progress of various scientific disciplines, including agriculture, biochemistry, biotechnology, botany, chemistry, genetics, molecular biology, physiology, pathology, pharmacognosy, plant breeding, pharmacology, material processing technology, material processing technology and others as related to medicinal plants and other natural product plants.</td>
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<td>A</td>
<td>Journal of Chinese Medicine, 22 Cromwell Road, Hove, Sussex, BN3 3EB, England. Fax: 44 (0) 1273 748 588, E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@jcm.co.uk">info@jcm.co.uk</a>.</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>Dedicated to professional and student level information on the entire field of Chinese medicine for over 20 years.</td>
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<td>C</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.jcm.co.uk/">http://www.jcm.co.uk/</a></td>
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<td>A</td>
<td>Journal of Research in Ayurveda &amp; Siddha, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India.</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>A Journal on the work carried out of fundamental, anthropological and behavioural details referred to in medicinal systems, critical and literary studies, observations and interpretations emanating the clinical research in all its facets, divisions and dimensions.</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Paper.</td>
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<td>D</td>
<td><a href="http://ccras.org/publication/journal_periodical.htm">http://ccras.org/publication/journal_periodical.htm</a></td>
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<td>E</td>
<td>English, Hindi.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Quarterly.</td>
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</tbody>
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A Journal of Traditional Medicines.
B The Medical and Pharmaceutical Society of Wakan-Yaku (Wakan-Iyaku-gakkai), 2630 Sugitani, Toyama 930-0194, Japan. Tel: 81 76 434 7635, Fax: 81 76 434 5062.
C A journal produced by Wakan-Yaku who carry out scientific investigations in traditional medicine, modern medicine and pharmacology.
D ISSN: 1320 6302.
E Paper.
F
G
H Bimonthly.

B Jointly Sponsored by China Association of Traditional Chinese Medicine and Pharmacy, and China Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine. Editorial Office: 18 Beixincang, Dongzhimen Nei, Beijing 100700 China. Tel: (86 10) 6405 8131, Fax: (86 10) 6405 8131.
C The Journal contains timely analyses and reports on new policies, trends, progresses, achievements, inventions, technologies, therapies, as well as new thoughts, and market opportunities in the field of traditional Chinese medicine.
D ISSN: 0254 6272; CN 11 2167/R.
E Paper.
F http://www.cintcm.ac.cn/index-e.html
G English, Chinese.
H Monthly.

A The Journal of Ethnobiology.
B University of Pennsylvania Museum (MASCA) 33rd and Spruce Streets Philadelphia, PA 19104-6324.
C The Journal of Ethnobiology publishes articles based on original research in any area (ethnobotany, ethnozoology) including, but not limited to: folk biological classification and nomenclature, traditional environmental knowledge, ethnoecology, indigenous natural resource management, plant and animal domestication, zooarchaeology, archaeological botany, medical and nutritional ethnobiology, and the roles of plants and animals in the intellectual, aesthetic, and spiritual lives of the world's peoples.
D
E Paper.
F http://ethnobiology.org/journal/
G English.
H Biannual.

B Elsevier ScienceDirect.
D ISSN: 0378 8741.
E Paper; On-line.
F http://www.elsevier.com/locate/jethpharm
G English.
H Monthly.
A Journal of Ginseng Research.
B The Korean Society of Ginseng, # 804 Seocho World Office tel 1355-3 Secho-dong, Seocho-gu, Seoul, 137-070, Republic of Korea. Tel: 82 2 3473 8772.
C Research papers on components, biological activities, cultivation methods and novel preparations of Ginseng.
D ISSN: 1226 8453.
E Paper.
G English, Korean.
H Quarterly.

K

A The Korean Journal of Herbology.
B The Korea Association of Herbology, College of Oriental Medicine, Wonkwang University 344-2, Sinyong-dong, Iksan, Jeonbuk, 570-180, Republic of Korea. Tel: 82-63-850-6844.
C Research papers on the oriental medicines, including origin, components, activities and clinical studies of herbal medicines.
D ISSN: 1229 1765.
E Paper.
F [http://www.herbology.or.kr](http://www.herbology.or.kr) (The Korea Association of Herbology).
G Korean.
H Biannual.

B The Korean Society of Pharmacognosy, College of Pharmacy, Chungnam National University, 220, Kung-dong, Yusung-ku, Daejeon, 305-764, Republic of Korea. Tel: 82 42 821 5925
C Research papers on pharmacognosy and related scientific areas including the origin, components and pharmacological activities of herbal medicines.
D ISSN: 0253 3073.
E Paper.
G Korean.
H Quarterly.
M

A MAPA (Medicinal and Aromatic Plants Abstracts).
B The Head, Technical Information Services Division, National Institute of Science Communication (NISCOM), New Delhi 110 012, India. Tel: 091 11 5786301-7, Fax: 091 11 5787062.
C An abstracting journal covering global current literature on all aspects of medicinal, aromatic and allied plants. It is produced by scanning, selecting and abstracting relevant papers from about 600 primary journals published from about 65 countries and in 25 languages, research reports, conference proceedings and patents. Each of the 700 or so abstracts selected for every issue contains names of author(s), their affiliation, title of the paper, bibliographical details, article language, number of references and an informative abstract. Each issue and volume of MAPA is supported by a keyword index.
D ISSN: 0250 4367.
F http://www.niscom.nic.in/
G English.
H Bimonthly.

A Medical Literature Database.
B Fujian College of Traditional Chinese Medicine.
C Medical articles published in Taiwan, Province of the Peoples’ Republic of China. Contains more than 24,460 records drawn from 40 kinds of public or interior biomedical and health care journals, academic degree dissertations, conference proceedings, study reports, and discourse collections published in Taiwan from 1970 to 1998. Contains more than 24,460 records.
D
E
F
G
H

A Moja zemlja (My land).
B Zrinka Odobašić.
C The first Croatian professional magazine for ecological agriculture.
D ISSN: 0365 0588.
E Paper.
F
G Croatian.
H
**A** **Narodna umjetnos.**
**B** The Institute of Ethnology and Folklore Research, *Ulica kralja Zvonimira* 17/IV, Zagreb, Croatia. Tel: 385 (0)1 45-53-632, Fax: +385 (0)1 45-53-649, E-mail: institut@maief.ief.hr, biblioteka@maief.ief.hr (library).
**C** Croatian journal of Ethnology and Folklore Research.
**D** ISSN: 0547 2504.
**E** Paper.
**F** [http://maief.ief.hr/index-eng.html](http://maief.ief.hr/index-eng.html)
**G** Croatian, English.
**H** Biannual.

**A** Natural Cures.
**B** Published in the Russian Federation. Tel: (0742) 24 67 63.
**C** A publication containing simple natural medical prescriptions, accessible to all, provided by natural healers and specialists. Contains medical news from around the world (natural treatment methods and resources) and also materials on spiritual healers.
**D** ISSN: 52214.
**E** Paper.
**F**
**G** Russian.
**H** Bimonthly.

**A** Natural Product Sciences.
**B** The Korean Society of Pharmacognosy, College of Pharmacy, Chungnam National University, 220, Kung-dong, Yusung-ku, Daejeon, 305-764, Republic of Korea. Tel: 82 42 821 5925.
**C** Research papers on natural product sciences including phytochemistry, chemistry and biochemistry of herbal medicines.
**D** ISSN: 1226 3907.
**E** Paper.
**F** [http://www.ksp.seoul.kr](http://www.ksp.seoul.kr) (The Korean Society of Pharmacognosy)
**G** English.
**H** Quarterly.

**A** **Népi Kultúra – Népi Társadalom** (Traditional Culture, Folk Society).
**B** **Magyar Tudományos Akadémia, Néprajzi Kutatócsoport, 1051 Budapest, Nádor u. 7,** Hungary.
**C** Culture of peoples and ethnic groups in Society.
**D** ISSN: 0541 9522.
**E** Paper.
**F**
**G** Hungarian.
**H** Occasionally.
O

A Olaj, Szappan, Kozmetika (Journal of Oil, Soap and Cosmetics).
B Editorial Office: 1095 Budapest, Kvassay J.u.1. (CEREOL Kutatóintézet), Hungary. Tel: (36 1) 217 5240, Fax: (36 1) 217 5237.
C Natural primary medicines (herbs, oils, etc.) used by health food and cosmetics industry.
D ISSN: 0472 8602.
E Paper.
F http://www.mete.mtesz.hu/kiado/oszk
G Hungarian.
H Bimonthly.

P

A Paysannes Africaines.
B Paysannes Africaines, 52 rue Liancourt, 75014 Paris, France. Tel: (33) 1 42 22 06 19 and Centre d’études economiques et sociales d’Afrique de l’Ouest (CESAO), BP 305 Bobo-Diolasso 01, Burkina Faso. Tel: (226) 97 10 17, Fax: (226) 97 08 02.
C The newsletter aims to promote information exchange among women’s groups. It contains three sections: brief articles in which writers describe their organizations experiences in market gardening, grain banks etc; technologies describing methods developed or adapted in the villages (how to make soap, conserve tomatoes, control termites etc); reader’s letters.
D
E Paper.
F
G French.
H Three times a year.

A Pharmaceutical Biology.
B John M. Pezzuto, University of Illinois at Chicago, College of Pharmacy (m/c 877), 833 South Wood Street, Chicago, IL, 60612-7231, USA. Tel: 1 (0)(312) 996-5967, Fax: (0)312 996 2815, E-mail: jpezzuto@uic.edu.
C Pharmaceutical Biology publishes manuscripts describing the discovery, methods for discovery, description, analysis characterization, and production/isolation of biologically-active chemicals or other substances, drugs, pharmaceutical products, or preparations utilized in systems of traditional medicine.
D ISSN: 1388-0209.
E Paper.
G English.
H Publication program 2002: Volume 40, 8 issues plus a supplement.
A  The Physician.
B  All Russian Natural Treatment Journal.
C  ISSN:  52209.
D  Paper.
E  Russian.
F  Bimonthly.

A  Piroda (Nature).
B  Oskar Springer.
C  The publication of the Croatian Society for Natural Sciences.
D  ISSN:  0351 0662.
E  Paper.
F  Croatian.
H

A  Plant Genetic Resources Abstracts.
B  CABI Publishing. United Kingdom.  Tel:  44 1491 832111, Fax:  44 1491 829292, E-mail:  orders@cabi.org.
C  Plant Genetic Resources Abstracts covers Worldwide scientific information on all aspects of Plant genetics and seed conservation.  Includes information on:  Biodiversity, Policy, planning and legal aspects, Biotechnology, Genetic diversity, Taxonomy, evolution and origin of crop plants.
D  ISSN : 0966-0100.
E  Paper.
F  http://www.cabi-publishing.org/JOURNALS/Abstract/PGNRA/Index.asp
G  English.
H  Quarterly.

R

A  Review of Aromatic and Medicinal Plants.
B  CABI Publishing. United Kingdom.  Tel:  44 1491 832111, Fax:  44 1491 829292, E-mail:  orders@cabi.org.
C  Review of Aromatic and Medicinal Plants covers the literature on cultivated and wild species of culinary herbs and spices and essential oil and medicinal plants.
D  ISSN:  1356 1421.
E  Paper; On-line.
F  http://www.cabi-publishing.org/JOURNALS/Abstract/RAMP/Index.asp
G  English.
H  Monthly.
A Revista Cubana de Plantas Medicinales.
B Editorial Ciencias Médicas, Calle E No. 452 e/ 19 y 21, El Vedado, La Habana, 10400, Cuba. Tel: 32-5338, 32-4519, Fax: 333063, E-mail: ecimed@infomed.sld.cu
C The official journal of the Cuban National Commission on Medicinal Plants.
D ISSN: 1028 4796.
E Paper; On-line.
G Spanish.
H Quarterly.

A Revue de médecines et pharmacopées africaines.
B Agence de la Francophonie, Groupe de recherche et d’information sur la pharmacopée et l’environnement tropical, 38 rue du Bois Grammont, 33320 Eysines, France.
C This review presents a variety of plants used in medicine and in pharmacopoeia, together with an analysis of those plants, as well as a complete bibliography and a list of the scientists who have contributed to the review with their contact details.
D ISSN: 1015 0382.
E Paper.
F French.
H Monthly.

A Russian Scientific and Technical Information Center: Medicinal Plants.
B Russian Scientific and Technical Information Center. Tel: (095) 152 54 92.
C Journal of Medicinal Plants.
D ISSN: 55581.
E Paper.
F Russian.
H Monthly.

A SHAMAN.
B Molnar & Kelemen Oriental Publishers, Szeged, P.O. Box 1195 Hungary 6701.
C Shaman is the journal for The International Society for Shamanistic Research (ISSR). It publishes articles on the history of religions, anthropology, mythology, folklore, ethnomusicology, ethnochoreography, psychiatry or ethnomedicine. Shaman's focus is comprehensive: Turkic, Mongolian, Manchu-Tunguz, Korean, Japanese, Finno-Ugrian, and American Indian subjects are all discussed.
D Paper.
F http://www.arts.u-szeged.hu/journal/shaman/shaman.html
G English.
H Biannual.
A Small Farm Today.
B Small Farm Today, 3903 W Ridge Trail Rd, Clark MO, U.S.A.. Tel: 65243 9525, 573 687 3525, Fax: 573 687 3148, 800 633 2535, E-mail: smallfarm@socket.net.
C Small Farm Today was founded by a small farmer in central Missouri in 1984, and is dedicated to the preservation and promotion of small farming, rural living, community, sustainability, and agripreneurship. It is published on a farm, by a farmer, for farmers.
D
E Paper.
F http://www.smallfarmtoday.com/index.shtml
G English.
H Bimonthly.

T

A Természet Világa (World of Nature).
B Magyar Hivatalos Közlönykiadó Kft 1085 Budapest, Somogyi B. u. 6, Hungary.
C Interaction between nature and society, genomics, genetic diversification and natural healing.
D ISSN: 0400 3717.
E Paper.
F http://www.kfki.hu/library/
G Hungarian.
H Monthly.

Tel: 0659 711887, E-mail: muzeum@muzeumct.cz.
C
D ISSN: 0139 7605.
E Paper.
F
G Czech.
H Quarterly.

A Thai Index Medicus.
B Medical Library, Faculty of Medicine, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok, Thailand.
C Thai Index Medicus is a collection of documents published in Thai medical journals from 1918 to present.
D
E
F http://md3.md.chula.ac.th/thaiim.html
G English, Thai.
H
A The Traditional Studies Journal.
B Traditional Studies Press, PMB 420, 1630-A 30th Street, Boulder, CO 80301, U.S.A.
Fax: 1 (303) 440-5430, E-mail: ats@traditionalstudies.org.
C The Journal for Traditional Studies is a forum for its readers to find out about different holders of traditional knowledge and their arts, offering a friendly, informative addition to the education and knowledge focused books and videos published by the Association for Traditional Studies.

D E Paper.
G English.
H Biannual.

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A Traditional South Asian Medicine.
B Dr. Ludwig Reichert Verlag, Tauernstr. 11, 65199 Wiesbaden, Germany, E-mail: Reichert.Verlag@t-online.de.
C Traditional South Asian Medicine (previously Journal of the European Âyurvedic Society) is a scholarly journal devoted primarily to the study of all aspects of traditional South Asian medical systems, particularly, but not exclusively, the Ayurvedic tradition. It features not only historical and philological studies, but also such as concern themselves with living traditions, including their interaction with non-South Asian medical traditions both modern and pre-modern, and their practical application
D ISSN: 0941 5297.
E Paper.
F [http://www.indologie.uni-halle.de/publ/tsam.htm](http://www.indologie.uni-halle.de/publ/tsam.htm)
G English.
H Occasionally.

---

V

A Valašsko - vlastivědná revue (Country Science review).
B Okresní vlastivědné muzeum Vsetín, Horní nám. 2, 755 01 Vsetín.
Tel: 0657 611690, E-mail: muzeum@vs.inext.cz.
C
D ISSN: 1212 3382.
E Paper.
F
G Czech.
H Biannual.
B Muzejní a vlastivědná společnost v Brně, Solniční ul. č. 12, 602 00 Brno.
   Tel: 05 42210388, E-mail: mvsbrno@seznam.cz.
C
D ISSN: 0323 2581.
E Paper.
F
G Czech.
H Quarterly

A Le Voix Du Paysan.
B Service D’Appui aux Initiatives Locales de Développement (SAILD), BP 11955,
   Yaounde, Cameroon.
C SAILD is an NGO in Cameroon which is involved in rural development projects which
   promote and strengthen farmer’s organizations and activities. The magazine
   disseminates information and provides a forum for discussion with farmers and
   development workers.
D
E Paper.
F N/A.
G Arabic, English, French.
H Monthly.

A Yin and Yang.
B Velikiy Novgorod, Russian Federation. Tel: (81622) 7 20 21.
C Health Journal. Oriental, Western and Natural Prevention and Treatment methods.
D ISSN: 31509
E Paper.
F
G Russian.
H Bimonthly.

[Annex II follows/
L’annexe II suit]
TRADITIONAL KNOWLEDGE-RELATED DATABASES

A Database title.

B Internet address.

C Summary of content of database.

D Name & contact details of compiler(s) and/or publisher(s) of database.

E Approximate size of database: i.e., number of entries.

F Language(s) of database.

G Other.

The following databases, the majority of which are available on-line, are listed in alphabetical order. An initial emphasis has been placed on databases concerning Traditional Knowledge related to the use and exploitation of components of biological diversity.

Please note that any web sites listed below are for general informational use and their presence on this list is not to be viewed as an endorsement by WIPO for any products or information presented at these sites.

A

A AGRICOLA (AGRICultural OnLine Access).

B http://www.nalusda.gov/general_info/agricola/agricola.html

C AGRICOLA is a bibliographic database of citations to the agricultural literature created by the National Agricultural Library and its cooperators. The database covers materials in all formats (journal articles, monographs, theses, patents, software, audiovisual materials and technical reports) relating to all aspects of agriculture, for the period from 1970 to the present.

D The National Agricultural Library 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, Maryland 20705 USA. Tel: (301) 504-5755.

E

F English.

Annex II/Annexe II
page 2

A AMED (Allied and Complimentary Medicine Database).
B http://www.bl.uk/services/information/amed.html
C AMED is a unique bibliographic database produced by the Health Care Information Service of the British Library for anyone who needs to know more about alternatives to conventional medicine. Topics covered include: Ayurvedic medicine, Traditional Chinese Medicine, Herbalism, etc.
D The British Library, 96 Euston Road, London, NW1 2DB, UK. Tel: 44 (0)20 7412 7000, E-mail: bruce.madge@bl.uk.
E More than 103,600 references to articles from around 512 journals.
F English.
G All records have basic bibliographic information; many articles published from 1995 onwards have abstracts. Current policy is to include authors’ abstracts where available. AMED can be accessed: via the Internet, CD-ROM, online, or, as current awareness publications, in print or via e-mail.

A ASTIS (The Arctic Science and Technology Information System database).
B http://www.aina.ucalgary.ca/astis/
C Publications and research projects about northern Canada. Subject searches include Indigenous People, Botany, Zoology, Medicine etc.
D ASTIS, Arctic Institute of North America, University of Calgary, Calgary, AB, Canada T2N 1N4. Tel: 403-220-4036, Fax: 403-282-4609, E-mail: rgoodwin@ucalgary.ca.
E Over 49,000 records.
F English, French.

A Aboriginal Plant Use in South-Eastern Australia.
C This web-site contains detailed notes and a bibliography on plants used by Aboriginal peoples of south-eastern Australia.
D Australian National Botanic Gardens, GPO Box 1777, Canberra, ACT, 2601, Australia, Tel: 02-62509450.
E
F English.
G
A Afrique Orale, Archives sonores de la tradition orale.
B http://www.africa-orale.org
C Le projet ARTO (ARchivage de la Tradition Orale) a deux objectifs: Collecte, archivage et diffusion de la tradition vivante; rendre ces activités autonomes et durables. Les radios rurales enregistrent la tradition vivante (enregistreur MD) et remplissent les bordereaux. Le coordonnateur national, après écoute avec un membre du RILAC, grave les CD, extrait un court échantillon sonore, complète le bordereau et envoie le disque et l’extrait sonore au centre sous- régional. Les centres d’archivage sous-régionaux (CERDOTOLA, CIDLO) archivent les CD et envoient les bordereaux (après les avoir complétés) au CELHTO. Le CELHTO introduit le bordereau dans le catalogue des Archives sonores de la tradition orale (base de données).
D Centre d’études linguistiques et historiques par tradition orale (CELHTO), Niamey, Niger; Centre régional de recherche et de documentation sur les traditions orales et pour le développement des langues Africaines (CERDOTOLA), Yaoundé, Cameroun; Centre d’investigation et de documentation sur l’oralité de l’Université de l’Océan indien (CIDLO), Tananarive, Madagascar; CIERRO, Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso; Réseau africain des radios rurales et locales (RER), réseau régional basé à Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso; Réseau international des langues africaines (RILAC), Paris, France.

E

F French.


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A Agroforestrée Database.
B http://www.icraf.cgiar.org/treessd/databases.htm
C The Agroforestrée Database provides information on the management, use and ecology of a wide range of tree species which can be used in agroforestry. It includes a section on functional uses.
D International Centre for Research in Agroforestry, PO Box 30677, Nairobi, Kenya.
Tel:  254 2 524000, via USA:  1 650 833 6645;  Fax:  254 2 524001, via USA  1 650 833 6646, E-mail:  ICRAF@cgiar.org.
E

F English.

G
A Alaska Traditional Knowledge and Native Foods Database.
B http://www.nativeknowledge.org/start.htm
C The database contains information on existing measures of contaminants in species of fish and animals harvested by Alaska Natives, nutrition data harvest and consumption data, description of the role of harvest and Native food consumption in communities and examples of community initiatives taken in response to concerns about environmental change.
D Alaska Native Science Commission, 3211 Providence Drive, Anchorage, AK 99508; Institute of Social and Economic Research, University of Alaska Anchorage, 3211 Providence Drive, Anchorage, AK 99508.
E
F English.
G

A American Folk Medicine.
B http://www.folkmed.ucla.edu/index.html
C For more than fifty years, folklorists associated with the University of California, Los Angeles have systematically documented beliefs and practices relating to folk medicine and alternative healthcare. The term “folk” medicine includes a variety of beliefs and practices such as home remedies, the activities of traditional healers (e.g., burn doctor, curandero, traiteur, powwower, and wise women). While the emphasis is on American data, about one fifth of the material is from other countries.
D The University of California, Los Angeles.
E Approximately 1,000 medical conditions and 80 kinds of traditional healers are represented.
F English.
G About 10% of the entries derive from unpublished interviews. The majority of the records were extracted from thousands of published works, both popular and scientific, for which copyright release has been granted.

A Australian New Crops, Listing of Useful Plants of the World.
C This Listing is intended as an aid for those new crop entrepreneurs choosing new crops for research and development in Australia. Each species included has been associated somewhere in the world at some time in history with at least one useful product. One use for this Listing may be to identify those species which have recently attracted the attention of the world’s research community. The number of publications worldwide mentioning each of the species can indicate the extent of the knowledge base currently available.
D Dr Rob Fletcher, School of Agriculture and Horticulture, The University of Queensland Gatton, 4343, Australia. Tel: 07 5460 1311 or 07 5460 1301, Fax: 07 5460 1112; International fax: 61 75460 1112, E-mail: r.fletcher@mailbox.uq.edu.au.
E 4,200 species listed.
F English.
G Can search by botanical name or common name.
A Ayurveda Materia Medica.
B http://www.ayurveda.com/materiamedica/index.html
C Ancient Ayurvedic Herbs and their Traditional Uses.
D The Ayurvedic Institute, 11311 Menaul NE, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87112 USA.
   Tel: (1) 505-291-9698, Fax: (1) 505-294-7572.
E F English.
G

A Ayurveda.
B http://www.pharm.uu.nl/home/smit/
C This database has been established from 1992 onwards and is still under construction.
   Its purpose is to provide Ayurvedic information about medicinal plants, which is not
   accessed easily otherwise. Most of the botanical names are checked for their
   taxonomical nomenclature, which might be different from the original source. The web
   site also includes a transliteration of Sanskrit, according to the Harvard-Kyoto
   convention.
D Friso Smit, Department of Nutritional Supplements, Numico Research, PO Box 7005
   6700 CA Wageningen, The Netherlands.
E F English.
G

B

A BIOSIS (Biological Abstracts).
B http://www.biosis.org/products_services/ba.html
C Bibliographic database. 1969 to present. Covers worldwide literature on all
   biomedical, biological and botanical topics, including conferences and patents.
D USA office: Two Commerce Square, 2001 Market Street, Suite 700, Philadelphia, PA
   19103-7095 USA. Tel: 1-800-523-4806 (USA and Canada), 215-587-4800
   (Worldwide), Fax: 215-587-2016, E-mail: info@mail.biosis.org.
E Over 360,000 new citations each year. Nearly 90% of citations include an abstract by
   the author. Almost 5.8 million archival records are available back to 1980.
F English.
G
A Beijing Database of Traditional Chinese Medicine.
C Produced since 1983 by the Scientific and Technical Information Research Institute of the State Pharmaceutical Administration of China (SPAC) in Beijing. This database contains in the region of 40,000 references, approximately half Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) and half western biomedicine.
D Scientific and Technical Information Research Institute of the State Pharmaceutical Administration of China Beijing, China.
E Approximately 40,000 references.
F The database is available electronically either on magnetic tape or diskette; a printed version, Chinese Pharmaceutical Abstracts, is published every two months. The Institute also offers a search service.

A The Botanic Nomenclature for Agroforestry Database.
C The Botanic Nomenclature for Agroforestry Database is a compilation of the taxonomic status of over 6000 woody and herbaceous taxa found in agroforest ecosystems. The database was prompted by the multiplicity of (mis)spellings and synonyms emerging in agroforestry literature, and the need for consistency.
D International Centre for Research in Agroforestry, PO Box 30677, Nairobi, Kenya.
Tel: 254 2 524000, via USA: 1 650 833 6645; Fax: 254 2 524001, via USA 1 650 833 6646, E-mail: ICRAF@cgiar.org.
E
F English.
G

A The Bush Doctor’s Pharmacy.
C Surinam’s traditional medicine is centuries old and based on the knowledge of the indigenous people of the Amazon rainforest, the Amerindians and Maroons and Asian immigrants. This database contains information about the application of certain plants and herbs in Surinam’s traditional medicine.
D TROPILAB® INC, 8240 Ulmerton Road, Largo, Fl. 33771 - 3948. USA.
Tel: (727) 531 3538, Fax: (727) 530 4854.
E
F English.
G This list can also be viewed with the Latin names of the plants.
C

A CAB HEALTH Database.
B [http://www.cabi-publishing.org/Products/Database/Health/Index.asp](http://www.cabi-publishing.org/Products/Database/Health/Index.asp)
C CAB HEALTH is a database specializing in human nutrition, parasitic, communicable and tropical diseases and medicinal plants. It provides access to abstracts of the world’s research literature from 1973 to present with coverage of English and foreign language journals, books, research reports, patents and standards, dissertations, conference proceedings, annual reports, developing country information and other difficult to obtain literature.
D United Kingdom Office: CABI Publishing, CAB International, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 8DE, U.K.. Tel: 44 1491 832111, Fax: 44 1491 829292, E-mail: orders@cabi.org.
E The database contains over 860,000 records with 45,000 records added annually.
F English.
G Virtually every word is searchable, allowing for easy access to this important collection of references to international human health and diseases literature.

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A CBMDisc.
B [http://www.imicams.ac.cn/](http://www.imicams.ac.cn/)
C Biomedical Literature
D Institute of Medical Information, China Academy of Medical Sciences.
E Contains about 2,000,000 records. The source material for the database is drawn from 1,000 of biomedical journals published in China and academy conferences since 1979.
F
G
H

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A CCMD.
C CCMD is a database for common Chinese Herbs. It was developed between 1980-1985 and contains about 500 commonly used Chinese Herbs with their detailed information: botanical, chemical, clinical, usage, etc..
D Professor Wing-Kay KAN, PhD, CEng, MIEEE, MBCS, DIC, Associate Professor, Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering, Associate Director, Chinese Medicinal Material Research Center, Rm1019, ENG Building, Chinese University, Shatin, Hong Kong, SAR of China. Tel: 852 26098437, Fax: 852 26035024, E-mail: wkkan@cs.cuhk.hk.
E Approximately 500 entries.
F
G CCMD is also now stored in a UNIX/ORACLE platform for open search.
CHIMERA is a database of the toxicology and adverse effects of Chinese Medicines and Natural Foods. The database was started in 1993 with support from the Groucher Foundation. This multimedia database contains symptoms and case reports of the toxicological effects of Chinese Herbs and Medicines from various sources, such as books, journals, hospitals and government.

Professor Wing-Kay KAN, PhD, CEng, MIEEE, MBCS, DIC, Associate Professor, Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering, Associate Director, Chinese Medicinal Material Research Center, Rm1019, ENG Building, Chinese University, Shatin, Hong Kong, SAR of China. Tel: 852-26098437, Fax: 852-26035024, E-mail: wkkan@cs.cuhk.hk.

The prototype of the database has already been released containing about 2,000 reports for nearly 300 herbs/medicines.

The system is a client/server based system, distributed to users for direct access of the information at their sites. The second stage of the CHIMERA database project will be the enhancement of the knowledge and search techniques.

One of the major purposes of the Center for Indigenous Knowledge for Agriculture and Rural Development (CIKARD) is to identify, organize, and manage the literature and all appropriate ethnographic descriptions relating to indigenous knowledge for agricultural and rural development. At present, the Center holds a significant number of the key papers and reports on this area of specialization. Plans to make this database available on-line via Columbia University’s Center for International Earth Science Information Network (CIESIN) are underway. In the meantime, requests for materials should be made to CIKARD.

CIKARD, 318 Curtiss Hall, Iowa State University, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA.
Tel: 1-515-294-0938, Fax: 1-515-294-6058.

The Center utilizes PRO-CITE, a bibliographic software package, for cataloguing, indexing, storage, and retrieval of its holdings.
A  CIOFF Index of Folklore Magazines.
B  http://www.cioff.org/
C  CIOFF, the International Council of Organizations for Folklore Festivals and Folk Art, is an international non-governmental organization (NGO) in formal consultative relations with UNESCO. Created in 1970, the duty of CIOFF is safeguarding, promotion and diffusion of traditional culture and folklore. CIOFF members (National Sections) are present in more than 75 countries on all continents.
D  CIOFF, UNESCO House, 1, rue Miollis, F-75732 Paris, Cedex 15. Tel: 33-1-45 682 553, Fax: 33-1-43 068 798.
E  The Index contains information on more than 200 magazines on folklore from about 50 countries.
F  Arabic, Chinese, English, French, German, Russian, and Spanish.
G  Every magazine is recorded on a specific form with the following information: title, editor’s address, language(s) of publication, description of topics (contents), number of annual editions, usual number of pages, average subscription cost and possibility of free trading with an equivalent magazine. The index will shortly be published on-line.

A  Chemical Abstracts.
B  http://www.cas.org/
C  Bibliographic database. 1907 to present. Covers journals, patents, conferences, technical reports, books, and dissertations. Specific subjects include chemistry, medicine, pharmaceuticals, agriculture, plant science, food science, natural products and botanicals, biochemistry, chemical and genetic engineering, and nutrition.
D  Chemical Abstracts Service, 2540 Olentangy River Road, P.O. Box 3012, Columbus, Ohio 43210, U.S.A.. Tel: 1-614-447-3600, Fax: 1-614-447-3713, Email: help@cas.org.
E  Abstracts for more than 21 million documents are accessible on-line.
F  English.
G

A  Cherokee Messenger - Native American Herbal Remedies.
B  http://www.powersource.com/cherokee/herbal.html
C  A short collection of Native American herbal remedies.
D  Cherokee Cultural Society, 4407 Rose Street, Houston, TX 77007, U.S.A..
E  
F  English.
G
A Chinese Medical Current Contents.
B Chinese Biomedicine Journal Articles. Contains more than 1,300,000 references that drawn from over 1,100 kinds of Chinese biomedical journals published in China since 1994. Contains the following fields: Chinese title, English title, author, address, derivation, key word, abstract, reference.
D Medical Library of the Chinese People’s Liberation Army.
E Contains more than 1,300,000 references.

A Commonly-Used Traditional Chinese Medicines.
B http://www.sdb.ac.cn/chinesedrugs/chinesedrug2.html
C The file contains 732 records. Each record represents a single traditional Chinese medicine. Contains the following fields: photograph of a drug, category, common name, Latin name, and other synonyms of the drug, source, producing area, characteristic, collection and processing, configuration, property and function, annotations.
D Chinese Academy of Science.
E The file contains 732 records.

A Crane Herb Company.
B http://www.craneherb.com/
C Crane Herb Company claims to be the world’s largest distributor of Chinese herbs, herbal formulas and acupuncture supplies. Over 5,500 herbal products contained in this site, which is searchable via multiple routes.
D Crane Herb Company, “This web site is provided for your personal, non-commercial use only. By using this site, you agree not to reproduce, duplicate, copy, sell, resell or exploit for any commercial purposes, any information accessed through this web site”.
E Over 5,500 herbal products.
F English
G Contains information on Chinese names and detailed English equivalents and alternate names for multi-component formulas, by percentage of total composition, presented in tabular format.
A Dr. Duke’s Phytochemical and Ethnobotanical Databases.
C Collection of ethnobotanical uses and chemical activity of plants. Includes the Tico Ethnobotanical Dictionary.
D James A. Duke, Ethnobotanist, The Herbal Village, 8210 Murphy Road, Fulton, Maryland, USA 20759. E-mail: jimduke@cpcug.org. Published by the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250.
E
F English.

---

E

A ECOPORT.
C EcoPort is established to promote educational and research uses of biology information. Each EcoPort record is presented as an interactive, hypertext-linked description in multi-media compendium format and style.
D ECOPORT runs under the auspices of the University of Florida, the Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations, and the National Museum of National History, the Smithsonian Institution. “Please acknowledge individual authors and [www.ecoport.org](http://www.ecoport.org)”.
E
F English.
G The information contained in this system is presented and maintained as a global public good. It is not in the public domain. It is offered for educational purposes and is owned by the institutions and individuals who contribute and maintain the data.

---

E

A EMBASE.com.
C EMBASE.com contains the entire EMBASE database (bibliographic database of the world’s biomedical and drug literature) plus unique MEDLINE records back to 1966.
D Elsevier Science, Secondary Publishing Division, 650 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10011, U.S.A.. Tel: 1 (800) 457-3633 (toll-free); 1 (212) 633-3980, Fax: 1 (212) 633-3975, E-mail: help@embase.com.
E More than 13 million records.
F English.
G
ENDA tiers-monde s’est attaché depuis 1972 à développer des approches participatives conciliant étroitement la recherche, l’action et la formation, afin d’accompagner les populations dans leurs stratégies de lutte contre la pauvreté. Depuis 1988, le programme santé de ENDA, appuyé par la coopération autrichienne et IIZ, s’est attaché à la valorisation de l’utilisation des plantes médicinales, et à la promotion de la médecine traditionnelle pour répondre aux orientations majeures qu’il s’est fixées comme objectifs à atteindre.

Programme Plantes Médicinales & Médecine Traditionnelle, Ecopole Ouest Africaine, Rue Felix Eboué enda tiers monde, BP 3370 Dakar, Sénégal, Tel: 0221 822 96 95 Fax: 0221 823 66 17, E-mail: endaste@enda.sn.

Liste de 28 Plantes: Nom Scientifique; Noms vernaculaires; Répartition Géographique; Utilisation populaire; Utilisation chez les guérisseurs; Emplois et Posologies; Références Bibliographiques.

Langues disponibles pour la recherche: French, Wolof, Pulaar, Serer, Diola, Bambara, Mandingue, Djerma, Haoussa, Moré.
A Ethnobotany and Cultural Resources of the Washington State Department of Transportation.
C Contains a condensed extraction from a list of references on the uses of western Washington plants by a wide variety of cultures. The plants are listed by scientific name and common name. The plants are initially listed as those found at cultural sites along the right-of-way previous to highway safety improvements in the state of Washington.
D Washington State Department of Transportation. Contact: Sandie Turner, E-mail: TurnerS@wsdot.wa.gov.

F English.
G

A Ethnoecology Database of the Greater Southwest.
B [http://anthro.fortlewis.edu/ethnobotany/database.htm](http://anthro.fortlewis.edu/ethnobotany/database.htm)
C The Baca Institute of Ethnobotany is a non profit educational organization dedicated to the preservation, collection, and research of the indigenous environmental knowledge and the cultural diversity of the southwestern United States and northern Mexico.
D The Anthropology Department, Fort Lewis College, 1000 Rim Drive, Durango, Colorado. Tel: 81301 3999, 970 247 7511, Fax: 970-247-7484.
E
F English.
G Search for plants by their common names; literature and bibliographic information pertaining to Ethnobotany; the Traditional Ecological Knowledge of the Southwest; plant related insects, pollinators and pathogens; natural dyes and fibers made from plants; plants by use etc..

F

A FITOCIENCIA.
B [http://www.plantasmedicinales.org](http://www.plantasmedicinales.org)
C Medicinal Plant Database of the Asociación Argentina de Fitomedicina.
D Asociación Argentina de Fitomedicina.
E

F Spanish.
G
FITOMED – Base de Datos de Plantas Medicinales Cuban.

http://www.sld.cu/fitomed/

Es la base de datos de textos que ofrece información acerca de las Plantas Medicinales que han sido evaluadas por el Ministerio de Salud Pública de la República de Cuba para su uso dentro del Plan Nacional de Asistencia Médica. Contiene información sobre el origen, localización, parte útil, forma de recolección y cultivo, efectos medicinales evaluados, preparación y posología, advertencias, nombre científico, etc.

Director: Lic. Pedro Urra González, Dirección: Calle 27 No.110 e/ M y N, Vedado, CP: 10400, Ciudad de La Habana, Cuba. Teléfonos: (537) 832 1991, Fax: (537) 33 3063,

E-mail: urra@infomed.sld.cu.

Spanish.

Fiji Museum Collection - Oral history database.

E-mail: fijimuseum@is.com.fj.

The Fiji Museum has an Oral history database which has interviews with tribal Elders and academic research on a wide variety of social and cultural topics, including information relating to musical instruments (pan-pipes, nose-flute (dulali)), lali (wooden slit drum), Conch shell (davui ni valu - for wartime - the tunes associated with it), old chants for dances and ceremonial rites. Many of these instruments or music were outlawed by the missionaries and now are totally unknown to current generation. They Museum is in the process of collecting information relating to traditional medicinal knowledge.

Jone Naucabalavu, Field Officer, c/o: Fiji Museum, P O Box 2023, Govt Bldgs, Suva, Fiji. E-mail: fijimuseum@is.com.fj.

Collections in several languages. The majority are in Fijian, Fijian-Hindi, English.

Fishbase.

http://www.fishbase.org/search.cfm

Fishbase is a global information system on fishes with fish information to cater to different professionals such as research scientists, fisheries managers, zoologists and many more. Fishbase contains species, synonyms, common names, pictures and references. Fishbase was developed at the International Centre for Living Aquatic Resources Management (ICLARM) in collaboration with the Food and Agricultural Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) and many other partners and with support from the European Commission.

Froese, R and D. Pauly, Editors 2002 Fishbase.

25,945 species, 73,300 synonyms, 118, 825 common names, 30,740 pictures, 24,795 references.

English.

Available also on CD-ROM.
The purpose of The Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF) is to coordinate the standardization, digitization and global dissemination (within an appropriate property rights framework) of the world’s biodiversity data. The GBIF web site currently contains, inter alia, over 60 links to global biodiversity databases and information systems (taxonomic and thematic databases) and over regional and national biodiversity databases and information systems.

The Secretariat of the Global Biodiversity Information Facility, c/o Zoological Museum, University of Copenhagen, Universitetsparken 15, DK-2100 Copenhagen Ø, Denmark. Fax: 45-35 32 14 80.

The Germplasm Resources Information Network (GRIN) web server provides germplasm information about plants, animals, microbes and invertebrates. GRIN taxonomic data provide the structure and nomenclature for the accessions of the US National Plant Germplasm System (NPGS). Many plants (37,000 taxa, 14,000 genera) are included in GRIN taxonomy, especially economic plants.

This program is within the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s Agricultural Research Service.

37,000 taxa, 14,000 genera.

English, Portuguese, Spanish.

Contains multiple indices for more than 100 different spice plants. Site includes names in 40 different modern languages, botanical names, origin, history, etymology, chemical constituents, parts used, mixtures, and photographs.

Compiled by Gernot Katzer, Institut für Chemie, Strassoldogasse 10, A-8010 Graz, Austria. Tel: 43 (316) 380-5514, E-mail: gernot.katzer@kfunigraz.ac.at.

113 spice plants covered at present.

English, German.
A Healthwell.
B http://www.healthwell.com/healthnotes/index/herb_Index.cfm#S
C An extensive list of herbs that can be searched by their botanical (Latin) name or by their common name. Results include a section on, “Historical or Traditional Use”.
D New Hope Natural Media, a division of Penton Media, Inc., publisher of natural products magazines and producer of natural products tradeshows and conferences.
E
F English.
G

A Herbasin Herb Database.
B http://www.chinaginseng.com/herb/allherb1.htm
C An on-line database of Chinese Herbs.
D Herbasin (Shenyang) Co., Ltd. A professional company specializing in herb, herbal extracts, and natural herbal remedies working together with HealthLand Supplies Ltd. (since 1992) and Herbasin Hilsdorf GmbH.
E 1036 Chinese Herbs listed.
F English.
G Can be searched by Latin Name, Chinese Pinyin Name and English Name.

B http://www.herbweb.com/
C This database of Holistic information was collected over a ten-year period. Browse by: affected body area, common name, indigenous use, etc..
D Tim Johnson. E-mail: holisticopia@yahoo.com.
E Over 29,000 species.
F English.
G The global botanical exchange is, in effect, the on-line, searchable version of the CRC Ethnobotany Desk Reference. It was launched on March 14, 2002.

A HerbMed
B http://www.herbmed.org/
C HerbMed is an interactive, electronic herbal database providing hyper-linked access to the scientific data underlying the use of herbs for health, including a section on ‘Ethnobotanical Uses’. It is an evidence-based information resource for professionals, researchers, and general public.
D HerbMed is a project of the Alternative Medicine Foundation, Inc, 5411 W. Cedar Lane, Suite 205-A, Bethesda, MD 20814. Tel: 301-581-0116, Fax: 301-581-0119, E-mail: amfi@amfoundation.org.
E
F English.
G HerbMed is provided as a freely available, public resource. An enhanced version of HerbMed is available for licensing.
A Herbal Medicine Databases.
C Meta-directory of World Wide Web Herbal Medicine Database links.
D Site maintained by the Holistic Medicine Resource Center.
E Links to over 30 Herbal Medicine Databases
F English

A Herbs Index.
B http://www.itmonline.org/herbs.htm
C Specific Herbs used in Traditional Medicine (largely Traditional Chinese Medicine)
D Institute for Traditional Medicine (ITM), 2017 SE Hawthorne Blvd., Portland, Oregon 97214, Tel: (503) 233-4907, Fax: (503) 233-1017, E-mail: itm@itmonline.org.
E
F English.

A HolisticOnline.com.
C Contains listing of more than 2,000 herbs retrievable by common name or scientific name. Individual records provide multiple synonyms, historical details, botanical descriptions of species and parts used, therapeutic applications, dosages.
D Developed and maintained by ICBS, Inc. (International Cyber Business Services, Inc., Ohio).
E More than 2000 herbs.
F English.

A Honeybee Innovation Database.
C A database on grassroots innovations & contemporary/traditional innovative practices.
D The Society for Research and Initiatives for Sustainable Technologies and Institutions (SRISTI), SRISTI Innovations, B/2, Srtkishna Apartments, Near Lad Society, Vastrapur, Ahmedabad 380 015.
E
F English.
I

Annex II/Annexe II
page 18

A ICONS 2002.
B Compilation of sources, periodicals and organizations in the field of indigenous knowledge, community based conservation, conservation biology and ecology.
D Preston Hardison, ICONS Project for Community-based conservation projects, E-mail: pdh@u.washington.edu. Published by Darien Information Systems.
E F English.
G Available on CR-ROM.

A ILEIADOC.
B http://www.ileia.org/ileiadoc.html
C ILEIA operates a library and maintains ILEIADOC, an electronic database of ILEIA’s documents. There is a strong emphasis on gray literature, not easily retrievable elsewhere. ILEIA encourages authors from the South to produce articles. Areas covered include: small-scale farming, traditional farming, indigenous agricultural knowledge, farmer experimentation, experiences of small-scale information centers on agriculture.
D ILEIA is a Center for Information on Low External Input Sustainable Agriculture: http://www.ileia.org/default.asp.
E About 9,000 records in the field of low external input and sustainable agriculture. Out of the total number of records, some 20% have an abstract added to their description.
F Web Site in Dutch and English. Allows for searches for a specific language of the publication.
G ILEIADOC is indexed using the SATIS (Socially Appropriate Technology Information Services) classification.

A INMEDHERB.
B http://www.bioinf.leeds.ac.uk/~bmbmj/INMEDHERB/
C A Database of Indian Medicinal Herbs. This database is not intended to be used for medicinal purposes, but rather as an index of which active substances are found in certain Indian medicinal herbs.
D This database is primarily authored by Martin Lomas as a dissertation for the MRes Bioinformatics course at Leeds University.
E F English.
G


C. The Foundation for Revitalisation of Local Health Traditions was formed to document, save and encourage the continued usage of India’s rich ethno-botanical tradition. The Foundation also acts as the Network Secretariat for the database, Inmedplan, which is a network on nine main agencies spread across India, collecting information in botany, ecology, phytochemistry, pharmacology, pharmacognosy, ethno-medicine, bibliography and abstracts, agrotechnology and traditional systems of medicine.

D Foundation for Revitalisation of Local Health Traditions, No. 50, 2nd Stage, 3rd Main, M.S.H. Layout, Anand Nagar, Bangalore 560 024. Contact Mr. Ravi Chander. Tel: (080) 3336909, Fax: 91-80-3334167, E-mail: inmed@frlht.ernet.in.

G Currently, INMEDPLAN is an offline distributed network with links to other major international databases. INMEDPLAN will provide online access once user demand reaches a viable level.

C. The International Organization for Plant Information (IOPI) manages a series of co-operative international projects that aim to create databases of plant taxonomic information. IOPI Projects include: a Global Plant Checklist; a Species Plantarum Project; and a Database of Plant Databases. The Database of Plant Databases may refer to databases that contain ethno-botanical information in particular relating to the medicinal uses of plants.

D IOPI is the International Organization for Plant Information. This organization came into being on September 20th, 1991, at a meeting at the Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, hosted by the Australian Biological Resources Study. IOPI is a Commission of the International Union of Biological Sciences (IUBS) and a member of Species 2000. E-mail: iopi@iopi.csu.edu.au.

G Wide variety of searches possible. For instance, can carry out a scientific name search with common names and vice versa; can view a listing, from a single kingdom, of scientific names in hierarchical order; can search and view information associated with each publication, source or scientific name associated with ITIS information.
A Indigenous knowledge database.


C This database by the World Bank provides the users with quick access to a collection of indigenous/traditional practices and the possibility to contribute new cases and to comment. All practices are summarized. For further inquiry and study, references to a more detailed description of the practice are included. This database is a work in progress.

D Information provided largely via the global network of indigenous knowledge centers and published by the World Bank Group.

Contact: Nicolas Gorjestani: ngorjestani@worldbank.org or Reinhard Woytek: rwoytek@worldbank.org.

E

F Complete Database available only in English. Examples are available in French, Hausa, Portuguese, Swahili and Wolof.

G


J

A JICST-Eplus.

B

C JICST-Eplus, Japanese Science & Technology is a comprehensive bibliographic database covering literature published in Japan from all fields of science, technology, and medicine.

D Japan Science and Technology Corporation (JST), Information Center for Science and Technology (JICST), 5-3, Yonbancho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 102, Japan.

Tel: 81 3 5214 8413, Fax: 81 3 5214 8410.

E JICST-EPlus covers over 6,000 journals and serials, in addition to conference papers, preprints, technical reports and other non-periodicals published by the Japanese government or local governments. More than 4,381,935 citations.

F Japanese, English.

G

M

A MAROWINA Database.

B http://www.tropilab.com/medsupp.html

C This database shows the use of medicinal plants and herbs for specific disorders and conditions as used for many centuries by the Maroons, Amerindians and Asian immigrants in Suriname.

D TROPILAB INC, 8240 Ulmerton Road, Largo, Fl. 33771 3948. USA.

Tel: (727) 531 3538, Fax: (727) 530 4854.

E

F English.

G
MEDLINE


MEDLINE is the National Library of Medicine’s premier bibliographic database covering the fields of medicine, nursing, dentistry, veterinary medicine, the health care system, and the pre-clinical sciences.

National Library of Medicine, 8600 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20894, USA.

11 million indexed journal citations and abstracts now covering nearly 4,500 journals published in the United States and more than 70 other countries.

English.

Available for on-line searching since 1971, MEDLINE includes references to articles indexed from 1966 to the present.

Medical Botany Databases.

http://www.mobot.org/MOBOT/research/applied_research/medicinal.shtml

Two databases have been prepared for educational purposes. The first contains common uses, actions, and components for over 170 herbs. The second is a collection of drug names, their action or clinical use, and the plant from which the drug is derived.

Missouri Botanical Garden, P.O. Box 299, St. Louis, MO 63166-0299.

English.

Medicinal Herbs On-line

http://www.egregore.com/misc/herbindx.htm

Web site created to assist and educate users “about the often forgotten wisdom of the old ways or treating illnesses”. For thousands of herbs, the site provides botanical names, common names and synonyms, descriptions of plants and parts used, medicinal properties and uses, biochemical information, formulas or dosages, legends and myths, warnings, and bibliographies.

Most of the research conducted by Joyce L. Herzog.

English.

Medicinal Plants Catalogue.

http://www.ayuherbal.com/medplantcatalogue.htm

A Directory of 600 Indian Medicinal Plants with their uses.

Vedic Lifesciences, 118 Morya House, Off Andheri Malad Link Road, Andheri W, Mumbai 400053, India. Tel: 91 22 6358698, 6939757, Fax: 6358820, E-mail: vedic@ayuherbal.com.

Web site in English, French, German and Spanish.

Search by Latin names.
A Medicinal Plants in Taiwan, Province of China, Provice of China.

B Database of medicinal plants in Taiwan, Province of China. Contains the following fields: botanical name, scientific name, and other synonyms of a plant, distribution, species, growing area, parts of the plant for medicinal use, properties, efficacy, and indication.

C Fujian College of Traditional Chinese Medicine.

D The file contains 1028 records. Each record represents a single plant.

A Medicinal Plants of the Quijos - Quichua Shamen, Ecuador.

B http://www.public.iastate.edu/~cbutter/botany.htm

C Species, Family and Vernacular index of the medicinal plants used by shamen in Amazonian Ecuador. The base for the fieldwork was the Jatun Sacha Biological Reserve, located close to the Napo river near the small town of Tena.

D Charlie Butterworth, Magdalena Ponce-Martinez. “I would like to thank the following people and organisations for their assistance: shamen Domingo Andi & Sebastian Albarado for sharing their knowledge …’. Published by: Iowa State University.

A Mekong AquaBase.

B http://www.fes.uwaterloo.ca/u/marahman/Mekong_AquaBase.htm

C An Integrated Local-Scientific Knowledge Base for a Participatory Decision Support System on Aquatic Resources and Environmental Management in Mekong Region.

D M. Ataur Rahman, Ph.D. Candidate, Department of Geography, Faculty of Environmental Studies, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada N2L 3G1, Tel: (519) 885-1211 ext. 5488, Fax: (519) 746-0658, E-mail: marahman@fes.uwaterloo.ca.

A A Modern Herbal.

B http://www.botanical.com/botanical/mgmh/comindx.html

C Originally published in 1931. Over 800 varieties of medicinal, culinary, and cosmetic herbs, including economic properties, cultivation and folklore.

D Mrs. M. Grieve.

E 860 page text containing more than 800 varieties.

F English.

G Can search by: Plant & Herb Index (more than 800 varieties of herbs & plants); a word search of the 860 page text; a listing of 29 plants that include recipes; a listing of 44 plants that are listed as poisonous.
A Mountain Voices.
B http://www.mountainvoices.org/
C This website presents interviews with over 300 people who live in mountain and highland regions round the world. Their testimonies offer a personal perspective on change and development. Themes covered include: Agriculture, Community, Environmental Knowledge, Forestry, Livestock, Spiritual Beliefs and Traditional Skills.

D Panos London, 9 White Lion St, London N1 9PD, United Kingdom. Tel: 44 (0)20 7278 1111, Fax: 44 (0)20 7278 0345, E-mail: panos@panoslondon.org.uk. For detail of Panos offices worldwide, see the Panos website: http://www.panos.org.uk.

E
F English.
G Since 1991, the Panos Institute has been training and working with local organisations, often with limited or no experience of testimony collection, accessing the views and experiences of those usually excluded from the development debate and often marginalised by illiteracy, poverty, gender, disability, caste, religion or ethnic identity. Collections have been gathered from communities in India, Nepal, Peru, Kenya, Ethiopia, Mexico, China, etc..

N

A NAPRALERT (NAtural PRoducts ALERT).
B http://info.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/napralertss.html

C The NAPRALERT File contains bibliographic and factual data on natural products, including information on the pharmacology, biological activity, taxonomic distribution, ethno-medicine and chemistry of plant, microbial, and animal (including marine) extracts. It contains records from 1650 to the present.

D Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS), a division of the American Chemical Society, Columbus, Ohio, USA. E-mail: help@cas.org.

E More than 162,285 bibliographic records containing information for over 137,340 natural products and 156,695 organisms.

F English.

G This database is available in STN Easy.
A NTRAP (The Database of Natural & Traditional Pesticidal Materials Pest Control in Sub-Saharan East Africa).
B [http://www.ippc.orst.edu/ipmafrica/db/index.html](http://www.ippc.orst.edu/ipmafrica/db/index.html)
C This database covers both natural products used, and with potential uses, for crop protection in sub-Saharan East Africa. The majority of these products are botanicals.
D Contact Dr. Richard E. Ford, Executive Director, CICP, N417 Turner Hall, University of Illinois, 1102 S. Goodwin Avenue, Urbana, IL 61801, USA.
E
F English.
G Consortium for International Crop Protection (CICP) is a non-profit organization, formed in 1978 by a group of U.S. universities. Its principal purpose is to assist developing nations reduce food crop losses caused by pests while also safe-guarding the environment.

A The National Institute of Ayurvedic Medicine’s medicinal plant page.
C Medicinal Plant Page with Latin name, Sanskrit name and main indications in Ayurveda.
D The National Institute of Ayurvedic Medicine, 584 Milltown Road Brewster, New York 10509, USA. Tel: 845-278-8700, Fax: 845-278-8215.
E
F English.
G

A Native Americans and the Environment.
C The NAE Database covers the following topics: environmental justice; ethnoscience studies (e.g. ethnobotany, ethnoastronomy, ethnogeography); conservation and management policy; traditional environmental knowledge and environmental worldview; traditional, historical and contemporary natural resource utilization; traditional foods and their nutrition etc..
D Largely researched and written by Dr. Alx Dark, an anthropologist.
E Over 2,200 print and on-line citations.
F English.
G In the spring of 2001, the NAE site was donated to the National Library for Science and the Environment, where it is now managed by the Minority Communities Program of the National Council for Science and the Environment.
A Native American Ethnobotany Database.
B http://www.umd.umich.edu/cgi-bin/herb/
C Collection of uses of foods, drugs, dyes, fibers and other plant parts employed by Native Americans.
D Created by Dan Moerman, Professor of Anthropology at the University of Michigan-Dearborn, 4901 Evergreen Road, Dearborn, Michigan 48128, U.S.A..
Tel: 313.593.5000.
E The current edition contains over 47,000 entries including food, drug, dye, fibres and other types of plants from 291 Native American groups.
F English.
G

A NativeTech: Native American Technology and Art – Plants and Trees.
B http://www.nativetech.org/plants/index.html
C An on-line description of certain plants and trees used as traditional medicines, foods and teas.
D NativeTech - http://www.nativetech.org/
E English.
G

Tel: 607-257-4224, E-mail: webmaster@paracelsian.com.
E More than 300 listings.
F English.
G Search by Chinese Pinyin, Health Condition.

Tel: 607-257-4224, E-mail: webmaster@paracelsian.com.
E More than 500 listings.
F English.
G Search by: Chinese Pinyin; Latin Name; Common Name; Health Condition.
Online since 1995, NewCROP (New Crops Resource Online Program) is an information-rich site related to crop plants. Includes: CropINDEX A list of scientific and common names of crops for information access; CropSEARCH A search engine to access crop information based upon key words such as crop names or authors; CropREFERENCE Books and manuals on crops.


English.

PAM (Plantas Aromáticas e Medicinais).

InfoHerbs resume informação sobre as propriedades medicinais, aplicações terapêuticas, e aspectos ecológicos referentes a cerca de 600 plantas aromáticas e medicinais. Este site contém ainda informação referente ao cultivo de cerca de 30 plantas vulgarmente cultivadas pelas suas propriedades medicinais.

Domingos Almeida, Universidade de Trás-os-Montes e Alto Douro, E-mail: dalmeida@utad.pt; Luis Alves, Eng. Agrícola, Fundação de Serralves, E-mail: lalves@esoterica.pt.

600 plants.

Portuguese.

Search by: Plant Name; Family Name; Use of Plant; Medicinal Properties; Active Compound.

PHARMEL, Banque de données de Médecine traditionelle et Pharmacopée.


Adjanohoun E., Cusset G., Issa LO, Keita A., Le Bras M., Lejoly J.. l’Agence de Coopération Culturelle et Technique (ACCT) and the Universite Libre de Bruxelles, Laboratoire de Botanique Systématique et de Phytosociologie CP 169, 50 Avenue F. Roosevelt, 1050 Bruxelles, Belgique. E-mail: jlejoly@ulb.ac.be

Cette banque de données référence 19,691 recettes en pharmacopée traditionnelle issues de 24 pays essentiellement africains tirées de 51 références bibliographiques importantes (4000 plantes médicinales mentionnées).

French.
PHYTO - la base de données des plantes médicinales.

http://www.astral.ch/FRN/phyto.htm

PHYTO est la base de données sur internet donnant des informations scientifiques détaillées sur les plantes à usage médical et sur la phytothérapie. Avec ses nouvelles rubriques, ses monographies et un grand nombre de photographies illustrant les plantes sélectionnées, PHYTO est un outil indispensable pour quiconque s’intéresse aux multiples usages thérapeutiques des plantes médicinales.

PHYTO présente les données scientifiques de l’Institut de Pharmacognosie et Phytochimie (IPP) de l’Université de Lausanne, placé sous la direction du Prof. K. Hostettmann. ASTRAL SA, Société du Groupe OFAC, Rue Pedro-Meylan 7, Case Postale 142, CH 1211 Genève 17, Suisse. Tél: 41 (0)22 718 96 40, Fax: 41 (0)22 718 96 41, E-mail: info@astral.ch.

French, German.

PLANMEDI - Plantas Medicinais.

http://www.ciagri.usp.br/planmedi/planger.htm

Medicinal Plants of Brazil.

Universidade de Sao Paulo.

Portuguese.

Results give: Scientific Name; Common Name; and Therapeutic Uses.

PLANTS National Database.

http://plants.usda.gov/

The PLANTS Database is a single source of standardized information about plants. This database focuses on vascular plants, mosses, liverworts, hornworts, and lichens of the U.S. and its territories. The PLANTS Database maintains and generates data reports in specialized areas, including culturally significant plants.

United States Department of Agriculture, National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA.

English.
A PRELUDE - Database on traditional veterinary medicine plants in sub-Saharan Africa.
C This database contains information on thousands of plants used for treating animals in rural areas in different regions of Africa. Each listing includes, among other things, the plant’s botanical name, the African countries where the plant is used for veterinary purposes, and the animal diseases it is used for. The database is intended for researchers, veterinarians, and educators.
D Jean Lehmann, Laboratoire de botanique médicale de l’Université de Louvain, Institut Carnoy, 4 place Croix du Sud, 1348 Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium. Tel: 32 10 473 421 or 309, Fax: 32 10 473 471, E-mail: lehmann@fynu.ucl.ac.be.
E
F English, French.
G The information stored in the database is derived from scientific articles, books, conference reports, and reports specifically addressed to the PRELUDE sub-network ‘Health, animal production, and environment’. The database is constantly being expanded.

A PROSEA (Plant Resources of South-East Asia).
B [http://www.prosea.nl/index.htm](http://www.prosea.nl/index.htm)
C The PROSEA Databank is the basic product of the PROSEA programme. PROSEA is a non-profit international agency officially established as a Foundation in 1990 in Bogor, Indonesia, to disseminate information on plant resources of Southeast Asia. It is targeted at those professionally concerned with plant resources in South-East Asia and working in education, extension work, research and commercial production and at those in South-East Asia depending directly on plant resources, obtaining relevant information through extension.
D Wageningen University (WU), Haarweg 333, PO Box 341, 6700 AH Wageningen, the Netherlands. Tel: (31-317) 484587, Fax: (31-317) 482206, E-mail: prosea@pros.agro.wau.nl.
E
F English.
G The PROSEA Network consists of the PROSEA Network Office, situated in Bogor, Indonesia, coordinating the activities of 6 Country Offices situated in South-East Asia. The Publication Office is in Wageningen, the Netherlands.
A PROTA DATABANK.
B http://www.prota.org/PROTAstartframes.htm
C The PROTA databank is the basic output of the program to survey, compile, edit, publish and disseminate existing knowledge on some 7000 useful plants of Tropical Africa. Commodity Groups include: Dyes and tannins; Timbers; Fuel plants; Medicinal plants; Spices and condiments; Vegetable oils; Fibres etc..
D Wageningen University (WU), Haarweg 333, PO Box 341, 6700 AH Wageningen, the Netherlands. Tel: (31-317) 484587, Fax: (31-317) 482206, E-mail: PROTA@pros.dpw.wag-ur.nl.
E The databank will ultimately comprise: 6,000-8,000 newly made review articles on the useful plants of Tropical Africa following a standardized format; a unified literature list with an estimated 200,000 references; an estimated 30,000 photographs and drawings; 6,000 geographic distribution maps.
F English.
G The programme PROTA is an initiative of Wageningen University, the Netherlands working in cooperation with a variety of institutes in Africa and Europe.

A Plants of Ayurveda and Siddha.
B http://www.frlht-india.org/
C Bibliography of Medicinal Plants contains 1,25,000 references from 20 classical Ayurvedic Texts. Clinically important plant interface deals with 3000 simple formulations across 7 classical texts. Charakasamhita describes 1600 formulations and 620 plants.
D Foundation for Revitalisation of Local Health Traditions, 50 MSH Layout, Anand Nagar, Bangalore 560024 India. Tel: 91 80 3336909, 3330348, Fax: 91 80 3334167, E-mail: vijay.barve@frlht-india.org.
E 50Mb.
F English, Sanskrit.
G

A Plants For A Future.
B http://www.comp.leeds.ac.uk/pfaf/
C Plants for A Future is a resource center for rare and unusual plants, particularly those which have edible, medicinal or other uses. One major project has been the construction of a database of useful plants which contains over 7,000 species and has extensive details on edible, medicinal and other uses of plants together with information about their cultivation and habitats.
D Plants For A Future, 1 Lerryn View, Lerryn, Lostwithiel, Cornwall PL22 0QJ, England. Telephone: 44 (0)1208 872 963.
E Covers approximately 7,000 species.
F English.
G
A Plant Species of China.
B [http://www.sdb.ac.cn/plant/plant2.html](http://www.sdb.ac.cn/plant/plant2.html)
C The database contains information on plants resources in China. It contains the following fields: academic name, Chinese name, category, protected status, current status, distribution, ecological characteristics, economic value, research significance, product measure, and planting, etc.

D Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Science.

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A Protected Traditional Chinese Medicinal Products Database.
C The database contains 1,463 records. Each record represents a single traditional Chinese medicinal product protected by the government. Contains the following fields: name of product, manufacturer, register number, specifications, preparation, dosage form, province the manufacturer located, application number, announced number, announced date, protected grade, valid date, expire date, protected period, warrant number, certificate number, code of the protected product, whether or not being same species, efficacy, and indication.

D National Committee on the Assessment of the Protected Traditional Chinese Medicinal Products, P.R.C..
E The database contains 1,463 records.

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R

A RACINES.
C Banque de données bibliographiques de l’Institut Interculturel de Montréal, portant sur les savoirs et pratiques traditionnelles et endogènes. Cette banque de données permet de rechercher des informations sur les différentes communautés autochtones dans le monde, comme les Mayas, les Masaïs, les Berbères, etc..

D Institut Interculturel de Montréal, 4917, Saint-Urbain, Montréal (Québec), Canada, H2T 2W1, Téléphone: (514) 288-7229, Télécopieur: (514) 844-6800, E-mail: info@iim.qc.ca.

E French.
F RACINES offre deux possibilités de recherche: la recherche simple et la recherche avancée. RACINES propose la recherche dans le catalogue “monographies” ou “périodiques”.
A Rainforest Tropical Plant Database.
B [http://www.rain-tree.com/plants.htm](http://www.rain-tree.com/plants.htm)
C Raintree’s website is dedicated to providing information and education on the important plants of the Amazon Rainforest. Each plant file contains taxonomy data, phytochemical and ethnobotanical data, uses in traditional medicine, and clinical research including clinical abstracts.
D Ms. Leslie Taylor, Raintree Nutrition, Inc., 10609 Metric Blvd, Suite 101, Austin, Texas 78758. Tel: (800) 780-5902, Fax: (512) 833-5414, E-mail: info@rain-tree.com.
E
F English, French, German, Italian, Norwegian, Portuguese, Spanish.
G

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S

A SEPASAL.
C SEPASAL is a database and enquiry service about useful ‘wild’ plants and semi-domesticated plants of tropical and subtropical drylands. By ‘useful’ we mean plants which humans eat, use as medicine, feed to animals, make things from, use as fuel and many other uses.
D Centre for Economic Botany, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, Richmond, Surrey, TW9 3AE United Kingdom, E-mail: sepasal@rbgkew.org.uk.
E
F English.
G

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A Spanish, English, Latin Glossary of Plant Names.
B [http://www.echonet.org/tropicalag/spanish.engligh.dictionary.htm#Span](http://www.echonet.org/tropicalag/spanish.engligh.dictionary.htm#Span)
E
F English, Spanish.
G
A. TCMD (Traditional Chinese Medicine Database).
C. TCMD is a bibliographical database of approximately 20,000 records with abstracts of TCM articles. Relevant articles are selected from among 150-200 journals from Mainland China, Taiwan, Province of China, and Hong Kong, SAR of China.

D. Professor Wing-Kay KAN, PhD, CEng, MIEEE, MBCS, DIC, Associate Professor, Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering, Associate Director, Chinese Medicinal Material Research Center, Rm1019, ENG Building, Chinese University, Shatin, Hong Kong, SAR of China. Tel: 852 26098437, Fax: 852 26035024, E-mail: wkkan@cs.cuhk.hk.

E. Approximately 20,000 records.
F. Most selected articles are in Chinese. English abstracts are then written and other pertinent information is translated into English.

G. TCMD is now running on a SUN/SPARC-20 Unix platform, using ORACLE as its Database Management system. Users may access it only through the campus network. The database is searchable by full text search, keyword search on each field (e.g. Title, Author, abstract, etc.); MeSH (Medical Subject Heading) terms are also used.

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A. TCMbasics.com.
B. [http://tcmbasics.com/materiamedica.htm](http://tcmbasics.com/materiamedica.htm)
C. Chinese Herb Database.

E. There are currently 116 herbs in this materia medica.
F. English.

G. The names are listed by: Pharmaceutical Name; Common Name (Pin-yin Name).

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A. TCMLARS (Traditional Chinese Medical Literature Analysis and Retrieval System).
C. About 400,000 citations in the fields of TCM (Chinese herbal medicine, acupuncture and moxibustion, Qigong, Chinese massage), from more than 900 biomedical journals published in China and other countries since 1949.

D. Produced by the Beijing Institute of Information and Library of the Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Beijing.

E. Approximately 200,000 citations from 520 biomedical journals.
F. Chinese, English.

G. Searching is by subject headings and key words. TCMLARS is composed of three databases: ACULARS (Acupuncture Literature Analysis and Retrieval System); TCM Database (Traditional Chinese Medical Literature Database); and Chinese Materia Medica Database. Available on CD-ROM.
A TEK*PAD (Traditional Ecological Knowledge Prior Art Database)
B http://ip.aaas.org/tekindex.nsf
C TEK*PAD is an index and search engine of existing Internet-based, public domain documentation concerning indigenous knowledge and plant species uses. TEK*PAD brings together and archives in a single location, various types of public domain data necessary to establish prior art. Data includes taxonomic and other species data, ethno-botanical uses, scientific and medical articles and abstracts, as well as patent applications themselves.
E
F English.
G TEK*PAD is meant to be used by anyone researching traditional ecological knowledge, including scientists, health professionals, and those involved in the patent application process itself.

A TRADIMED.
B http://www.tradimed.com/
C A comprehensive and unique research database containing knowledge of Chinese herbal therapy both off-line (CD-title) and on-line.
D Natural Product Research Institute, Seoul National University.
E A total of 1,1000 formulas with over 12,000 chemical constituents, analytical data, chemical structure images, and a dictionary of disease classification.
G

A TRAMED (Traditional Medicine Database).
B http://www.healthnet.org.za/tramed/gen/tramedsearch
C The Traditional Medicines Database incorporates: material gathered from the contemporary scientific literature on medicinal plants and their pharmacology and toxicology; material from collections, such as books, published articles, theses and databases already available, such as the NORISTAN database, concentrating on African plants; an operational laboratory database acting as a “lab book” for our research units.
D South African Traditional Medicines Research Unit, Dept. of Pharmacology, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Cape Town, 7925 Observatory, South Africa.
E-mail: satmerg@uctgsh1.uct.ac.za.
E
F English.
G
A TRAMIL Medicinal Plant Database.
B http://www.funredes.org/tramil/
C TRAMIL is a program of applied research for traditional popular medicine in the Caribbean. It aims to rationalize health practices based on the use of medicinal plants. Ethnobotany studies, identification of species, chemical, pharmacological and toxicological studies of medical herbs used and broadcasting of information to communities are all part of this effort. This program integrates collaborators and specialists from different fields from all over Latin America and the Caribbean.
D Fundación Redes y Desarrollo/Networks and Development Foundation/Association Réseaux et Développement. E-mail: contact@funredes.org
E
F English, French, Spanish.
G Can search for a plant by: Scientific name; Vernacular name; Botanical Family; Territory (Location); Health Problem.

A Taiwan, Province of China Medical Literature Database.
C Medical articles published in Taiwan, Province of China. Contains more than 24,460 records drawn from 40 kinds of public or interior biomedical and health care journals, academic degree dissertations, conference proceedings, study reports, and discourse collections published in Taiwan, Province of China from 1970 to 1998.
D Fujian College of Traditional Chinese Medicine.
E Contains more than 24,460 records.
F
G

A Thai Index Medicus.
B http://md3.md.chula.ac.th/thaiim.html
C Thai Index Medicus is a collection of documents published in Thai medical journals from 1918 to present.
D Medical Library, Faculty of Medicine, Chulalongkorn University, Bangkok, Thailand.
E
F English, Thai.
G

A Tibetan Medicines Database.
C The Database contains over 500 records. Each record represents a single Tibetan medicine and provides the cited information. Data is derived from ancient classical Tibetan book, such as *Yue Wang Yao Zhen*, *Si Bu Yi Dian*, *Ancestor’s Dictation*, *Jing Zhu Ben Cao*, and the recent clinical information.
D Institute of Information on Traditional Chinese Medicine, China Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine.
E Over 500 records.
F
A Tibetan Medical Literature.
C The Bibliographic Database has been initiated by the International Trust for Traditional Medicine (ITTM) to provide basic information on the vast Tibetan medical literature that presently is spread over many countries and has, so far, not been documented. It will provide a first overview of the corpus of Tibetan medical literature as a whole, including early works from Sanskrit, Chinese, Persian and other languages that were translated into Tibetan between the eighth and twelfth century, as well as original works compiled by Tibetan and Mongolian scholars until modern times. Its electronic presentation will allow a search according to each entry field as well as statistical analysis of various aspects of Tibetan medical literature.
D The International Trust for Traditional Medicine, Vijnana Niwas, Madhuban, Kalimpong 734 301, West Bengal, India. Tel: 91-3552-56459, E-mail: ittmk@vsnl.com.
E
F English.
G At present, interested Scholars can have free access to the data for their personal research and do electronic searches while in residence at the ITTM Centre, Vijnana Niwas, Kalimpong, Eastern Himalayas. It is hoped that the data will be made available on CD ROM and/or the Internet.

A Traditional Chinese Medicine Materials Database.
B The database is under construction. Part of it is available on the Internet at: (http://202.127.145.52/tcm/q_tcd.asp).
C Contains information on: Chinese name, English name, Latin name, name in pharmacopoeia, name in prescription, and other synonyms of a medical material, classification of medicinal material, description, characteristic, properties, pharmacological action, function, efficacy, channel tropism, indication, main composition, distribution, species, Chinese name and Latin name of the original plant, parts of the plant for medicinal use, morphometrics, quality grade, and identification of the medical material.
D Shanghai Institute of Organic Chemistry, China Academy of Science.
E
F
G

A Traditional Chinese Medical Literature Analysis and Retrieval System in English.
C Traditional Chinese Medical Periodical Literature. Contains about 68,000 records. The source material for the database is drawn from biomedical journals published in China since 1984.
D Institute of Information on Traditional Chinese Medicine, China Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine.
E Contains about 68,000 records.
F
G CD-ROM version available also.
A Traditional Chinese & Western Herbal Medicine in Humans & Animals.
B [http://homepage.tinet.ie/~progers/herblink.htm](http://homepage.tinet.ie/~progers/herblink.htm)
C Multiple access points. User-friendly search engine and site linkages. Herbal records retrievable by botanical, common and Chinese names. Many links, including herbal supply companies, discussion lists, associations, schools, journal articles. Includes bibliographies.
E
F English.
G

A Traditional Herbal and Plant Knowledge, Identifications.
B [http://www.kstrom.net/isk/food/plants.html](http://www.kstrom.net/isk/food/plants.html)
C Herbs used mostly by Anishinaabeg people. Indian names may be individual to the person describing and furnishing plant specimens. Different names were given to different parts of the plant, and to its different uses in food or medicine sometimes. Botanical names are current international standard.
D Paula Giese.
E
F English.
G

A Traditional Medicinal Plants of Samoa.
C An important part of traditional Samoan healing practices is the application of herbal medicines. More than 200 plant species are or were commonly or occasionally used in preparing native medicines. For each plant, information on medicinal uses by Samoan healers can be searched here.
E More than 200 plants.
F English.
G
Las Unidades Básicas de Información (UBIs), son publicaciones electrónicas que brindan conocimiento sobre las especies de diferentes grupos de organismos encontrados en Costa Rica. La información científica presente en las UBIs ha seguido un proceso riguroso de publicación, como tal, se basa en fuentes de información fidedignas, ha sido revisada filológicamente, y se presenta en un lenguaje técnico sencillo. Destaca en esta información: la taxonomía de las especies, historia natural, distribución, estado de su conservación, e importancia para el hombre.

El Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad (In Bio), P.O. Box Apdo. 22-3100, Santo Domingo de Heredia, Costa Rica. Tel: (506) 244-0690, Fax: (506) 244-2816, E-mail: askinbio@inbio.ac.cr.

Spanish.