



Council of European National Top level domain Registries

WIPO Conference on IP Questions
Relating to ccTLDs

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Best Practice Guidelines for ccTLDs

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About CENTR

- An international association of ccTLD Registries.
- Started as RIPE project in March 1998 (TLD WG).
- Became non-profit organisation in June 1999.
- Small secretariat based in Oxford, UK.
- European focus, but no geographical limits.
- ccTLD representatives form General Assembly.
- Currently 35 Full Members, collectively register over 8.5 million domain names (over 2/3 of global total for ccTLDs)



CENTR Members

| | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Armenia (.am) | Germany (.de) | Netherlands (.nl) |
| Andorra (.ad) | Greece (.gr) | Norway (.no, .bv, .sj) |
| Ascension Island (.ac) | Guernsey (.gg) | Palestine (.ps) |
| Austria (.at) | Hungary (.hu) | Poland (.pl) |
| Belgium (.be) | Ireland (.ie) | Portugal (.pt) |
| Canada (.ca) | Iran (.ir) | Romania (.ro) |
| Czech Republic (.cz) | Israel (.il) | Russia (.ru) |
| Croatia (.hr) | Italy (.it) | Slovenia (.si) |
| Cyprus (.cy) | Lithuania (.lt) | Spain (.es) |
| Denmark (.dk) | Luxembourg (.lu) | Sweden (.se) |
| Finland (.fi) | Malta (.mt) | Switzerland (.ch & .li) |
| France (.fr & others) | | United Kingdom (.uk) |

Associate Members: Japan (.jp), New Zealand (.nz), NSI Registry

Observers: European Commission, RIPE, A. Mamadov (AZ ISOC)



CENTR Objectives

- Forum to discuss matters of policy affecting ccTLDs.
- Act as channel of communication to Internet administrative bodies & other organisations.
- Promote interests of non-profit ccTLDs and lobbies on their behalf.
- Focal point for enquiries about ccTLD practices.
- Document policies and practices of ccTLDs.
- Encourage harmonisation of practices and improve service.



CENTR Activities

- Legal & Regulatory Group
 - Registry lawyers & managers collaborating on legal issues:
 - data protection, dispute resolution, contract for services & best practice guidelines
- Technical Forum
 - Workshops for technical staff of member registries
 - WGs on issues such as DNSSec, secondary servers, IDNs
- Exchange of Information
 - Survey & documentation of registry practices
 - Presentations and discussions at CENTR meetings
- Domain Name Registration Forum
 - Open forum at RIPE meetings to exchange information and views with wider domain name industry.



History of CENTR Best Practice Guidelines

- Developed in late 1999 (by CENTR Chairman, Dennis Jennings)
- Member input and consensus building in early 2000
- Amended version adopted by CENTR GA in 6/00
- GAC Principles use some of CENTR text
- Many CENTR registries have now signed up
- Presented to the wider ccTLD community & ICANN
- Referred to under the 'Obligations of the Manager' in CENTR draft Contract for Services with ICANN



CENTR Best Practice Guidelines for ccTLD Managers Recent Developments

- CENTR draft used as the basis for a ccTLD constituency BP document, 11/00
 - WG formed to merge alternative drafts at a ccTLD meeting in LA
- Introductory text added 12/00
 - Sets out the aims of the document and promotes adoption
- Procedures for Making Changing agreed 12/00
 - Anyone can suggest improvements
 - All suggestions will be reviewed and the document changed if 66% of CENTR members agree.



Objectives of Best Practice Guidelines

- To provide a broad principles which allow specific implementation suitable to specific registry needs.
- Providing a Code of Conduct within the Internet
Principle of:
 - Self regulation
 - Bottom up governance
 - Transparency
 - Authority derived from the Local Internet Community including academic community, government, commercial and non-commercial interest group



Operational Detail of Best Practice Guidelines

- **to ensure stability, accuracy, resilience and robustness of the Domain Name System;**
- **to perform the function of a trustee for a public service (though sometimes performed by the private sector);**
- **to establish and publish fair and objective registration policies;**
- **to act efficiently with regard to time and cost;**
- **to act responsibly and lawfully;**
- **to operate with technical competence;**
- **to abide by relevant Privacy and Data Protection laws.**



Why follow Best Practice Guidelines?

- Provides a sign of service quality to consumers
- Identifies the registry as operating in a fair and open manner
- Identifies the registry as a responsible operator in the wider community
- Indicates that the registry:
 - operates under local law and
 - operates primarily for the benefit of the local, internet community



Specifics of Best Practice Guidelines ^[1]

- Duty of a ccTLD Manager
 - Public service in consultation with the Local Internet Community
 - No IP or other property rights in the names registered or the 2-letter code (may have rights to other products developed as a by-product)
- Define Local Internet Community
 - Transparent process to define Local Internet Community (LIC)
- Location
 - Manager should be resident in the country/territory of the ccTLD and organisations registered there unless agreed otherwise with LIC
- Financial Basis
 - Cost effective, cost recovery unless otherwise agreed with LIC



Covered in Best Practice Guidelines [2]

- Registration of Domain Names – ccTLD manager must:
 - must register names in efficient and timely manner
 - must develop registration policies & rules in consultation with the LIC and published in a transparent manner
 - must collect necessary contact information to ensure registrant can be authoritatively identified
 - Should have a standard contract with registrants
 - Should recognise the special position of a ccTLD and not abuse the position
 - must be fair to all eligible registrants and apply the published rules in a non-discriminatory fashion



Covered in Best Practice Guidelines [3]

- Technical Requirements – ccTLD Manager must :
 - supervise registration of domain names in the registry
 - supervise operation of the name servers and appropriate zone files
 - ensure 24 hour IP connectivity to name servers and registry servers
 - publish permanently accessible email and Web address contacts
 - operate the database with accuracy, robustness and resilience
- Subcontracting - ccTLD Manager:
 - may contract out any or all of the operation and administration
 - Must contractually oblige sub-contractor to comply with Best Practice Guidelines



Covered in Best Practice Guidelines [4]

- **Governing law**
 - ccTLD should operate under the law of the territory/country where they are located
 - Registry-Registrant relationship should be governed by the law of the ccTLD
- **Data Security**
 - ccTLD managers to take reasonable steps to ensure registry data is secure against loss or damage
- **Technical Requirements**
 - ccTLD manager must supervise the operation of the DNS servers
 - maintain permanent connectivity to the Internet (24 x 7)
 - maintain and ensure the accuracy of the zone files
 - Operate the registration database with accuracy and resilience



Covered in Best Practice Guidelines [5]

- Domain Name Dispute Resolution:
 - ccTLD Manager should define and publish dispute resolution policies and procedures in consultation with the LIC
 - mechanisms should be established to handle fairly and independently any disputes arising
 - making judgements on disputes arising between third parties and domain name registrants is outside the remit of the ccTLD Manager



Making Changes to Best Practice Guidelines

- The document includes a process for anyone to suggest changes to the Best Practice Guidelines
 - Procedures in place to ensure that all suggestions get a fair hearing
 - Document will be If approved by a two third majority
- Possible areas be looked at in future revisions
 - More specific technical requirements to comply with ICANN Agreements
 - Input from the IP community on contact information
- Comments Welcome ∅