



Intellectual Property Management Medicines for Malaria Venture

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Curing Malaria Together www.mmv.org

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Medicines for Malaria Venture

Structure of the presentation



- 1. MMV at a glance - PPP model
- 2. MMV and Intellectual Property Management
- 3. Issues and challenges


Medicines for Malaria Venture

1. MMV at a glance – our mission



- MMV is a non-profit organization with a mission to **Discover, Develop and Deliver** safe and effective antimalarial drugs through public-private partnerships
- Malaria is a disease of the poor. Huge demand for drugs but the people affected have no purchasing power. MMV was created in 1999 at a time when the pipeline for new antimalarials was virtually empty
- Our vision is a world in which new medicines will help eradicate this terrible disease



1. MMV at a glance - Operating Principles



- Operating model: Public-private partnership for Product Development



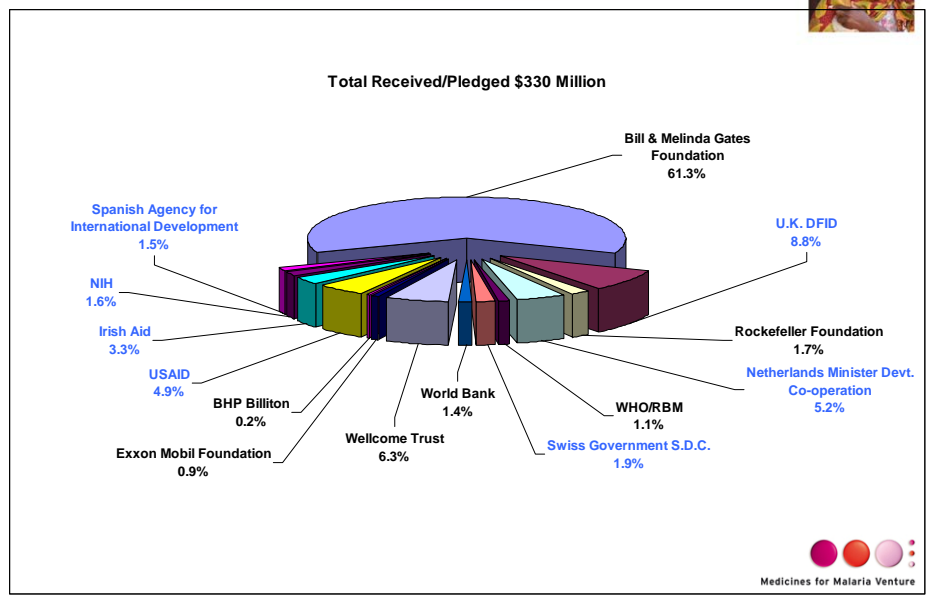
1. MMV at a glance - Operating Principles



- Operating model: Public-private partnership for Product Development
 - Raise funds (very diverse funding base)



1. MMV at a glance - Support from Private Sector and 7 Governmental Agencies



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 - Play an active role in portfolio management (MMV Science Team and ESAC)



1. MMV at a glance - Operating Principles



- Operating model: Public-private partnership for Product Development
 - Raise funds (very diverse funding base)
 - Fund projects in our portfolio
 - Play an active role in portfolio management (MMV Science Team and ESAC)
 - But, we keep in mind our public health mission (cost of end product)



2. Intellectual Property Management



- Drug Development PPPs, such as MMV, will, by design, create new IP or further develop existing technologies
- We have today the largest antimalarial portfolio in the world, with projects at every stage of drug development:
 - Exploratory
 - Discovery
 - Preclinical
 - Development
 - Regulatory



2. IP Management - Portfolio Q3 2008



Research		Translational			Development	
Lead Gen	Lead Opt	Preclinical	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Registration ¹
Novartis 9 projects	DHFR BIOTEC/ Monash/LSHTM	OZ 439 Monash/UNMC/STI	Isoquine GSK	IV artesunate University of Tubingen	Eurartesim™ Sigma Tau	Coartem®-D Novartis
GSK 3 projects	DHFR Novartis	GSK 932121 GSK	Tafenoquine GSK		Pyramax® ShriPoong/ University of Iowa	
Broad/Genzyme 5 projects	Pyridones GSK					
Others 6 projects	Macrolides GSK					
	DHODH UTSW/UW/Monash					
	Nat Product Novartis					
	Ozonides Monash/UNMC/STI					

¹ with stringent international regulatory authority



2. IP Management at each stage



- Our portfolio is populated with new projects
 - either coming into our pipeline at various stages
 - or progressing through the pipeline, if successful
- Any product developed within a project will typically include:
 - Background technologies
 - Technologies acquired or licensed from third parties
 - Program or Foreground technologies
- Necessity to decide on a strategy for managing existing or future IP at each stage of the product development



2. IP Management - Securing IP



- Is IP protection essential for MMV? Why?
 - Not for financial returns
 - But, for further development of the project (ensuring development of promising compounds, attracting partners)
- Is it essential for MMV to own IP Rights?
 - Not always preferred option
 - But appropriate license rights are vital



2. IP Management - Securing Background IP



- Background IP
 - Remains the property of the Party owning them
 - Unencumbered compounds
 - Owned (and protected) by the other party
 - Licensed to the other party
 - Each party grants to the other(s) a license to its Background IP
 - Non-exclusive
 - Worldwide
 - Paid up
 - Royalty free
 - Sub-licensable (restrictions)



2. IP Management - Securing Program IP



- Program IP
 - Vests in the party at which the invention took place
 - Decisions to file, prosecute and maintain patents taken by a joint committee or by the pharma partner (possible sharing of costs)
 - MMV will seek the appropriate license rights to Program IP:
 - Exclusive (in the field of malaria)
 - Worldwide
 - Paid up
 - Royalty free
 - Sub-licensable



2. IP Management - Acquired IP



- In-licensing of compounds
 - MMV will seek the appropriate license rights :
 - Exclusive in the field of malaria
 - Worldwide
 - Paid up
 - Royalty free
 - Sub-licensable



2. Securing IP- MMV's perspective - Summary



- From MMV's perspective:
 - To ensure that promising compounds are developed in the field of malaria (early stages) – but at the exploratory stage, it may be decided to publish early
 - To facilitate the process of attracting a commercial partner (clinical phases)
 - To control the manufacturing and distribution of the drug (late stages)



2. Commercial partner's perspective



- From the commercial partner's perspective:
 - Rights in the premium private sector of malaria endemic countries
 - Rights in the developed countries (treatment and prophylaxis)
 - When IP has broad applicability, rights outside the field of malaria



3. Issues and challenges - Universities



- Dealing with “tech transfer” offices in universities. We need to:
 - Explain our public health mission
 - Secure license rights to Background IP
 - Secure license rights to Program IP
 - Insist on getting those rights without paying for patent costs
- Dealing with scientists. We need to:
 - Protect the IP and prevent early publications



3. Issues and challenges - Pharmas



- Pharmas may wish to keep the right to withdraw compounds if potential for development and commercialization exists outside the field
 - MMV will not allow this after candidate selection
 - Compounds will have to be reinstated if the pharma no longer wishes to develop them outside the field
 - If compounds are developed outside the field MMV may seek compensation (royalties on net sales)



3. New Developments



- Addition of new section 524 to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act: the FDA will be able to award Priority Review Vouchers to entities that have obtained FDA approval for tropical diseases drug products.
- This is an enormous incentive and will encourage drug development for tropical diseases.
- It will help MMV negotiate partnerships and leverage pharma involvement in our projects



In conclusion



- MMV uses IP as a **tool** to achieve our public health goals: to promote access to life saving medicines
- The Priority Review Voucher is a **new tool** at our disposal to attract pharmaceutical partners. It will encourage R&D in the field of tropical diseases, such as malaria.



Thank you

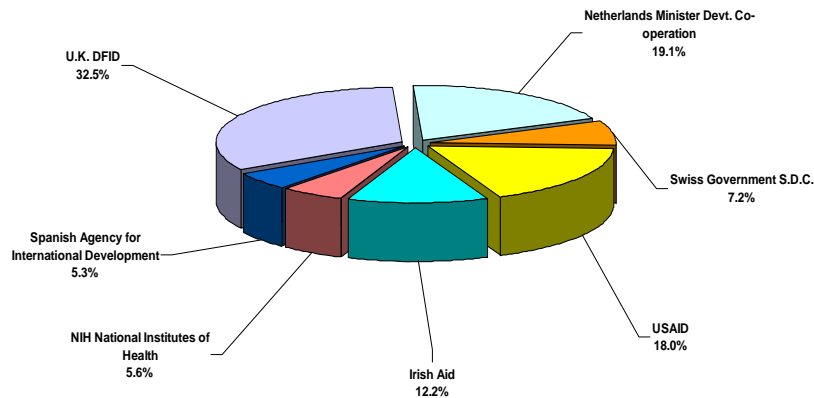


7 Governmental Agencies: \$88 Million



MMV - Medicines for Malaria Venture
funding from Foundation to 2010 (Oct 2008)

(7 Government Agencies: \$88 Million)



Back-up slide – Win/Win situation



MMV and Partners Inputs

- \$\$\$
- Drug Profile
- Partner Management
- Link to WHO/GMP/Policy
- Malaria Expertise
- Evaluation / Monitoring

Industry Inputs

- Chemistry IPR
- Toxicology
- Assets in Kind
- Liability Insurance
- Know how
- Expertise

Public



Private

For the 'Public Good'

R&D

MMV and Partners Gets

- Rights in DEC
- IPR in 'Field'
- Drug Supply
- Return on non DEC Sales

Industry Gets

- Rights in non DEC
- IPR outside 'Field'
- Validation of Technology
- PR Benefit *Corporate Citizenship and Responsibility*
- HR Benefit *Staff Satisfaction*

Public+Private = leveraged cost



MMV's partners across the world

