#### ITU Standards for Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technology

**Martin Adolph** ITU Telecommunication Standardization Bureau April 2019 Context: Blockchain and DLT – More than just a cryptocurrency infrastructure

- ITU definitions (work in progress):
  - **Distributed ledger**: "A type of ledger, that is shared, replicated, and synchronized in a distributed manner."
  - **Block**: "Individual data unit of a blockchain, composed of a collection of transactions and a block header."
  - **Blockchain**: "A type of distributed ledger which is comprised of digitally recorded data, which may be continuously growing chain of blocks, and where each of block is cryptographically linked hardened against tampering and revision."

- Use cases outside the finance sector
  - Vertical sectors:
    - Telecoms (e.g., number portability, settlement of roaming, wholesale voice and data)
    - Public sector (e.g., voting, transparency)
    - Healthcare (e.g., access to health records)
    - Energy (e.g., micro grids)
    - etc.
  - Horizontal:
    - Identity management
    - Security management
    - Data provenance



Source: ITU-T Focus Group on Application of Distributed Ledger Technology

#### Blockchain and DLT – ITU Portfolio

#### **ITU-T Focus Groups**

**Pre-standardization** 

- Application of DLT (FG DLT) identifies use cases, works on terminology, a high-level architecture, an assessment framework, and regulatory aspects
- **Digital Fiat Currency (FG DFC)** explores blockchain as enabler for CBDC
- Data Processing and Management to support IoT and Smart Cities & Communities (FG DPM) - studies use of blockchain in this context

#### **ITU-T Study Groups** Formal standardization

- **SG13** Cloud computing requirements for blockchain as a service (BaaS); blockchain in NGNe (2 work items)
- **SG16** DLT and e-services (Question 22/16) (4 work items)
- SG17 Security aspects for DLT (Question 14/17: 10 work items)
- SG20 "Blockchain of things" (4 work items)



Open to non-members

### Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – Overview

Leaders	Structure	Timeline
	WG1: Terms, Definitions, Concepts	Lifetime from Oct 2017 to Sept 2019
		1. Geneva, 17-19 October 2017 (ITU)
Wei Kai (CAICT, China)	WG2: Applications & Services	2. Bern, 5-7 February 2018 (Swisscom)
		3. Geneva, 28-30 May 2018 (ITU)
	WG3: Technology Ref. Framework	4. Beijing, 9-12 Oct 2018 (CAICT)
Suzana Maranhão Moreno (BNDES, Brazil)		5. Rio de Janeiro, 14-17 Jan 2019 (BNDES)
		6. Madrid, 1-4 April 2019 (Alastria)
	wg4: Policy Framework	7. Geneva: 29 July-2 August 2019 (ITU)



WG5: Standardization Roadmap

#### Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – Status of Deliverables

Deliverables (Number, title)		Description	Completion %	Completion by meeting	Possible Study Group
D1.1	Terms and definitions	Harmonization with related terminology from ITU-T SG17, ISO/TC 307, NIST, and others.	70	April 2019	Recommendation
D2.1	DLT use cases	More than 50 use cases reviewed, including from finance, healthcare, utilities, telecoms sectors, as well as cross-cutting DLT applications (e.g., identity management, data provenance).	50	Jul/Aug 2019	Technical Paper
D3.1	DLT reference architecture	Includes hierarchical relationships, specific functions and modules.	70	April 2019	Recommendation
D3.2	Overview of existing platforms and mapping to DLT reference architecture	Covers most popular DLT platforms.	40	Jul/Aug 2019	Technical Paper
D3.3	Assessment criteria for DLT platforms	Introduction of 17 DLT platform assessment criteria.	70	April 2019	Recommendation
D4.1	Regulatory framework	Discussion of key DLT features and associated regulatory challenges. Examples of approaches for users, regulators and solution providers to address these challenges.	50	Jul/Aug 2019	Technical Paper
Dx.y	Outlook on future DLT	Introduction of emerging concepts related to DLT.	70	April 2019	Technical Paper



# Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – **Terminology**

- Currently 37 DLT-related terms defined
- Work takes into consideration ongoing discussion in ISO/TC 307, NIST, DIN, ITU-T, and elsewhere
- Moving forward, it will provide a useful reference for DLT work in ITU Study Groups and beyond



### Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – Use cases

- Collecting and analyzing real world DLT use cases using a standardized reporting template
  - Description of the value added by the use of DLT in use case vs. non-DLT
  - Highlights significance of DLT in the attainment of the UN Sustainable Development Goals
  - Discusses any implication or requirements for future standards work

Use Case Summary₽					
Use Case ID:		Use Case Type:↩	e.	]	
Submission Date: 🤟	4	Is Use Case	e.	1	
		supporting SDGs+?			
Use Case Title:↔	e.	Domain:↔	Ъ.	4	
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person submitting/+/					
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Proposing Organization	e .			ŀ	
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Data:≁	сь С			1	
Identification:	4			1	
Predicted Outcomes:	ته			1	
ų					
Overview of the Business Problem or Opportunity				1	
- <i>P</i>					
Why Distributed Ledger Technology?					



### Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – **Reference architecture**



Goal: Abstract hierarchical architecture of distributed ledger technologies. Cover (almost) all DLTs, including public blockchains represented by Ethereum and Bitcoin, private blockchains represented by Hyperledger Fabric, and non-blockchain DLT systems, such as IOTA Tangle or R3 CORDA.



# Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – Platform mapping

- Describing existing DLT platforms and how they related to reference architecture
- Platforms currently considered include: Ontology, Ontology 2B, Stellar, Sawtooth, Fabric, EOS, Ethereum, Alastria, Corda, Quorum, IOTA, Disledger, Hashgraph, Ardor ... input from other platforms welcome

	Governance & Compliance						
Summary	Governance	Trust Endorsement Policy	Smart Contract	AAA Mgt	Consensus	Ledger Mgt	Node Mgt

#### Mapping template:

				Operation & Maintenance		Extornal	
Data Storage	Network Mgt	Message	Crypto Lib	Node Mgt	Chain Network	Resource Mgt	Extensions



## Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – Platform assessment

	Effectiveness of the Consensus Algorithms			Proper Private Key Management		
Core Technology	Transaction Confirmation Time		Smart Contract		Traceability	
	Basic Function	Compliance of cryptography		ptography	Throughput	
Application	Memory expansion	Authentication and Authorization Platform Sta		bility	Data Privacy	
	Application Stability		Business Separation Component Support		omponents Support	
Orecentieree	Node Management		Failure Recovery			
Operations	Auditability		Data Migration			

Goal: Describe DLT platform assessment criteria and methods.

## Focus Group on Application of DLT (FG DLT) – **Regulatory framework**

DLT key features	Regulatory aspects include	Recommendations
Distributed	Applicable law if nodes are established in multiple jurisdictions	
Distributed	Who is the legal subject	
	<ul> <li>Immutable shared ledgers, error corrections mechanisms</li> </ul>	
Tamper-evident and -resistant	Right to be forgotten	(For users and implementers)
	Smart contracts	(
Shared	Privacy & data protection	
	Meaning of token/coin	For policy makers and regulators
Incentive- and asset-based	Legal aspects of ICOs	1 / 0
	Future of crypto-economy	
Open and transparent	How to deal with abuse	(For industry)
Anonymous	Considerations of anonymity vs identification (AML/KYC)	
Autonomous	Implications of autonomous smart contract execution	
	Automation of governance rules	



Goal: Provide guidance to policy makers, regulators.



Find out more at <a href="https://itu.int/en/ITU-T/focusgroups/dlt/">https://itu.int/en/ITU-T/focusgroups/dlt/</a>





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