

# Topic 8: Utilizing Claims Granted in other Jurisdictions

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> Casablanca Mars 21, 2018

#### Agenda

Retrieval options

- Comparing claims
- Reasons for differences
- Standardized procedures
  - Patent Prosecution Highway
  - Validation



### Example: WO2008035580

- 2 JP priorities
- Inpadoc family: 39 members
- Simple family; 35 members
- Simple family:

# grants in AP, AU, 2xCN, US, NZ, CA, KR, EA, MA, MX, MY, TW, UA, PH, VN, EP

further grants in: 2xJP

#### Pendency: 2-10 years

**Extended** family:

- 2006-09-20 earliest priority date
- 2008-09-03 JP grant
- 2016-10-26 EP

Still pending in BH, LA,...

# Examples of grants: WO2008035580

#### WO-A1 = AU-B2 = JP-B1

1. A plant cultivation system comprising:

- a nonporous hydrophilic film for cultivating a plant thereon, and

- a feeding means for supplying water or a nutrient fluid to the lower surface of said

nonporous hydrophilic film in the absence of a hydroponic tank for accommodating water or a nutrient fluid and cultivating a plant therein.

#### CA-C

1. A plant cultivation system comprising:

- a nonporous hydrophilic film for cultivating a plant thereon;

 a feeding means for feeding water or a nutrient fluid to the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film,

 said feeding means comprising at least one layer which is a water impermeable material layer or a water absorbing material layer,

- said at least one layer is laid and extends under said nonporous hydrophilic film,

 wherein, when said feeding means comprises both the water impermeable material layer and the water absorbing material layer, the water absorbing material layer is disposed between said nonporous hydrophilic film and said water impermeable material layer and in contact with the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film;

 and a drip tube as an irrigation means for supplying water or a nutrient fluid to the feeding means,

 said drip tube being disposed below said nonporous hydrophilic film in a man- ner such that water or a nutrient fluid supplied from the drip tube is fed to the lower surface of the nonporous hydrophilic film.

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#### Examples of grants: WO2008035580

#### CA-C

1. A plant cultivation system comprising:

- a nonporous hydrophilic film for cultivating a plant thereon;

 a feeding means for feeding water or a nutrient fluid to the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film,

 said feeding means comprising at least one layer which is a water impermeable material layer or a water absorbing material layer,

- said at least one layer is laid and extends under said nonporous hydrophilic film,

 wherein, when said feeding means comprises both the water impermeable material layer and the water absorbing material layer, the water absorbing material layer is disposed between said nonporous hydrophilic film and said water impermeable material layer and in contact with the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film;

 - and a drip tube as an irrigation means for supplying water or a nutrient fluid to the feeding means,

 said drip tube being disposed below said nonporous hydrophilic film in a man- ner such that water or a nutrient fluid supplied from the drip tube is fed to the lower surface of the nonporous hydrophilic film.

#### US-B2

1. A plant cultivation system comprising:

- a nonporous hydrophilic film for cultivating a plant thereon,

- a feeding means for feeding water or a nutrient fluid to the lower surface of said

nonporous hydrophilic film in the absence of a hydroponic tank for accommodating water or a nutrient fluid and cultivating a plant therein,

 said feeding means comprising at least one layer selected from the group consisting of a water impermeable material layer and a water absorbing material layer,

- which is laid and extends under said nonporous hydrophilic film,

 wherein, when said feeding means comprises both of said water impermeable material layer and said water absorbing material layer, said water absorbing material layer is disposed between said nonporous hydrophilic film and said water impermeable material layer and is in contact with the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film.

 - and a drip tube as an irrigation means for supplying water or a nutrient fluid to said feeding means,

 said drip tube disposed below said nonporous hydrophilic film in a manner such that water or nutrient fluid supplied from said drip tube is fed to the lower surface of said nonporous hydrophilic film;

- wherein said nonporous hydrophilic film is a film which exhibits an electrical conductivity (EC) difference of 4.5 dS/m or less,

- said EC difference being determined by a method comprising contacting water with a saline solution having a salt concentration of 0.5% by weight through said nonporous hydrophilic film, measuring the electrical conductivity of each of the water and the saline solution 4 days (96 hours) after the start of the contact, and calculating the difference in electrical conductivity between the water and the saline solution.



#### **Espacenet retrieval**

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Claims Mosaics	DEVICE AND METHOD FOR DRIVING LEDS							
Original document Cited documents	Page bookmark W02011152795 (A1) - DEVICE AND METHOD FOR DRIVING LEDS							
Citing documents INPADOC legal status	Inventor(s): WEE KAI FOOK FRANCIS [SG]; STONA ANDREA [IT]; GROPPI LEOPOLDO [IT]; MAN KWOK WING [CN]; CHONG FOO WING [MY] ±				[CN];			
INPADOC patent family	Applicant(s):	OPULENT ELECTRONICS INTERNAT PTE LTD [SG]; WEE KAI FOOK FRANCIS [SG]; STONA ANDREA [IT]; GROPPI LEOPOLDO [IT]; MAN KWOK WING [CN]; CHONG FOO WING [MY] ±				EA [IT];		
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Why does a list of documents with the heading "Also published as" sometimes appear, and what are these documents?	Abstract of WO	2011152795	(A1)					ROP

#### **Retrieval options**

#### Publications of granted patents

- Can easily be identified by kind codes (B1, B2, C1, C2,..) of domestic family members
- PDFs of granted patents: represent the official publications
- Full text (HTML) version: often OCR errors and errors with special characters, formulas
- Publication doesn't mean that grant entered into force!!
- Check if opposition was filed, is still pending or was settled by
  - Maintaining the patent
  - Revoking the patent
  - Restricting the patent: New publication of restricted claims (different kind code)

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

ORGANIZATION

File wrapper: e.g., for cases where examiner was ready to grant but applicant abandoned application nevertheless; or for intentions to grant (before grants are published)

### Espacenet retrieval – full text claims

US7833207 (B2)	Claims: US7833207 (B2) — 2010-11-16				
Bibliographic data	★ In my patents list II Report data error	Print			
Description					
Claims	PANTS-TYPE WEARING ARTICLE				
Mosaics	PANTS-ITFE WEARING ARTICLE				
Original document	Claims of US7833207 (B2)				
Cited documents					
Citing documents	A high quality text as facsimile in your desired language may be available amongst the following f	amily			
INPADOC legal status	members:				
INPADOC patent family	BRPI0712274 (A2) CA2655926 (A1) CN101484116 (A) EA200900142 (A1) EP2039332 (A1) JP2008012115 (A) KR101369354 (B1) MX2009000135 (A) TW200819114 (A) WO2008004425 (A1)	0.0			
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#### **Espacenet retrieval - claims**

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AU2010339630 (B2)	Claims: AU2010339630 (B2) - 2013-07-11	
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Claims	Device and method for driving LEDs	
Original document		
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"Register" button?	an Analogue to Digital converter (ADC), the ADC configured to obtain a digiti	the grant publication.
What happens if I click on the red "patent translate" button?	a voltage comparator, the voltage comparator configured to obtain a discharg converter at each time period;	Occasionally, full text is not
→ How can I view the claim structure?	wherein in operation, the at least one IC is programmed to obtain the digitize desired electrical current, a reference constant, and the switching time period	<b>3</b> ·
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French or German or another language altogether?	flowing into the at least one LED.	domestic family
→ How can I search in the text of the claims?	A device according to claim 1, wherein the at least one IC is an application-sp 2	domostio farmy
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structures in the full text?	A device according to claim 2, wherein the switch-on time of the electronic switcl Tow - I~ OU T T ONV K *Vim TOFF where ToN is the switch-on time of the elect	
	switching time period of the electronic switch; K is the reference constant; TOFF mode power converter and V is the digitalized voltage input.	F is the discharge time of the inductive element of the switch

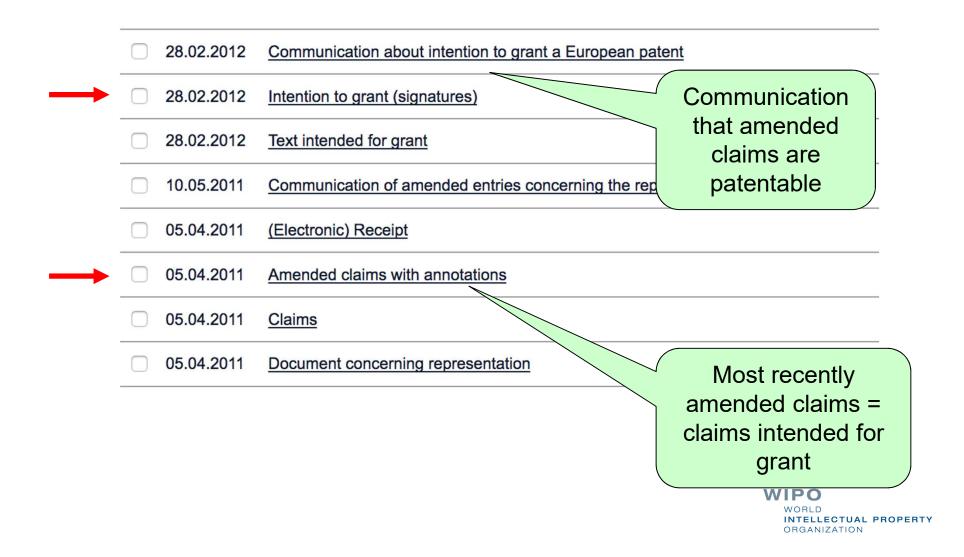
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	10	a voltage comparator, the volta time of an inductive element time period;	age comparator configured to obtain a of the switch mode power converte	discharge r at each

# Intention to grant: EP2140598

			Withdrawn despite intention to grant		
Examination procedure	30.12.2008	Request for preli International Prel	Patentable claims will therefore not be published		
	19.11.2009	Amendment by a	as B1 document		
	19.11.2009	Examination requ	Retrievable only by		
	18.02.2010	Despatch of a co	download from electronic	)	
	15.06.2010	Reply to a commu	dossier		
	02.12.2010	Despatch of a communication from the examinin, (ime limit: M04)			
	05.04.2011	Reply to a communication from the examining div			
	28.02.2012	Communication of intention to grant the patent			
	10.07.2012	Application deemed to be withdrawn, date of legal effect [2013/03]			
	16.08.2012		nunication that the application is deemed to be withdrawn nt / fee for printing not paid in time [2013/03]	l,	

### Intention to grant: EP2140598



**Comparing claims** 



### Claim sample – two part claim

Introducing part (category, purpose)

- 1. A method of determining the torque induced in a rotating shaft (51),
- A the shaft (51) having a torsional oscillation frequency that is dependent on the stiffness of the shaft (51),
- **B** where the torsional oscillation frequency and the stiffness are dependent upon the operating conditions of the shaft (51),

characterized in that \_\_\_\_\_ generic expression

- **C** the torsional oscillation frequency of the rotating shaft (51) is measured (35);
- D the twist induced in the rotating shaft (51) by the torque is measured (39); and
- E the measured value of the torsional oscillation frequency and the measured value of the induced twist are used (41) to determine the torque induced in

the shaft (51).

Sequence of 5 features A - E (added)



#### **Deconstruction of claim wording**

- Deconstruction of claim wording, i.e. structuring/sorting the subject matter of a claim into distinct features/elements facilitates:
  - Understanding of the subject matter
  - Checking the clarity of the claim wording
  - Searching of prior art
  - Assessing of novelty by comparing the distinct features with the prior art
  - Determination of the closest prior art
  - (Determination of the difference to the closest prior art)
  - Comparison of claims subject to examination at different IPOs (claims of different members of the patent family)

Claims granted by different offices for 'same' invention (simple family) are often quite different:

- Substantial differences
  - Some elements/features are different, i.e. some may be missing or others included
  - Different category
  - Totally different subject matter of independent claims
- Non-substantial differences ("equivalent" scope of protection)
  - One part claim instead of two part claims, where all features are present and only listed in different order
  - Wording is basically similar but uses synonymous/equivalent expressions
  - Additional or missing reference numerals

<u>Claims</u> <u>WO2011107527</u>

1. Thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being **characterized in that** said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.

#### AU2011223000B2

1. Thread or stripe, comprising at least one plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being **characterized in that** said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.

#### **Claim deconstruction**

WO Thread or stripe,

preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles,

the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information,

the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.

AU Thread or stripe,

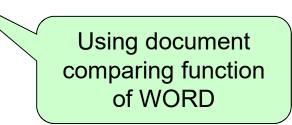
comprising at least one plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles,

the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information,

the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.

### **Determining differences**

- WO Thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.
- AU Thread or stripe, comprising at least one plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.
- // Thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a<u>at least one</u> plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.



#### EP2542417B1

1. Security thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a first plastic foil which carries a first imprinting comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, wherein said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said first imprinting is a hardened structured coating in the form of indicia.

### **Determining differences**

- WO Thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a plastic foil which carries a hardened coating comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length.
- EP Security thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a first plastic foil which carries a first imprinting comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, wherein said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said first imprinting is a hardened structured coating in the form of indicia.
- // ThreadSecurity thread or stripe, preferably for the incorporation into or onto a value-document or currency substrate, comprising a first plastic foil which carries a hardened coatingfirst imprinting comprising oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles, the orientation of said pigment particles representing graphic information, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said wherein said graphic information is a repetitive seamless pattern of suitable repetition length, the security thread or stripe being characterized in that said first imprinting is a hardened structured coating in the form of indicia.

#### US9216605B1

The invention claimed is:

1. A method for producing a security thread or stripe for incorporation into or onto a value document or a currency substrate, comprising:

coating a plastic foil with a coating composition comprising optically variable magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles;

orienting the magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles to represent graphic information;

hardening the oriented magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles coating to fix the magnetic or magnetizable pigment particles in their respective positions and orientations; and

slicing the plastic foil with the hardened into threads or stripes;

wherein the graphic information is produced with a magnetic orienting cylinder having a seamless and continuous repetitive magnetic field pattern having a repetition length.

#### Reasons for substantial differences

#### Examiners may have applied different prior art

- Different prior art searches, i.e. prior art documents
- Different priority dates applied
- Differences in national legislation (exclusions) or case law
- Individual examiner's views
- Patents do not belong to same simple family, i.e. applicants have sought protection for different subject matter (e.g. continuations/divisions); descriptions most likely differ



#### **Differences of national patent legislations**

- Basic categories of requirements are the same in most jurisdictions (unity, novelty, inventive step, technical nature, sufficient disclosure)
- Some differences exist in how the term "invention" or "patentable invention" is defined (positively, negatively)
- Differences, however exist mostly in terms of exclusions, e.g.
  - US do grant business methods, software patents,...
  - DE/EP grants new use of known compound, PK does not,...
  - Islamic countries exclude, e.g., inventions related to pork
  - Temporary exclusions in Myanmar: Section 8 (b)
- For analysis of different national practices, see e.g. SCP studies and surveys on WIPO website:
  - http://www.wipo.int/edocs/mdocs/scp/en/scp\_13/scp\_13\_3.pdf
  - <u>http://www.wipo.int/scp/en/exceptions/</u>

#### **Evolution of claims**

- Claims of a patent application are usually different at different publication and prosecution stages of the application
- Before examination, the initially filed independent claims have a broader scope because applicants seek to get as much protection as possible
- Claims of granted patents are, in comparison to the initially filed claims,
  - Usually narrower, i.e. include additional features, or
  - May be totally different
- Claims after opposition have often narrower scope than claims after grant



#### Claim sample – as filed

- 1. A method of determining the torque induced in a rotating shaft (51),
- A the shaft (51) having a torsional oscillation frequency that is dependent on the stiffness of the shaft (51),
- **B** where the torsional oscillation frequency and the stiffness are dependent upon the operating conditions of the shaft (51),

#### characterized in that

- **C** the torsional oscillation frequency of the rotating shaft (51) is measured (35);
- D the twist induced in the rotating shaft (51) by the torque is measured (39); and
- E the measured value of the torsional oscillation frequency and the measured value of the induced twist are used (41) to determine the torque induced in the shaft (51).

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### Claim sample – as granted

- 1. A method of determining the torque induced in a rotating shaft (51),
- A the shaft (51) having a torsional oscillation frequency that is dependent on the stiffness of the shaft (51),
- **B** where the torsional oscillation frequency and the stiffness are dependent upon the operating conditions of the shaft (51),

the method comprising:

- **C** measuring (35) the torsional oscillation frequency of the rotating shaft (51);
- D measuring (39) the twist induced in the rotating shaft (51) by the torque; and
- E using (41) the measured value of the torsional oscillation frequency and the measured value of the induced twist to determine the torque induced in the shaft (51);
- F the torsional oscillation frequency of the shaft (51) and the induced twist are measured (35) at the second set of operating conditions;

the method is characterized by

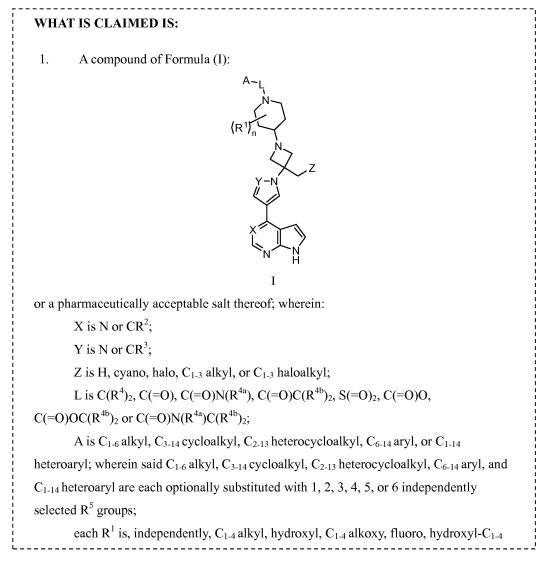
- **G** determining the torsional oscillation frequency of the shaft (51) at a second set of operating conditions at which the stiffness of the shaft (51) can be determined (33) and
- **H** determining the stiffness of the shaft (51) at the second set of operating conditions;

the torque induced in the shaft (51) at the first set of operating conditions is determined (41) using the measured torsional oscillation frequency and the induced twist at the first set of operating conditions, and the measured torsional oscillation frequency and the stiffness at the second set of operating conditions

Added during examination



#### Claim sample – as filed





#### Claim sample – as granted

What is claimed is:

1. A compound, which is {1-{1-[3-Fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)isonicotinoyl]piperidin-4-yl}-3[4-(7H-pyrrolo[2,3-d] pyrimidin-4-yl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]azetidin-3-yl}acetonitrile, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

**2**. A salt, which is {1-{1-[3-Fluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl) isonicotinoyl]piperidin-4-yl}-3-[4-(7H-pyrrolo [2,3-d]pyri-midin-4-yl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]azetidin-3-yl}acetonitrile adipic acid salt.



#### Admissible claim amendments

Applicant may usually amend/narrow claims anytime during examination, e.g. if originally filed claims are not patentable:

- Adding further features taken **from description** or from other claims
- Replacement of features
- Completely reworded claims
- All features have to be supported by the original description
- When adopting claims granted in another jurisdiction, the adopted claims have to be supported by the description of the local application.
- For applications in the same simple family it is very likely that descriptions are the same, and that adopted claims are therefore supported by it.
- For applications that are national phase entries of the same international application, it is almost guaranteed that descriptions are identical.

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#### Strategy for using claims

#### Preparatory stage

- Research family and examination status
- If several grants: compare claims and select suitable claim set (e.g. narrowest main claim; more citations considered; most recent grant)
- If still pending in other jurisdiction(s): check if additional prior art applied there warrants further waiting for completion of examination in that/those jurisdiction(s)
- Confirm compatibility of selected set with national legislation
- Check if claims are supported by description
- Optionally, sort and prioritize in
  - **Easy cases**: only grants, no rejections, no substantial withdrawals in family
  - > grant is extremely likely
  - > an analysis of the patentability of the pending claims may be avoided
  - > one should attempt to get the applicant adopt the selected claim set
  - Complex/contentious cases: grants and rejections in same simple family
  - > rejection may be due
  - > Contentious cases may require a detailed analysis of the patentability of the pending claims and the claims granted by other IPOs

# Strategy for backlog processing II

#### Applicant interaction stage

- Selected claims may not be granted immediately
- Principles of 'party disposition' and 'fair trial' require communications/reports and consent of applicant

#### Easy cases

- Propose selected claim set to applicant
- "Motivate" applicant to adopt proposal, e.g. by issuing a 'smart' report mentioning the comparison of results of other national phase, additional citations,..
- Initially avoid as much as possible discussion of patentability of pending claims (time consuming)
- If applicant doesn't agree, place case in contentious category

#### **Contentious cases**

- Most likely requires regular substantive examination procedure
- 1<sup>st</sup> action: report explaining non-patentability of pending claims

### Summary

Preparatory stage: Focusing on external grants may enable you to (most likely)

- Avoid your own prior art search
- Avoid your own analysis of novelty and inventiveness
- Selection of claim set takes 1-3h per case for a skilled examiner

#### Applicant interaction stage:

- Most cases are expected to be easy cases: proposals likely to be adopted by applicant > efficient processing
- May be time consuming for contentious cases, i.e.
  - If applicants disagree with proposed claim set and insist on their own claims
  - Additional prior art search may become necessary, e.g. if amended claims or parts thereof were never searched before
  - Rejection ruling may have to be issued
  - May require examiner with technical expertise, e.g. for conducting a supplementary search or analyzing obviousness
- Difficult to estimate the time needed for contentious cases

#### Patent Prosecution Highway PPH

- JPO initiative to accelerate granting in case of grants at other IPOs, in case 'Office of Earlier Examination' has determined allowable / patentable subject-matter
- Bilateral agreements between IPOs
- Commitment to prioritize/accelerate examination in case of grant at other IPO, namely accelerate 1<sup>st</sup> office action
- No obligation to adopt claims/conclusions
- Accelerated examination has to be requested by applicant
- Condition: applicant submits identical claims that were granted
- Even if there is a PPH request, it would be obligatory to check other national phase work products.
- Claims subject to a PPH request must **not** be granted without further examination if the OEE examiner overlooked relevant prior art.

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#### **Simplified Examination**

#### **Examination Report**

Application No.: PCT Application No.: Date of report: 102 PCT/IT2006/000825 x July 2017

1. The present application 102 is a PCT national phase entry of the International Application PCT/IT2006/000825. The Authority has reviewed the patents granted for other PCT national phase entries of this International Application in other jurisdictions, in particular following publications: AU2006351328B2, CA2670311C, EP2162617B1 and US8581431B2. The Authority has considered the prior art cited in the International Search Report as published in WO2008065684A1 as well as the prior art established in the other national phases.

2. The claims as received on *[date of receipt at office]* are not found to meet the requirements of Article 13 of the Law of Intellectual Property. However, the claims 1-19 granted by the European Patent Office as published in the document EP2162617B1 have been found to meet the requirements of Article 13 of the Law of Intellectual Property.

### **Simplified Examination**

3. The applicant is therefore invited to submit a set of amended claims equivalent to the said claims as published in the document EP2162617B1. The applicant is further invited to amend accordingly the parts of the description relating to the claimed subject matter.

4. The applicant is further requested to confirm that the patents AU2006351328B2, CA2670311C, EP2162617B1 and US8581431B2, as well as other patents which have been granted for the same invention have not been subject to any post-grant reexamination, revocation, cancellation, invalidation or similar procedures.

5. If the applicant does not agree with the invitation of section 3 above, and wishes to amend the claims in other ways, the Authority will continue examination, taking into account any search and examination work products established by the International Search and Examination Authority and other patent authorities where the International Application entered the national phase. For that purpose, the applicant is requested to provide, according to Article 36 of the Law of Intellectual Property, information on any application filed in any jurisdiction and relating to the same claimed subject matter, and furnish copies of any such examination work products or decisions regarding these applications.

6. If the applicant fails to respond to this communication within 3 months from the date of receipt of this communication, the application will be considered abandoned according to Article 43 (2) and (5) of the Law of Intellectual Property.

BTY

#### Modified examination

- Some patent laws (MY) permit applicants to request examination based on grants issued in other jurisdictions
- Commitment to prioritize/accelerate examination in case of grant at other IPO
- No obligation to adopt claims/conclusions
- Accelerated examination has to be requested by applicant
- Condition: applicant submits identical claims that were granted
- Even if there is a request, it would be obligatory to check other national phase work products.
- Claims subject to a request must **not** be granted without further examination if the OEE examiner overlooked relevant prior art.

### Validation

EPC validation:

- EPO grants patents
- Patents are then "validated" in designated member countries, i.e. they become national patents
- EPO now concludes bilateral validation agreements with jurisdictions not being members of the EPC (e.g. Morocco, Tunisia, Moldova)

Morocco: entry into force on March 1, 2015

- Designation as extension countries in EPO application, therefore no need to file separate application > applicant driven
- Not possible retroactively for pending applications
- Requires harmonization of national laws with EPC
  - Lately a bit more relaxed; for example, offices may refuse grant of subject matter excluded from patentability according to their law (KH)
  - Validating EPO decision includes effective adoption of case law as well

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### Validation

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33.2	Es ist beabsichtigt, die Validierungsgebühr(en) für die nebenstehend angekreuzten Staaten zu entrichten. / It is intended to pay the validation fee(s) for the states marked opposite with a cross. / Il est envisagé de payer la (les) taxe(s) de validation pour les Etats dont le nom est coché ci-contre.	VAPT MA Marokko/ Morocco/ Maroc
           	Hinweis: Im automatischen Abbuchungsverfahren werden nur für die hier angekreuzten Staaten Validierungsgebühren abgebucht, sofern dem EPA nicht vor Ablauf der Zahlungsfrist ein anderslautender Auftrag zugeht.	
         	Note: Under the automatic debiting procedure, validation fees will be debited only for states indicated here, unless the EPO is instructed otherwise before expiry of the period for payment.	
	Veuillez noter que dans le cadre de la procédure de prélèvement automatique des taxes de validation, le compte est débité du montant dû seulement pour les Etats cochés ici, sauf instruction contraire reçue avant l'expiration du délai de paiement.	(Platz für Staaten, mit denen Validierungsabkommen nach Drucklegung dieses Formblatts in Kraft treten) / (Space for states with which validation agreements enter into force after this form has been printed) / (Espace prévu pour des Etats avec lesquels des accords de validation entreront en vigueur après l'impression du présent formulaire)

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#### Validation

#### Map showing the geographic coverage of European patents as of 1 December 2017

#### Member states (38)

Albania Austria Belgium Bulgaria Croatia Cyprus Czech Republic Denmark Estonia Finland France Germany Greece Hungary Iceland Ireland Italy Latvia Liechtenstein Lithuania

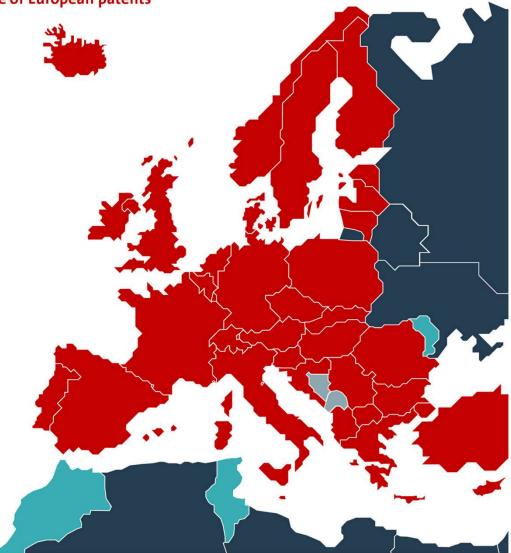
Luxembourg Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia Malta Monaco Netherlands Norway Poland Portugal Romania San Marino Serbia Slovakia Slovenia Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey United Kingdom

Extension states (2)

Bosnia-Herzegovina Montenegro

Validation states (3)

Republic of Moldova Morocco Tunisia



#### Sovereign national prosecution

Paris Convention 1883:

No obligation to follow/adopt conclusions of other IPOs or to use their results (Article 4bis)

http://www.wipo.int/treaties/en/ip/paris/summary\_paris.html

Each IPO has obligation to observe national legislation
 Each IPO has responsibility/liability for quality patents

Lawyers often refer to grants at other IPOs: just ignore that!

### Thank you

# lutz.mailander@wipo.int