



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

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page: 3.23.1

STANDARD ST.23

RECOMMENDATION FOR THE PRESENTATION OF NUCLEOTIDE AND AMINO ACID SEQUENCE LISTINGS IN PATENT APPLICATIONS AND IN PUBLISHED PATENT DOCUMENTS

INTRODUCTION

1. This Recommendation has been elaborated so as to provide standardization of the presentation of nucleotide and amino acid sequence listings in patent applications and in published patent documents. The Recommendation is intended to reduce the cost of converting applications into a standardized digitized form for publication, to enhance the accuracy and quality of presentations of nucleotide and amino acid sequence listings given in patent applications and in patent documents, to make for easier interpretation of sequences by applicants, the public and examiners and to improve the use of computerized databases in the field of biotechnology.

2. This Recommendation has been based upon corresponding regulations already introduced by some industrial property offices. The Recommendation makes no specific provision for the presentation by applicants of nucleotide and amino acid sequence listings on electronic data carriers. Such provisions are contained in WIPO Standard ST.24 (Recommendation Concerning the Filing of Nucleotide and Amino Acid Sequence Listings in Computer-Readable Form). Failing the filing of disclosures of those sequence listings on electronic data carriers, applicants are recommended to submit typed documents that closely follow WIPO Standard ST.22 (Recommendation for the Presentation of Patent Applications Typed in Optical Character Recognition (OCR) Format) so as to permit the accurate transcription of nucleotide and amino acid sequence listings.

DEFINITIONS

3. For the purposes of this Recommendation:

- (i) the expression "patent application" means a document filed by an applicant, or by an agent (representative) on his(her) behalf, requesting the grant of a patent. It usually contains a detailed description of the invention, the claims, and drawings when necessary for the understanding of the invention;
- (ii) the expression "patent document" means patents for invention, utility certificates, utility models, patents or certificates of addition, utility certificates of addition, and published applications therefor;
- (iii) the expression "Sequence Listing" means a last, separate part of the description in the typed patent application, which gives a detailed disclosure of the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences and other available information. Each sequence disclosed appears separately in the Sequence Listing and is assigned a separate identifier number.
- (iv) the expressions "nucleotide sequence" and "amino acid sequence" mean an unbranched sequence of ten or more contiguous nucleotides and an unbranched sequence of four or more contiguous amino acids, respectively. Branched sequences are specifically excluded from this definition. Nucleotides and amino acids are further defined as follows:
 - (a) "Nucleotides" embrace only those nucleotides that can be represented using the symbols set forth in paragraph 8. Modifications, e.g. methylated bases, may be described as set forth in paragraph 9, but shall not be shown explicitly in the nucleotide sequence.
 - (b) "Amino acids" are those L-amino acids commonly found in naturally occurring proteins and are listed in paragraph 11. Those amino acid sequences containing D-amino acids are not intended to be embraced by this definition. Any amino acid sequence that contains post-translationally modified amino acids may be described as the amino acid sequence that is initially translated using the symbols shown in paragraph 11 with the modified positions, e.g. hydroxylations or glycosylations, being described as set forth in paragraph 12, but these modifications shall not be shown explicitly in the amino acid sequence. Any peptide or protein that can be expressed as a sequence using the symbols in paragraph 11 in conjunction with a description elsewhere to describe, for example, abnormal linkages, cross links and end caps, non-peptidyl bonds, etc., is embraced by this definition.



SEQUENCE LISTING

4. The sequences should be given as a last, separate part of the description in the patent application or published patent document, entitled "Sequence Listing," and should begin on a new page. Each sequence disclosed should appear separately in the "Sequence Listing." Each sequence should be assigned a separate identifier number, written as SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, etc. It is recommended that the number of sequences presented in the Sequence Listing be indicated.

5. In the description or claims of the application, the sequences represented in the Sequence Listing should be referred to by the identifier number, even if the sequence or other additional or modified representations of the sequence are embedded in the text or in the drawings accompanying the description.

6. Nucleotide and amino acid sequences should be represented by at least one of the following three possibilities:

- (i) a pure nucleotide sequence;
- (ii) an amino acid sequence;
- (iii) a nucleotide sequence together with its corresponding amino acid sequence.

SYMBOLS TO BE USED

7. A nucleotide sequence should be presented only by a single strand, in the 5'-end to 3'-end direction from left to right.

8. The bases of a nucleotide sequence should be represented using the one-letter code for nucleotide sequence characters. It is recommended to use upper case letters in conformity with the following list:

| <u>Symbol</u> | <u>Meaning</u> | <u>Origin of designation</u> |
|---------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| A | A | <u>A</u> denine |
| G | G | <u>G</u> uanine |
| C | C | <u>C</u> ytosine |
| T | T | <u>T</u> hymine |
| U | U | <u>U</u> racil |
| R | G or A | pu <u>R</u> ine |
| Y | T/U or C | p <u>Y</u> rimidine |
| M | A or C | a <u>M</u> ino |
| K | G or T/U | <u>K</u> eto |
| S | G or C | <u>S</u> trong interactions 3H-bonds |
| W | A or T/U | <u>W</u> weak interactions 2H-bonds |
| B | G or C or T/U | not A |
| D | A or G or T/U | not C |
| H | A or C or T/U | not G |
| V | A or G or C | not T, not U |
| N | (A or G or C or T/U) or (unknown or other) | a <u>N</u> y |



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.3

9. Modified bases may be represented as the corresponding unmodified bases in the sequence itself if the modified base is one of those listed below and the modification is further described elsewhere in the Sequence Listing. The codes from the list below may be used in the description or the Sequence Listing but not in the sequence itself.

| <u>Symbol</u> | <u>Meaning</u> |
|---------------|--|
| ac4c | 4-acetylcytidine |
| chm5u | 5-(carboxyhydroxymethyl)uridine |
| cm | 2'-O-methylcytidine |
| cmnm5s2u | 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine |
| cmnm5u | 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluridine |
| d | dihydrouridine |
| fm | 2'-O-methylpseudouridine |
| gal q | beta, D-galactosylqueuosine |
| gm | 2'-O-methylguanosine |
| i | inosine |
| i6a | N6-isopentenyladenosine |
| m1a | 1-methyladenosine |
| m1f | 1-methylpseudouridine |
| m1g | 1-methylguanosine |
| m1i | 1-methylinosine |
| m22g | 2,2-dimethylguanosine |
| m2a | 2-methyladenosine |
| m2g | 2-methylguanosine |
| m3c | 3-methylcytidine |
| m5c | 5-methylcytidine |
| m6a | N6-methyladenosine |
| m7g | 7-methylguanosine |
| mam5u | 5-methylaminomethyluridine |
| mam5s2u | 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouridine |
| man q | beta, D-mannosylqueuosine |
| mcm5s2u | 5-methoxycarbonylmethyl-2-thiouridine |
| mcm5u | 5-methoxycarbonylmethyluridine |
| mo5u | 5-methoxyuridine |
| ms2i6a | 2-methylthio-N6-isopentenyladenosine |
| ms2t6a | N-((9-beta-D-ribofuranosyl-2-methylthiopurine-6-yl)carbamoyl)threonine |
| mt6a | N-((9-beta-D-ribofuranosylpurine-6-yl)N-methylcarbamoyl)threonine |
| mv | uridine-5-oxyacetic acid-methylester |
| o5u | uridine-5-oxyacetic acid (v) |
| osyw | wybutosine |
| p | pseudouridine |
| q | queuosine |
| s2c | 2-thiocytidine |
| s2t | 5-methyl-2-thiouridine |
| s2u | 2-thiouridine |
| s4u | 4-thiouridine |
| t | 5-methyluridine |
| t6a | N-((9-beta-D-ribofuranosylpurine-6-yl)-carbamoyl)threonine |
| tm | 2'-O-methyl-5-methyluridine |
| um | 2'-O-methyluridine |
| yw | wybutosine |
| x | 3-(3-amino-3-carboxy-propyl)uridine, (acp3)u |

Otherwise, modified bases should be listed in the sequence as "N," with further information given elsewhere in the Sequence Listing.

10. The amino acids in a protein or peptide sequence should be listed in the amino to carboxy direction from left to right, and the amino and carboxy groups should not be represented in the sequence.



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.4

11. The amino acids should be represented using the three-letter code with the first letter as a capital and should conform to the following:

| <u>Symbol</u> | <u>Meaning</u> |
|---------------|------------------|
| Ala | Alanine |
| Cys | Cysteine |
| Asp | Aspartic Acid |
| Glu | Glutamic Acid |
| Phe | Phenylalanine |
| Gly | Glycine |
| His | Histidine |
| Ile | Isoleucine |
| Lys | Lysine |
| Leu | Leucine |
| Met | Methionine |
| Asn | Asparagine |
| Pro | Proline |
| Gln | Glutamine |
| Arg | Arginine |
| Ser | Serine |
| Thr | Threonine |
| Val | Valine |
| Trp | Tryptophan |
| Tyr | Tyrosine |
| Asx | Asp or Asn |
| Glx | Glu or Gln |
| Xaa | unknown or other |

12. Modified and unusual amino acids may be represented as the corresponding unmodified amino acids in the sequence itself if the modified amino acid is one of those listed below and the modification is also further described elsewhere in the Sequence Listing. The codes from the list below may be used in the description or the Sequence Listing but not in the sequence itself.

| <u>Symbol</u> | <u>Meaning</u> |
|---------------|--|
| Aad | 2-Aminoadipic acid |
| bAad | 3-Aminoadipic acid |
| bA1a | beta-Alanine, beta-Aminopropionic acid |
| Abu | 2-Aminobutyric acid |
| 4Abu | 4-Aminobutyric acid, piperidinic acid |
| Acp | 6-Aminocaproic acid |
| Ahe | 2-Aminoheptanoic acid |
| Aib | 2-Aminoisobutyric acid |
| bAib | 3-Aminoisobutyric acid |
| Apm | 2-Aminopimelic acid |
| Dbu | 2,4 Diaminobutyric acid |
| Des | Desmosine |
| Dpm | 2,2'-Diaminopimelic acid |
| Dpr | 2,3-Diaminopropionic acid |
| EtGly | N-Ethylglycine |
| EtAsn | N-Ethylasparagine |
| Hyl | Hydroxylysine |
| aHyl | allo-Hydroxylysine |
| 3Hyp | 3-Hydroxyproline |
| 4Hyp | 4-Hydroxyproline |
| Ide | Isodesmosine |
| alle | allo-Isoleucine |
| MeGly | N-Methylglycine, sarcosine |
| Melle | N-Methylisoleucine |
| MeLys | 6-N-Methyllysine |
| MeVal | N-Methylvaline |
| Nva | Norvaline |
| Nle | Norleucine |
| Orn | Ornithine |



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.5

Otherwise, modified or unusual amino acids should be listed in the sequence as "Xaa," with further information given elsewhere in the Sequence Listing.

FORMAT TO BE USED

13. A nucleotide sequence should be listed with a maximum of 16 codons or 60 bases per line, with a space between each codon or group of 10 bases.
14. A protein or peptide sequence should be listed with a maximum of 16 amino acids per line, with a space provided between each amino acid.
15. The bases of a nucleotide sequence (including introns) should be listed in groups of 10 bases, except in the coding parts of the sequence. Leftover bases, fewer than 10 in number at the end of noncoding parts of a sequence, shall be grouped together and separated from adjacent groups by a space (see Annex 2, Example 10, nucleotides 356-360).
16. The bases of the coding parts of a nucleotide sequence should be listed as triplets (codons).
17. Amino acids corresponding to the codons in the coding parts of a nucleotide sequence should be typed immediately under the corresponding codons. Where a codon is split by an intron, the amino acid symbol should be typed below the portion of the codon containing two nucleotides (see Annex 2, Example 11, position 120).
18. The enumeration of the nucleotide bases should start at the first base of the sequence with number 1. It should be continuous through the whole sequence in the direction 5' to 3'. It should be marked in the right margin, next to the line containing the one-letter codes for the bases, and giving the number of the last base of that line. The enumeration method for nucleotide sequences set forth above remains applicable to nucleotide sequences that are circular in configuration, with the exception that the designation of the first base of the nucleotide sequence may be made at the option of the applicant.
19. The enumeration of amino acids should start at the first amino acid of the mature protein, with number 1. The amino acids preceding the mature protein, for example pre-sequences, pro-sequences, pre-pro-sequences and signal sequences, when present, should have negative numbers, counting backwards starting with the amino acid next to number 1. Zero (0) is not used when the numbering of amino acids uses negative numbers to distinguish the mature protein. Otherwise, the enumeration of amino acids should start at the first amino acid at the amino terminal as number 1. It should be marked under the sequence every 5 amino acids. The enumeration method for amino acid sequences set forth above remains applicable for amino acid sequences that are circular in configuration, with the exception that the designation of the first amino acid of the amino acid sequence may be made at the option of the applicant (see Annex 2, Examples 4 and 5).
20. A partial sequence--made up of one or more non-contiguous segments of a larger sequence or of segments from different sequences--should be numbered as a separate sequence, with a separate sequence identifier. A sequence with a gap or gaps should be numbered as a plurality of separate sequences with separate sequence identifiers, with the number of separate sequences being equal in number to the number of continuous strings of sequence data. (See Annex 2, Examples 13 and 15).

OTHER AVAILABLE INFORMATION IN THE SEQUENCE LISTING

21. It is recommended that the order and presentation of the items of information in the Sequence Listing follow the order in which those items are listed herein with either the appropriate Data Element Headings or the equivalent Numeric Identifiers. The list of Data Element Headings and equivalent Numeric Identifiers appears in Annex 1 to this Recommendation. When the Data Element Headings are used, they should be in upper case characters, not including any parenthetical explanatory information. When more than one line is necessary for the text following a heading, indentation of the additional line(s) is recommended for use to distinguish it from the heading at the left margin. When a Sequence Listing is prepared using the Numeric Identifiers, the provided information may follow immediately after the Numeric Identifier while only those Numeric Identifiers for which information is given need appear on the Sequence Listing. Generally, a blank line should be inserted between Numeric Identifiers when the digit in the second position of the Numeric Identifier changes. An exception to this general rule is that no blank line should appear preceding Numeric Identifier <310>. Additionally, a blank line should precede any repeated Numeric Identifier.



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.6

22. The Sequence Listing should include, in addition to and immediately preceding the actual nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence, the following items of information, if applicable and when available to the applicant.

GENERAL INFORMATION (Applicant, diskette and application information):

APPLICANT (may be repeated):

NAME (FAMILY NAME, GIVEN NAME(S) and/or INITIAL(S) of a natural person;
FULL OFFICIAL DESIGNATION of a legal entity):
STREET (correspondence street address, as elsewhere in application):
CITY (correspondence city address, as elsewhere in application):
STATE OR PROVINCE (correspondence state, as elsewhere in application):
COUNTRY (correspondence country, as elsewhere in application):
POSTAL CODE (correspondence postal code, as elsewhere in application):
TELEPHONE (telephone number of applicant):
TELEFAX (telefax number of applicant):
TELEX OR ELECTRONIC MAIL (telex number or electronic mail address of applicant):

TITLE OF INVENTION (title of the invention, as elsewhere in application):

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES (number of sequences in the "Sequence Listing"):

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE (name of applicant, firm, company or institution, as may be appropriate):
STREET (correspondence street address, as elsewhere in application):
CITY (correspondence city address, as elsewhere in application):
STATE OR PROVINCE (correspondence state, as elsewhere in application):
COUNTRY (correspondence country, as elsewhere in application):
POSTAL CODE (correspondence postal code, as elsewhere in application):

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE (type of diskette submitted):
COMPUTER (type of computer used with diskette submitted):
OPERATING SYSTEM (type of operating system used):
SOFTWARE (type of software used to create computer readable form):

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA (if available at time of preparation):

APPLICATION NUMBER:
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION (IPC and/or National):

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA (prior domestic, foreign priority or international application date, if applicable):

APPLICATION NUMBER:
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION (IPC and/or National):

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME (attorney/agent name):
REGISTRATION NUMBER (attorney/agent registration number):
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER (attorney/agent reference or docket number):

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE (telephone number of attorney/agent):
TELEFAX (telefax number of attorney/agent):
TELEX OR ELECTRONIC MAIL (telex number or electronic mail address of attorney/agent):

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:X:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH (sequence length, expressed as number of base pairs or amino acid residues):

TYPE (sequence type, i.e., whether nucleotide or amino acid):

STRANDEDNESS (if nucleic acid, number of strands of source organism molecule, i.e., whether single stranded, double stranded, both, or unknown to applicant):

TOPOLOGY (whether source organism molecule is circular, linear, both, or unknown to applicant):



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.7

MOLECULE TYPE (type of molecule sequenced in SEQ ID NO:X)
(at least one of the following should be included with subheadings in Sequence Listing):

- Genomic RNA - Genomic DNA
- mRNA
- tRNA
- rRNA
- snRNA
- scRNA
- preRNA
- cDNA to genomic RNA
- cDNA to mRNA
- cDNA to tRNA
- cDNA to rRNA
- cDNA to snRNA
- cDNA to scRNA
- Other nucleic acid (specify):
- Protein
- Peptide

HYPOTHETICAL (yes/no):

ANTI-SENSE (yes/no):

FRAGMENT TYPE (for proteins and peptides only, at least one of the following should be included in the Sequence Listing):

- N-terminal fragment
- C-terminal fragment
- internal fragment

ORIGINAL SOURCE (original source of molecule sequenced in SEQ ID NO:X):

ORGANISM (scientific name of source organism):

STRAIN:

INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE (name/number of individual isolate):

DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE (give developmental stage of source organism and indicate whether derived from germ-line or rearranged developmental pattern):

HAPLOTYPE:

TISSUE TYPE:

CELL TYPE:

CELL LINE:

ORGANELLE:

IMMEDIATE SOURCE (immediate experimental source of the sequence in SEQ ID NO:X):

LIBRARY (library-type, name):

CLONE:

POSITION IN GENOME (position of sequence in SEQ ID NO:X in genome):



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.8

CHROMOSOME/SEGMENT (chromosome/segment-name/number):

MAP POSITION:

UNITS (units for map position, i.e., whether units are genome percent, nucleotide number or other (specify)):

FEATURE (description of points of biological significance in the sequence in SEQ ID NO:X) (may be repeated depending on the number of features indicated):

Following the controlled vocabulary of the features field in the existing non-patent literature databases, significant features might include:

- active-site
- allele
- attenuator
- binding-site
- CAAT signal
- cellular
- cleavage-site
- coding sequence
- conflict
- cross-links
- D-loop
- disulfide-bond
- domain
- duplication
- enhancer
- exon
- GC signal
- iDNA
- inhibitory-site
- insertion sequence
- intron LTR (long terminal repeat)
- mature peptide
- modified base or amino acid
- mRNA
- mutation
- peptide
- polyA signal
- polyA site
- precursor RNA
- primary transcript
- primer binding
- promoter provirus
- RBS (ribosome binding site)
- repeating unit
- repeat region
- replication origin
- rRNA
- satellite
- scRNA
- signal peptide
- snRNA
- stem loop
- TATA signal
- terminator
- thiolester-bond
- transit peptide
- transposon
- tRNA
- unsure
- variation
- virion
- 3'clip
- 3'UTR



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.9

5' clip
5'UTR
-10 signal
-35 signal
or others:

It is recommended to describe features of sequences in accordance with the "The DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank Feature Table: Definition," obtainable from: DNA Data Bank of Japan, Laboratory of Genetic Information Analysis, Center for Genetic Information Research, National Institute of Genetics, Mishima, Shizuoka 411 Japan; The European Molecular Biology Laboratory, Postfach 10.2209, 6900 Heidelberg, Germany; NCBI/GenBank, National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, 8600 Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20894, USA.

NAME/KEY (provide appropriate identifier for feature):

LOCATION:

- from (number of first base/amino acid in the feature)
- to (number of last base/amino acid in the feature)
- base pairs (numbers refer to positions of base pairs in a nucleotide sequence)
- amino acids (numbers refer to positions of amino acid residues in an amino acid sequence)
- whether feature is located on the complementary strand to that filed in the Sequence Listing

IDENTIFICATION METHOD (by which the feature was identified):

- experimentally
- by similarity with a known sequence or to an established consensus sequence
- by similarity to some other pattern

OTHER INFORMATION:

- associated phenotype(s)
- biological/enzymatic activity
- biological/enzymatic activity of its product
- general functional class of the gene and/or gene product
- binding macromolecules--macromolecules to which the gene product can bind
- subcellular localization--subcellular localization of the gene product
- any other relevant information

PUBLICATION INFORMATION (Repeat section for each relevant publication):

AUTHORS:

TITLE (title of publication):

JOURNAL (journal name in which data published):

VOLUME (journal volume in which data published):

ISSUE (journal issue number in which data published):

PAGES (journal page numbers in which data published):

DATE (journal date in which data published):

DOCUMENT NUMBER (document number, for patent type citations only; specify two-letter code, number, kind-of-document code):

FILING DATE (document filing date, for patent-type citations only):

PUBLICATION DATE (document publication date; for patent-type citations only):

RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO:X: FROM TO



SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:

EXAMPLES

23. To illustrate presentation of the especially important parts of a Sequence Listing, Annexes 2 and 3 are provided. Examples of various kinds of sequence presentation are given in Annex 2 and show presentation not complying with this Recommendation as well as presentation that does comply with this Recommendation. Examples 4, 6, 8, 9, 13, 15 represent properly formatted complete sequences. Examples 5, 10, 11 represent particular excerpts of properly formatted sequences to demonstrate application of parts of the Recommendation. Examples of features indication in a Sequence Listing are given in Annex 3.

24. The complete presentation of data in a Sequence Listing is shown in Annex 4 which gives a specimen Sequence Listing illustrating the major points of this Recommendation.

IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS RECOMMENDATION

25. Each office or other entity choosing to adopt this Recommendation should publish an announcement to that effect in its official journal or gazette. Such an announcement should include an identification of the Sequence Listing Data Elements which the office holds to be mandatory, whether the office will accept a Sequence Listing in Data Element Heading form, in Numeric Identifier form or in either form and, if not previously published, the language(s) to be used.

[Annexes follow]



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.11

ANNEX 1

DATA ELEMENT HEADINGS AND NUMERIC IDENTIFIERS

| Data Element Heading ===== | Numeric Identifier ===== |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| GENERAL INFORMATION: | <100> |
| APPLICANT: | <110> |
| NAME: | <111> |
| STREET: | <112> |
| CITY: | <113> |
| STATE OR PROVINCE: | <114> |
| COUNTRY: | <115> |
| POSTAL CODE: | <116> |
| TELEPHONE : | <117> |
| TELEFAX: | <118> |
| TELEX OR ELECTRONIC MAIL: | <119> |
| TITLE OF INVENTION: | <120> |
| NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: | <130> |
| CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS: | <140> |
| ADDRESSEE: | <141> |
| STREET: | <142> |
| CITY: | <143> |
| STATE OR PROVINCE: | <144> |
| COUNTRY: | <145> |
| POSTAL CODE: | <146> |
| COMPUTER READABLE FORM: | <150> |
| MEDIUM TYPE: | <151> |
| COMPUTER: | <152> |
| OPERATING SYSTEM: | <153> |
| SOFTWARE: | <154> |
| CURRENT APPLICATION DATA: | <160> |
| APPLICATION NUMBER: | <161> |
| FILING DATE: | <162> |
| CLASSIFICATION: | <163> |
| PRIOR APPLICATION DATA: | <170> |
| APPLICATION NUMBER: | <171> |
| FILING DATE: | <172> |
| CLASSIFICATION: | <173> |
| ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION: | <180> |
| NAME: | <181> |
| REGISTRATION NUMBER: | <182> |
| REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: | <183> |
| TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION: | <190> |
| TELEPHONE : | <191> |
| TELEFAX: | <192> |
| TELEX OR ELECTRONIC MAIL: | <193> |



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.12

Annex 1, page 2

| Data Element Heading ===== | Numeric Identifier ===== |
|---|-----------------------------|
| INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: X: | <200> |
| SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: | <210> |
| LENGTH: | <211> |
| TYPE: | <212> |
| STRANDEDNESS: | <213> |
| TOPOLOGY: | <214> |
| MOLECULE TYPE: | <220> |
| HYPOTHETICAL: | <230> |
| ANTI-SENSE: | <240> |
| FRAGMENT TYPE: | <250> |
| ORIGINAL SOURCE: | <260> |
| ORGANISM: | <261> |
| STRAIN: | <262> |
| INDIVIDUAL ISOLATE: | <263> |
| DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: | <264> |
| HAPLOTYPE : | <265> |
| TISSUE TYPE: | <266> |
| CELL TYPE: | <267> |
| CELL LINE: | <268> |
| ORGANELLE: | <269> |
| IMMEDIATE SOURCE: | <270> |
| LIBRARY: | <271> |
| CLONE: | <272> |
| POSITION IN GENOME: | <280> |
| CHROMOSOME/SEGMENT: | <281> |
| MAP POSITION: | <282> |
| UNITS: | <283> |
| FEATURE: | <290> |
| NAME/KEY: | <291> |
| LOCATION: | <292> |
| IDENTIFICATION METHOD: | <293> |
| OTHER INFORMATION: | <294> |
| PUBLICATION INFORMATION: | <300> |
| AUTHORS: | <301> |
| TITLE: | <302> |
| JOURNAL: | <303> |
| VOLUME: | <304> |
| ISSUE: | <305> |
| PAGES: | <306> |
| DATE: | <307> |
| DOCUMENT NUMBER: | <308> |
| FILING DATE: | <309> |
| PUBLICATION DATE: | <310> |
| RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO:X: FROM TO | <311> |
| SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: | <400> |

[Annex 2 follows]



ANNEX 2

EXAMPLES OF SEQUENCE INFORMATION

PRESENTATION OF AMINO ACID SEQUENCES

1. Unformatted Presentation of the Peptide Sequence in Single Letter Code (not according to Recommendation)
2. Unformatted Presentation of the Same Peptide Sequence in Three Letter Code (not according to Recommendation)
3. Unformatted Separated Presentation of the Same Peptide Sequence in Three Letter Code (not according to Recommendation)
4. Formatted Presentation of the Same Peptide Sequence (according to Recommendation)
5. Formatted Peptide Sequence Showing Mature Protein Numbering Scheme (according to Recommendation)
6. Formatted Peptide Sequence with Modified or Unusual Amino Acids at Positions 4, 14, 37 and 38 (according to Recommendation)

PRESENTATION OF NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCES

7. Unformatted Presentation of the Nucleotide Sequence (not according to Recommendation)
8. Formatted Presentation of the Same Nucleotide Sequence (according to Recommendation)
9. Formatted Nucleotide Sequence with Coding Region and the Peptide Coded by that Sequence (according to Recommendation)
10. Format for Transition from Noncoding to Coding Region (according to Recommendation)
11. Format for a Split Codon (according to Recommendation)

PRESENTATION OF SEQUENCES OF WHICH ONLY PARTS ARE KNOWN

12. Unformatted Peptide Sequence of Which Only Parts are Known (not according to Recommendation)
13. Formatted Presentation of the Same Peptide Sequence (according to Recommendation)
14. Unformatted Nucleotide Sequence of Which Only Parts are Known (not according to Recommendation)
15. Formatted Presentation of the Same Nucleotide Sequence (according to Recommendation)



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Annex 2, page 2

- 1. UNFORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE PEPTIDE SEQUENCE IN SINGLE LETTER CODE
(not according to Recommendation)

AGLLAGSWIPDWTFFVSVPLVTLWYTLTKEPIPGEDVYYVDGACNRNSREGKAGYITQQG
KQRVEKLENTINQQAELTAIKMALEDSPRVNIVTDSQYA

- 2. UNFORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME PEPTIDE SEQUENCE IN THREE LETTER CODE
(not according to Recommendation)

AlaGlyLeuLeuAlaGlySerTrpIleProAspTrpThrPheValSerValProProLeu
ValThrLeuTrpTyrThrLeuThrLysGluProIleProGlyGluAspValTyrTyrVal
AspGlyAlaCysAsnArgAsnSerArgGluGlyLysAlaGlyTyrIleThrGlnGlnGly
LysGlnArgValGluLysLeuGluAsnThrThrAsnGlnGlnAlaGluLeuThrAlaIle
LysMetAlaLeuGluAspSerGlyProArgValAsnIleValThrAspSerGlnTyrAla

- 3. UNFORMATTED SEPARATED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME PEPTIDE SEQUENCE IN THREE LETTER CODE
(not according to Recommendation)

Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Trp Ile Pro Asp Trp Thr Phe Val Ser
Val Pro Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Trp Tyr Thr Leu Thr Lys Glu Pro Ile
Pro Gly Glu Asp Val Tyr Tyr Val Asp Gly Ala Cys Asn Arg Asn Ser
Arg Glu Gly Lys Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Gln Gln Gly Lys Gln Arg Val
Glu Lys Leu Glu Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ile
Lys Met Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Pro Arg Val Asn Ile Val Thr Asp
Ser Gln Tyr Ala

- 4. FORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME PEPTIDE SEQUENCE
(according to Recommendation)

Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Trp Ile Pro Asp Trp Thr Phe Val Ser
1 5 10 15
Val Pro Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Trp Tyr Thr Leu Thr Lys Glu Pro Ile
20 25 30
Pro Gly Glu Asp Val Tyr Tyr Val Asp Gly Ala Cys Asn Arg Asn Ser
35 40 45
Arg Glu Gly Lys Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Gln Gln Gly Lys Gln Arg Val
50 55 60
Glu Lys Leu Glu Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ile
65 70 75 80
Lys Met Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Pro Arg Val Asn Ile Val Thr Asp
85 90 95
Ser Gln Tyr Ala
100



Annex 2, page 3

5. FORMATTED PEPTIDE SEQUENCE SHOWING MATURE PROTEIN NUMBERING SCHEME (according to Recommendation)

```

Met Asn Arg Gly Val Pro Phe Arg His Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Gln Leu
-50                -45                -40                -35
Ala Leu Leu Pro Ala Ala Thr Gln Gly Lys Lys Val Val Leu Gly Lys
                -30                -25                -20
Lys Gly Asp Thr Val Glu Leu Thr Cys Thr Ala Ser Gln Lys Lys Ser
-15                -10                -5
Ile Gln Phe His Trp Lys Asn Ser Asn Gln Ile Lys Ile Leu Gly Asn
      1                5                10
Gln Gly Ser Phe Leu Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Lys Leu Asn Asp Arg Ala
15                20                25                30
Asp Ser Arg Arg Ser Leu Trp Asp Gln Gly Asn Phe Pro Leu Ile Ile
      35                40                45
Lys Asn Leu Lys Ile Glu ... ..
      50

```

6. FORMATTED PEPTIDE SEQUENCE WITH MODIFIED OR UNUSUAL AMINO ACIDS AT POSITIONS 4, 14, 37 AND 38 (according to Recommendation)

```

Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Trp Ile Pro Asp Trp Thr Xaa Val Ser
 1                5                10                15
Val Pro Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Trp Tyr Thr Leu Thr Lys Glu Pro Ile
      20                25                30
Pro Gly Glu Asp Val Xaa Tyr Val Asp Gly Ala Cys Asn Arg Asn Ser
      35                40                45
Arg Glu Gly Lys Ala Gly Tyr Ile Thr Gln Gln Gly Lys Gln Arg Val
      50                55                60
Glu Lys Leu Glu Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ile
      65                70                75                80
Lys Met Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Pro Arg Val Asn Ile Val Thr Asp
      85                90                95
Ser Gln Tyr Ala
      100

```

To indicate 2-Amino adipic acid at position 14 and 3-Amino adipic acid at position 38 using the abbreviations of paragraph 12, a Sequence Listing would contain the following:

FEATURE:

```

NAME/KEY: misc-feature
LOCATION: 14
OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Aad

```

FEATURE:

```

NAME/KEY: misc-feature
LOCATION: 38
OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is bAad

```



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.16

Annex 2, page 4

As described in paragraph 12, in some cases unmodified amino acids may represent modified or unusual amino acids in the sequence, e.g., to indicate Norleucine at position`4 and Norvaline at position 37, a Sequence Listing would contain the following:

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: misc-feature
LOCATION: 4
OTHER INFORMATION: Leu is Nle

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: misc-feature
LOCATION: 37
OTHER INFORMATION: Val is Nva

7. UNFORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE
(not according to Recommendation)

CAAGCCCAGAGCCCTGCCATTTCTGTGGGCTCAGGTCCTACTGCTCAGCCCTTCCTCC
CTCGGCAAGGCCACAATGAACCGGGGAGTCCCTTTTAGGCACCTTGCTTCTGGTGCTGCAA
CTGGCGCTCCTCCCAGCAGCCACTCAGGGAAAAGAAAGTGGTGCTGGGCAAAAAAGGGGAT
ACAGTGGAAGTACCTGTACAGCTTCCCAGAAGAAGAGCATAACAATCCACTGGAAAAAC
TCCAACCAGATAAAGATTCTGGGAAATCAGGGCTCCTTCTTAACTAAAGGTCCATCCAAG
CTGAATGATCGCGCTGACTCAAGAAGAAGCCTTTGGGACCAAGGAACTTCCCCCTGATC
ATCAAGAATCTTAAGATAGAAGACTCAGATACTTACATCTGTGAAGTGGAGGACCAGAAG
GAGGAGGTGCAATTGCTAGTGTTCGGATTGACTGCCAACTCTGACACCCACCTGCTTCAG
GGCAGAGCCTGACCTGACCTTGGAGAGCCCCCTGGTAGTAGCCCTCAGTGCAATGT
AGGAGTCCAAGGGGTAACATACAGGGGGGAAGACCCTTCCGTGTCTCAGCTGGAG
CTCCAGGATAGTGGCACCTGGACATGACTGTCTTGCAGAACCAGAAGAAGGTGGAGTTC
AAAAATAGACATCGTGGTGTAGCTTTCCAGAAGGCTCCAGCATAGTCTATAAGAAAAGAG
GGGGAACAGGTGGAGTCTCCTTCCCCTCGCCTTTACAGTTGAAAAGCTGACGGGCAGT
GGCGAGCTGTGGTGGCAGGCGGAGAGGGCTTCTCCTCCAAGTCTTGGATCACCTTTGAC
CTGAAGAACAAGGAAGTGTCTGTAACCGGGTTACCCAGGACCTAAGCTCCAGATGGGC
AAGAAGCTCCCGCTCCACCTCACCTGCCCCAGGCCTTGCCTCAGTATGCTGGCTCTGGA
AACCTCACCTGGCCCTTGAAGCGAAAACAGGAAAGTTGCATCAGGAAGTGAACCTGGTG
GTGATGAGAGCCACTCAGCTCCAGAAAAATTTGACCTGTGAGGTGTGGGGACCCACCTCC
CCTAAGCTGATGCTGAGCTTGAAGTGGAGAACAAGGAGCAAAGGTCTCGAAGCGGGAG
AAGGCGGTGTGGGTGCTGAACCTGAGGCGGGGATGTGGCAGTGTCTGCTGAGTACTCG
GGACAGGTCTGCTGGAATCCAACATCAAGGTCTGCCACATGGTCCACCCCGGTGCAG
CCAATGGCCCTGATTGTGCTGGGGGGCGTCGCCGGCCTCCTGCTTTTCATGGGCTAGGC
ATCTTCTTCTGTGTGAGGTGCCGGCACCGAAGCGCCAAGCAGAGCGGATGTCTCAGATC
AAGAGACTCCTCAGTGAAGAAGACCTGCCAGTGCCTCACCGGTTTCAGAAGACATGT
AGCCCCATTTGAGGACGAGGCGCAGGCAGATCCACTTGCAGCTCCCCAGGTGTCTGCC
CCGCGTTTCTGCTGCGGACCAGATGAATGTAGCAGATCCCACGCTCTGGCCTCCTGTT
CGTCTCCCTACAATTTGCCATTTCTTCTCCTGGGTAGGCCCGGCTTCACTGGTTGAG
TGTTGCTCTAGTTTCCAGAGGCTTAATCACACCGTCTCCACGCCATTTCTTTTCTCT
TCAAGCCTAGCCCTTCTCTATTATTCTCTCTGACCCTCTCCCCTGCTCATTGGAT
CC



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.17

Annex 2, page 5

8. FORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE (according to Recommendation)

Table with 7 columns of nucleotide sequences and a column of line numbers (60-1742).

9. FORMATTED NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE WITH CODING REGION AND THE PEPTIDE CODED BY THAT SEQUENCE (according to Recommendation)

Table with 7 columns of nucleotide sequences, amino acid translations, and line numbers (60-303).



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.18

9. FORMATTED NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE WITH CODING REGION AND THE PEPTIDE CODED BY THAT SEQUENCE (cont'd)

AAT GAT CGC GCT GAC TCA AGA AGA AGC CTT TGG GAC CAA GGA AAC TTC 351
Asn Asp Arg Ala Asp Ser Arg Arg Ser Leu Trp Asp Gln Gly Asn Phe
30 35 40
CCC CTG ATC ATC AAG AAT CTT AAG ATA GAA GAC TCA GAT ACT TAC ATC 399
Pro Leu Ile Ile Lys Asn Leu Lys Ile Glu Asp Ser Asp Thr Tyr Ile
45 50 55
TGT GAA GTG GAG GAC CAG AAG GAG GAG GTG CAA TTG CTA GTG TTC GGA 447
Cys Glu Val Glu Asp Gln Lys Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Leu Val Phe Gly
60 65 70 75
TTG ACT GCC AAC TCT GAC ACC CAC CTG CTT CAG GGG CAG AGC CTG ACC 495
Leu Thr Ala Asn Ser Asp Thr His Leu Leu Gln Gly Gln Ser Leu Thr
80 85 90
CTG ACC TTG GAG AGC CCC CCT GGT AGT AGC CCC TCA GTG CAA TGT ATT 543
Leu Thr Leu Glu Ser Pro Pro Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Val Gln Cys Ile
95 100 105
ATG GCC CTG ATT GTG CTG GGG GGC GTC GCC GGC CTC CTG CTT TTC ATT 591
Met Ala Leu Ile Val Leu Gly Gly Val Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Phe Ile
110 115 120
GGG CTA GGC ATC TTC TTC TGT GTC AGG TGC CGG CAC CGA AGG CGC CAA 639
Gly Leu Gly Ile Phe Phe Cys Val Arg Cys Arg Cys His Arg Arg Gln
125 130 135
GCA GAG CGG ATG TCT CAG ATC AAG AGA CTC CTC AGT GAG AAG AAG ACC 687
Ala Glu Arg Met Ser Gln Ile Lys Arg Leu Leu Ser Glu Lys Lys Thr
140 145 150
TGC CAG TGC CCT CAC CGG TTT CAG AAG ACA TGT AGC CCC ATT TGAGGCACGA 739
Cys Gln Cys Pro His Arg Phe Gln Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Ile
160 165
GGCCAGGCAG ATCCCACTTG CAGCCTCCCC AGGTGTCTGC CCCGCGTTTC CTGCCTGCGG 799
ACCAGATGAA TGTAGCAGAT CCCACGCTCT GGCCTCCTGT TCGTCTCCC TACAATTTGC 859
CATTGTTTCT CCTGGGTTAG GCCCCGGCTT CACTGGTTGA GTGTTGCTCT CTAGTTTCCA 919

10. FORMAT FOR TRANSITION FROM NONCODING TO CODING REGION (according to Recommendation)

CAAGCCCAGA GCCCTGCCAT TTCTGTGGGC TCAGGTCCCT ACTGCTCAGC CCCTTCCTCC 345
CTCGGCAAGG CCACA ATG AAC CGG GGA GTC CCT TTT AGG CAC TTG CTT CTG 111
Met Asn Arg Gly Val Pro Phe Arg His Leu Leu Leu
-45 -40



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Annex 2, page 7

11. FORMAT FOR A SPLIT CODON (according to Recommendation)

..... GGT AAA AAC ATA CAG GGG GGG AAG ACC C TCAGACTCCA 368
..... Gly Lys Asn Ile Gln Gly Gly Lys Thr 115
TCTGTCTGT TC CAG GAT AGT CGC ACC TGG ACA TGC ACT
Leu Gln Asp Ser Gly Thr Trp Thr Cys Thr 120 125

CTC codes for the Leu at 120. The Leu in the peptide sequence is positioned under the group of two nucleotide bases TC rather than being split or positioned under the C at 358 in the nucleotide chain.

12. UNFORMATTED PEPTIDE SEQUENCE OF WHICH ONLY PARTS ARE KNOWN (not according to Recommendation)

Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Trp Ile Pro Asp Trp Thr Phe Val Ser
Val Pro Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Trp Ile
Pro Gly Glu Asp Val Tyr Tyr Val Asp Gly Ala Cys Asn Arg Asn Ser
Arg Glu Gly Lys Gln Arg Val Glu
Lys Leu Glu Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Gln Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ile Lys
Met Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Pro Arg Val Asn Ile Val Thr Asp Ser
Gln Tyr Ala

Unknown regions are represented by

13. FORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME PEPTIDE SEQUENCE (according to Recommendation)

SEQ ID NO:1:

Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Gly Ser Trp Ile Pro Asp Trp Thr Phe Val Ser
1 5 10 15
Val Pro Pro Leu Val Thr Leu Trp
20

SEQ ID NO:2:

Ile Pro Gly Glu Asp Val Tyr Tyr Val Asp Gly Ala Cys Asn Arg Asn
1 5 10 15
Ser Arg Glu Gly
20

SEQ ID NO:3:

Lys Gln Arg Val Glu Lys Leu Glu Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Gln Ala Glu
1 5 10 15
Leu Thr Ala Ile Lys Met Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Gly Pro Arg Val Asn
20 25 30
Ile Val Thr Asp Ser Gln Tyr Ala
35 40



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Annex 2, page 8

14. UNFORMATTED NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF WHICH ONLY PARTS ARE KNOWN (not according to Recommendation)

AAATAGACCTCACCCCTTACCCACTTCCCCTAGCGCTGAAA.....
.....AAATTTGCCTAGTCAAATAAAAAGATGCCGAGTCTATAAAAGCGCAAG
GACAGTTCAGGAGGTGGCTCGCTCCCTCACCGACCCTCTGGTCACGGAGACTCACCTTGG
GGATCCATCCTC.....TCCGTGGGACCGTCTCCCGGCC
TCGGCACCTCCTGAACGCTCCTCCCAAGGTAAGTCTCCTCTAGGGTCGAGCTCGGCTGC
CCCTTAGGTAAGTCTCGCTCCCGAGGGTCTTTAGAGACAC.....
CTAGACTCTGCCTTAAACTTCACTTCCGCGTTCTTGTCTCGTTCTTTCCTCTTCGCCGTC
ACTGAAAACGAAACCTCAACGCCGCCCTCTTGGC.....
TGGAGCGCAGCAAGGGCTAGGGCTTCTGAACTCTCCGGGAGAGGTCTATTGCTATAGG
CAGGCCCGCCTAGGAGCATTGTCTTCCCGGGGAAGACAACAATTGGGGGCTCGTCCGG
GATTTGAATTCTCATTCTCACATTATGGGACAAATCCACGGGCTTCCCCAACTCCAA

Unknown regions are indicated by

15. FORMATTED PRESENTATION OF THE SAME NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE (according to Recommendation)

SEQ ID NO:1

AAATAGACCT CACCCCTTACC CACTTCCCCT AGCGCTGAAA 40

SEQ ID NO:2

AAATTTGCCT AGTCAAATA AAAGATGCCG AGTCTATAAA AGCGCAAGGA CAGTTCAGGA 60
GGTGGCTCGC TCCCTCACCG ACCCTCTGGT CACGGAGACT CACCTTGGGG ATCCATCCTC 120

SEQ ID NO:3

TCCGTGGGAC CGTCTCCCGG CCTCGGCACC TCCTGAACTG CTCCTCCCAA GGTAAGTCTC 60
CTCTCAGGTC GAGCTCGGCT GCCCCTTAGG TAGTCGCTCC CCGAGGGTCT TTAGAGACAC 120

SEQ ID NO:4 :

CTAGACTCTG CCTTAAACTT CACTTCCGCG TTCTTGTCTC GTTCTTTCCT CTTCGCCGTC 60
ACTGAAAACG AAACCTCAAC GCCGCCCTCT TGGC 94

SEQ ID NO:5 :

TGGAGCGCAG CAAGGGCTAG GGCTTCTGTA ACCTCTCCGG GAGAGGTCTA TTGCTATAGG 60
CAGGCCCGCC CTAGGAGCAT TGTCTTCCCG GGAAGACAA ACAATTGGGG GCTCGTCCGG 120
GATTTGAATT CCTCCATTCT CACATTATGG GACAAATCCA CGGGCTTTC CCAACTCCAA 180

[Annex 3 follows]



ANNEX 3

EXAMPLES OF FEATURES INDICATION IN A SEQUENCE LISTING

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: exon

LOCATION: 194..264

OTHER INFORMATION:

/product="Thyrotropin beta subunit precursor"

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: signal peptide

LOCATION: 4213..4272

OTHER INFORMATION:

/product="Thyrotropin beta subunit signal peptide"

/standard name="TSH-beta"

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: mature peptide

LOCATION: join (4273..4374, 4752..5003)

OTHER INFORMATION:

/product="Thyrotropin beta subunit"

/standard name="TSH-beta"

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: coding sequence

LOCATION: join (4213..4374, 4752..5006)

OTHER INFORMATION:

/product="Thyrotropin beta subunit precursor"

/standard name="TSH-beta"

[Annex 4 follows]



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.22

ANNEX 4

**SPECIMEN SEQUENCE LISTING
SEQUENCE LISTING**

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT:

NAME: Applicant Plc
STREET: 124 Main Street
CITY: Smalltown
STATE: South State
COUNTRY: Newland
POSTAL CODE: 2288 ST
TELEPHONE: 001-1234567
TELEFAX: 001-1234567
TELEX: 12345 apc

NAME: Anmelder GmbH
STREET: Lindenstrasse 27
CITY: Neustadt
COUNTRY: Germany
POSTAL CODE: 12345
TELEPHONE: 002-24680
TELEFAX: 002-24680
TELEX: 2468 agh

TITLE OF INVENTION: Example of a Sequence Listing

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 91000000

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/123456
FILING DATE: 30-AUG-1991

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 2654 base pairs
TYPE: nucleic acid
STRANDEDNESS: single
TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

ORIGINAL SOURCE:

ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
CELL TYPE: Leukocyte

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: TATA-signal
LOCATION: 339..344



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.23

Annex 4, page 2

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: intron
LOCATION: 527..814

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: intron
LOCATION: 923..1006

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: intron
LOCATION: 1113..1359

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: signal peptide
LOCATION: 824..1009

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: mature peptide
LOCATION: 1010..1772

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: human lymphotoxin gene

PUBLICATION INFORMATION:

AUTHORS: Doe, Joan X
Doe, John Q

TITLE: Isolation and Characterization of a Gene Encoding a Protease from Paramecium sp.

JOURNAL: Fictional Genes

VOLUME: 1

ISSUE: 1

PAGES: 1-20

DATE: 2-MAR-1988

RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: 1: FROM 1 TO 957



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.24

SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1 :

AAGGGTGCAG AGATGTTATA TATGATTGCT CTTCAGGGAA CCGGCCTCCA GCTCACACCC 60
CAGCTGCTCA ACCGCCTCCT CTCTGAATG ACTGTCCCTT CTTTGGAAC CTAGGCCTGA 120
CCCCACTCCC TGGCCCTCCC AGCCCACGAT TCCCCTGACC CGACTCCCTT TCCAGGAACT 180
CAGTCGCCTG AACCCCCAGC CTGTGGTTCT CTCTAGGCC TCAGCCTTC CTGCCTTTGA 240
CTGAAACAGC AGTATCTTCT ACACGCTGGG GCTTCCCAGC GCCCAGCCCC GACCTAGAAC 300
CGCCCCGCTG CCTGCCACGC TGCCACTGCC GCTTCTCTA TAAAGGGACC TGAGCGTCCG 360
CGCGCAGGGG CTCCACACAG CAGGTGAGGC TCTCCTGCC CATCTCCTTG GGCTGCCCGT 420
GCTTCGTGCT TTGGACTACC GCCCCGAGTG TCCTGCCCTC TGCTGGGCC TCGGTCCCTC 480
CTGCACCTGC TGCCTGGATC CCCGGCCTGC CTGGCCTGG GCCTTGGTGG GTTGGTTTT 540
GGTTTCCTT TCTGTCTCTG ACTCTCCATC TGTCACTCTC ATTGTCTCTG TCACACATTC 600
TCTGTTTCTG CCATGGTCC TCTCTGTTCC CTTCTGTCT CTCTCTGTCT CCCTCTGCTC 660
ACCTTGGGGT TTCTCTGACT GCATCTTGTG CCCTTCTCTG TCCGATCTCT CTCTCGGGGG 720
TCGGGGGGTG CTGTCTCCCA GGGCGGGAGG TCTGTCTTCC GCCCGTGCC CCGCCCCGCT 780
CACTGTCTCT CTCTCTCTCT CTCTTCTCT GCAGTTCTC CCC ATG ACA CCA CCT 835
Met Thr Pro Pro

GAA CGT CTC TTC CTC CCA AGG GTG TGT GGC ACC ACC CTA CAC CTC CTC 883
Glu Arg Leu Phe Leu Pro Arg Val Cys Gly Thr Thr Leu His Leu Leu
-30 -25 -20 -15

CTT CTG GGG CTG CTG CTG GTT CTG CTG CCT GGG GCC CAG GTGAGGCAGC 932
Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Pro Gly Ala Gln
-10 -5

AGGAGAATGG GGGCTGCTGG GGTGGCTCAG CCAAACCTTG AGCCCTAGAG CCCCCCTCAA 992
CTCTGTTCTC CTAG GGG CTC CCT GGT GTT GGC CTC ACA CCT TCA GCT GCC 1042
Gly Leu Pro Gly Val Gly Leu Thr Pro Ser Ala Ala
1 5 10

CAG ACT GCC CGT CAG CAC CCC AAG ATG CAT CTT GCC CAC AGC AAC CTC 1090
Gln Thr Ala Arg Gln His Pro Lys Met His Leu Ala His Ser Asn Leu
15 20 25

AAA CCT GCT GCT CAC CTC ATT G GTAAACATCC ACCTGACCTC CCAGACATGT 1142
Lys Pro Ala Ala His Leu Ile
30

CCCCACCAGC TCTCCTCCTA CCCCTGCCTC AGGAACCCAA GCATCCACCC CTCTCCCCCA 1202
ACTTCCCCCA CGCTAAAAA AACAGAGGGA GCCCACTCCT ATGCCTCCCC CTGCCATCCC 1262
CCAGGAATC AGTTGTTTCA TGCCCACTTC CTCAGGGATT GAGACCTCTG ATCCAGACCC 1322
CTGATCTCCC ACCCCATCC CCTATGGCTC TTCCTAG GA GAC CCC AGC AAG CAG 1376
Gly Asp Pro Ser Lys Gln
35 40

AAC TCA CTG CTC TGG AGA GCA AAC ACG GAC CGT GCC TTC CTC CAG GAT 1424
Asn Ser Leu Leu Trp Arg Ala Asn Thr Asp Arg Ala Phe Leu Gln Asp
45 50 55

GGT TTC TCC TTG AGC AAC AAT TCT CTC CTG GTC CCC ACC AGT GGC ATC 1472
Gly Phe Ser Leu Ser Asn Asn Ser Leu Leu Val Pro Thr Ser Gly Ile
60 65 70



HANDBOOK ON INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION

Ref.: Archives

page: 3.23.25

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| TAC | TTC | GTC | TAC | TCC | CAG | GTG | GTC | TTC | TCT | GGG | AAA | GCC | TAC | TCT | CCC | 1520 |
| Tyr | Phe | Val | Tyr | Ser | Gln | Val | Val | Phe | Ser | Gly | Lys | Ala | Tyr | Ser | Pro | |
| | | 75 | | | | | 80 | | | | | 85 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AAG | GCC | ACC | TCC | TCC | CCA | CTC | TAC | CTG | GCC | CAT | GAG | GCT | CAG | CTC | TTC | 1568 |
| Lys | Ala | Thr | Ser | Ser | Pro | Leu | Tyr | Leu | Ala | His | Glu | Val | Gln | Leu | Phe | |
| | 90 | | | | | 95 | | | | | 100 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TCC | TCC | CAG | TAC | CCC | TTC | CAT | GTG | CCT | CTC | CTC | AGC | TCC | CAG | AAG | ATG | 1616 |
| Ser | Ser | Gln | Tyr | Pro | Phe | His | Val | Pro | Leu | Leu | Ser | Ser | Gln | Lys | Met | |
| 105 | | | | | 110 | | | | | 115 | | | | | 120 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GTG | TAT | CCA | GGG | CTG | CAG | GAA | CCC | TGG | CTG | CAC | TCG | ATG | TAC | CAC | GGG | 1664 |
| Val | Tyr | Pro | Gly | Leu | Gln | Glu | Pro | Trp | Leu | His | Ser | Met | Tyr | His | Gly | |
| | | | 125 | | | | | | 130 | | | | | 135 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GCT | GCG | TTC | CAG | CTC | ACC | CAG | GGA | GAC | CAG | CTA | TCC | ACC | CAC | ACA | GAT | 1712 |
| Ala | Ala | Phe | Gln | Leu | Thr | Gln | Gly | Asp | Gln | Leu | Ser | Thr | His | Thr | Asp | |
| | | | 140 | | | | | 145 | | | | | 150 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GGC | ATC | CCC | CAC | CTA | GTC | CTC | AGC | CCT | AGT | ACT | GTC | TTC | TTT | GGA | GGC | 1760 |
| Gly | Ile | Pro | His | Leu | Val | Leu | Ser | Pro | Ser | Thr | Val | Phe | Phe | Gly | Ala | |
| | | 155 | | | | | 160 | | | | | 165 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TTC | GCT | CTG | TAGAACTTGG | AAAAATCCAG | AAAGAAAAAA | TAATTGATTT | C | | | | | | | | | 1810 |
| Phe | Ala | Leu | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 170 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AAGACCTTCT | CCCCATTCTG | CCTCCATTCT | GACCATTTC | GGGGTCGTCA | CCACCTCTCC | | | | | | | | | | | 1870 |
| TTTGGCCATT | CCAACAGCTC | AAGTCTTCCC | TGATCAAGTC | ACCGGAGCTT | TCAAAGAAGG | | | | | | | | | | | 1930 |
| AATTCTAGGC | ATCCCAGGGG | ACCCACACCT | CCCTGAACCA | TCCCTGATGT | CTGTCTGGCT | | | | | | | | | | | 1990 |
| GAGGATTTCA | AGCCTGCCTA | GGAATTCCCA | GCCCAAGCT | GTGGTCTTG | TCCCACCAGC | | | | | | | | | | | 2050 |
| TAGGTGGGGC | CTAGATCCAC | ACACAGAGGA | AGAGCAGGCA | CATGGAGGAG | CTTGGGGGAT | | | | | | | | | | | 2110 |
| GACTAGAGGC | AGGGAGGGGA | CTATTTATGA | AGGCCAAAAA | ATTAAATTAT | TTATTTATGG | | | | | | | | | | | 2170 |
| AGGATGGAGA | GAGGGGAATA | ATAGAAGAAC | ATCCAAGGAG | AAACAGAGAC | AGGCCAAGA | | | | | | | | | | | 2230 |
| GATGAAGAGT | GAGAGGGCAT | GCGCACAAGG | CTGACCAAGA | GAGAAAGAAG | TAGGCATGAG | | | | | | | | | | | 2290 |
| GGATCACAGG | GCCCCAGAAG | GCAGGGAAAG | GCTCTGAAAAG | CCAGCTGCCG | ACCAGAGCCC | | | | | | | | | | | 2350 |
| CACACGGAGG | CATCTGCACC | CTCGATGAAG | CCCAATAAAC | CTCTTTTCTC | TGAAATGCTG | | | | | | | | | | | 2410 |
| TCTGCTTGTG | TGTGTGTGTC | TGGGAGTGAG | AACTTCCCAG | TCTATCTAAG | GAATGGAGGG | | | | | | | | | | | 2470 |
| AGGGACAGAG | GGCTCAAAGG | GACGAAGAGC | TGTGGGGAGA | ACAAAAGGAT | AAGGGCTCGA | | | | | | | | | | | 2530 |
| GAGAGCTTCA | AGGATATGTG | ATGGATCACC | AGGTGAGGCC | GCCAGACTGC | TGCAGGGGAA | | | | | | | | | | | 2590 |
| GCAAAGGAGA | AGCTGAGAAG | ATGAAGGAAA | AGTCAGGGTC | TGGAGGGGGG | GGGGTCAGGG | | | | | | | | | | | 2650 |
| AGCT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2654 |

[End of Annex and of Standard]