

## SECTION F — MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING

### F01 MACHINES OR ENGINES IN GENERAL; ENGINE PLANTS IN GENERAL; STEAM ENGINES

**F01K STEAM ENGINE PLANTS; STEAM ACCUMULATORS; ENGINE PLANTS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR; ENGINES USING SPECIAL WORKING FLUIDS OR CYCLES** (gas-turbine or jet-propulsion plants F02; steam generation F22; nuclear power plants, engine arrangements therein G21D)

#### Note(s)

Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class F01, especially as regards the definitions of "steam" and "special vapour".

#### Subclass index

##### STEAM ENGINE PLANTS

Characterised by the use of

accumulators or heaters; storing means in alkali; specific types of engines.....3/00, 5/00, 7/00

special steam systems, cycles, or processes.....7/00

Characterised by the disposition of

condenser; structural combination of engine and boiler or condenser.....9/00, 11/00

Not otherwise provided for.....21/00

General layout or operation; adaptations for special use.....13/00, 15/00

Utilisation of steam

for feed-water heating; in the regeneration or other treating; for other purposes.....7/34, 19/00, 17/00

##### ENGINE PLANTS NOT RESTRICTED TO STEAM UTILISATION

With several engines driven by different fluids.....23/00

Not otherwise provided for, other types with special working fluids or working with enclosed cycles.....25/00, 27/00

STEAM ACCUMULATORS.....1/00

##### SPECIAL TYPES OF ENGINES

Steam engines.....7/00

Other than steam.....25/00

- 1/00 Steam accumulators** (use of accumulators in steam engine plants F01K 3/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/02 • for storing steam otherwise than in a liquid [1, 2006.01]
- 1/04 • for storing steam in a liquid, e.g. Ruth type (in alkali to increase steam pressure F22B 1/20) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/06 • • Internal fittings facilitating steam distribution, steam formation, or circulation (acting during charging or discharging F01K 1/08; fittings facilitating circulation through multiple accumulators F01K 1/14) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/08 • Charging or discharging of accumulators with steam (peculiar to multiple accumulators F01K 1/12) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/10 • specially adapted for superheated steam [1, 2006.01]
- 1/12 • Multiple accumulators; Charging, discharging or control specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 1/14 • • Circulation [1, 2006.01]
- 1/16 • Other safety or control means [1, 2006.01]
- 1/18 • • for steam pressure [1, 2006.01]
- 1/20 • Other steam-accumulator parts, details, or accessories [1, 2006.01]

#### Steam engine plants

- 3/00 Plants characterised by the use of steam or heat accumulators, or intermediate steam heaters, therein** (regenerating exhaust steam F01K 19/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/02 • Use of accumulators and specific engine types; Control thereof [1, 2006.01]
- 3/04 • • the engine being of multiple-inlet-pressure type [1, 2006.01]
- 3/06 • • the engine being of extraction or non-condensing type [1, 2006.01]
- 3/08 • Use of accumulators, the plant being specially adapted for a specific use [1, 2006.01]
- 3/10 • • for vehicle drive, e.g. for accumulator locomotives [1, 2006.01]
- 3/12 • having two or more accumulators [1, 2006.01]
- 3/14 • having both steam accumulator and heater, e.g. superheating accumulator (steam superheaters per se F22G) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/16 • • Mutual arrangement of accumulator and heater [1, 2006.01]
- 3/18 • having heaters (having both steam accumulator and heater F01K 3/14; steam heaters per se F22) [1, 2006.01]

- 3/20 • • with heating by combustion gases of main boiler [1, 2006.01]
- 3/22 • • • Controlling, e.g. starting, stopping [1, 2006.01]
- 3/24 • • with heating by separately-fired heaters [1, 2006.01]
- 3/26 • • with heating by steam [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 **Plants characterised by use of means for storing steam in an alkali to increase steam pressure, e.g. of Honigmann or Koenemann type [1, 2006.01]**
- 5/02 • used in regenerative installation [1, 2006.01]
- 7/00 **Steam engine plants characterised by the use of specific types of engine (F01K 3/02 takes precedence); Plants or engines characterised by their use of special steam systems, cycles or processes (reciprocating-piston engines using uniflow principle F01B 17/04); Control means specially adapted for such systems, cycles or processes; Use of withdrawn or exhaust steam for feed-water heating [1, 2006.01]**
- 7/02 • the engines being of multiple-expansion type (the engines being only of turbine type F01K 7/16; the engines using steam of critical or over-critical pressure F01K 7/32; the engines being of extraction or non-condensing type F01K 7/34) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 • • Control means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/06 • the engines being of multiple-inlet-pressure type (F01K 7/02 takes precedence; the engines being only of turbine type F01K 7/16; the engines using steam of critical or over-critical pressure F01K 7/32; the engines being of extraction or non-condensing type F01K 7/34) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/08 • • Control means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/10 • characterised by the engine exhaust pressure (the engines being only of turbine type F01K 7/16; the engines using steam of critical or over-critical pressure F01K 7/32; the engines being of extraction or non-condensing type F01K 7/34) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 • • of condensing type [1, 2006.01]
- 7/14 • • • Control means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/16 • the engines being only of turbine type (the engines using steam of critical or over-critical pressure F01K 7/32; the engines being of extraction or non-condensing type F01K 7/34) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/18 • • the turbine being of multiple-inlet-pressure type [1, 2006.01]
- 7/20 • • • Control means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/22 • • the turbines having inter-stage steam heating [1, 2006.01]
- 7/24 • • • Control or safety means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/26 • • the turbines having inter-stage steam accumulation [1, 2006.01]
- 7/28 • • • Control means specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/30 • • the turbines using exhaust steam only [1, 2006.01]
- 7/32 • the engines using steam of critical or over-critical pressure [1, 2006.01]
- 7/34 • the engines being of extraction or non-condensing type; Use of steam for feed-water heating (feed-water heaters in general F22D) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/36 • • the engines being of positive-displacement type [1, 2006.01]
- 7/38 • • the engines being of turbine type [1, 2006.01]
- 7/40 • • Use of two or more feed-water heaters in series [1, 2006.01]
- 7/42 • • Use of desuperheaters for feed-water heating [1, 2006.01]
- 7/44 • • Use of steam for feed-water heating and another purpose [1, 2006.01]
- 9/00 **Steam engine plants characterised by condensers arranged or modified to co-operate with the engines (by condensers structurally combined with engines F01K 11/00; steam condensers per se F28B) [1, 2006.01]**
- 9/02 • Arrangements or modifications of condensate or air pumps [1, 2006.01]
- 9/04 • with dump valves to by-pass stages [1, 2006.01]
- 11/00 **Steam engine plants characterised by the engines being structurally combined with boilers or condensers [1, 2006.01]**
- 11/02 • the engines being turbines [1, 2006.01]
- 11/04 • the boilers or condensers being rotated in use [1, 2006.01]
- 13/00 **General layout or general methods of operation, of complete steam engine plants [1, 2006.01]**
- 13/02 • Controlling, e.g. stopping or starting [1, 2006.01]
- 15/00 **Adaptations of steam engine plants for special use [1, 2006.01]**
- 15/02 • for driving vehicles, e.g. locomotives (arrangements in vehicles, see the relevant vehicle classes) [1, 2006.01]
- 15/04 • • the vehicles being waterborne vessels [1, 2006.01]
- 17/00 **Use of steam or condensate extracted or exhausted from steam engine plant (for heating feed-water F01K 7/34; returning condensate to boiler F22D) [1, 2006.01]**
- 17/02 • for heating purposes, e.g. industrial, domestic (F01K 17/06 takes precedence; domestic- or space-heating systems, e.g. central-heating systems, in general F24D 1/00, F24D 3/00, F24D 9/00) [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 17/04 • for specific purposes other than heating (F01K 17/06 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 17/06 • Returning energy of steam, in exchanged form, to process, e.g. use of exhaust steam for drying solid fuel of plant [1, 2006.01]
- 19/00 **Regenerating or otherwise treating steam exhaust from steam engine plant (plants characterised by use of means for storing steam in an alkali to increase steam pressure F01K 5/00; returning condensate to boiler F22D) [1, 2006.01]**
- 19/02 • Regenerating by compression [1, 2006.01]
- 19/04 • • in combination with cooling or heating [1, 2006.01]
- 19/06 • • in engine cylinder [1, 2006.01]
- 19/08 • • compression done by injection apparatus, jet blower, or the like [1, 2006.01]
- 19/10 • Cooling exhaust steam other than by condenser; Rendering exhaust steam invisible [1, 2006.01]
- 21/00 **Steam engine plants not otherwise provided for [1, 2006.01]**
- 21/02 • with steam generation in engine cylinders [1, 2006.01]

- 21/04 • using mixtures of steam and gas; Plants generating or heating steam by bringing water or steam into direct contact with hot gas (direct-contact steam generators in general F22B) [1, 2006.01]
- 21/06 • Treating live steam, other than thermodynamically, e.g. for fighting deposits in engine [1, 2006.01]

- 23/00 Plants characterised by more than one engine delivering power external to the plant, the engines being driven by different fluids [1, 2006.01]**
- 23/02 • the engine cycles being thermally coupled [1, 2006.01]
- 23/04 • • condensation heat from one cycle heating the fluid in another cycle [1, 2006.01]
- 23/06 • • combustion heat from one cycle heating the fluid in another cycle [1, 2006.01]
- 23/08 • • • with working fluid of one cycle heating the fluid in another cycle [1, 2006.01]
- 23/10 • • • with exhaust fluid of one cycle heating the fluid in another cycle [1, 2006.01]
- 23/12 • the engines being mechanically coupled (F01K 23/02 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 23/14 • • including at least one combustion engine [1, 2006.01]

- 23/16 • • all the engines being turbines (F01K 23/14 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 23/18 • characterised by adaptation for specific use [1, 2006.01]
- 25/00 Plants or engines characterised by use of special working fluids, not otherwise provided for; Plants operating in closed cycles and not otherwise provided for [1, 2006.01]**
- 25/02 • the fluid remaining in the liquid phase [1, 2006.01]
- 25/04 • the fluid being in different phases, e.g. foamed [1, 2006.01]
- 25/06 • using mixtures of different fluids (plants using mixtures of steam and gas F01K 21/04) [1, 2006.01]
- 25/08 • using special vapours [1, 2006.01]
- 25/10 • • the vapours being cold, e.g. ammonia, carbon dioxide, ether [1, 2006.01]
- 25/12 • • the vapours being metallic, e.g. mercury [1, 2006.01]
- 25/14 • • using industrial or other waste gases [1, 2006.01]
- 27/00 Plants for converting heat or fluid energy into mechanical energy, not otherwise provided for [1, 2006.01]**
- 27/02 • Plants modified to use their waste heat, other than that of exhaust, e.g. engine-friction heat [1, 2006.01]