#### SECTION E — FIXED CONSTRUCTIONS

#### **E02** HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING; FOUNDATIONS; SOIL-SHIFTING

**E02B HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING** (ship-lifting E02C; dredging E02F)

	ass	

METHODS AND EQUIPMENT IN GENERAL	1/00, 3/00
ARTIFICIAL WATER CANALS	5/00
BARRAGES OR WEIRS	7/00, 8/00
WATER-POWER PLANTS	9/00
DRAINAGE; IRRIGATION; CLEANING OF SURFACE OF OPEN WATER	11/00, 13/00, 15/00
ARTIFICIAL ISLANDS MOUNTED ON PILES OR LIKE SUPPORTS	

1/00	Equipment or apparatus for, or methods of, general
	hydraulic engineering [1, 2006.01]

- 1/02 Hydraulic models [1, 2006.01]
- 3/00 Engineering work in connection with control or use of streams, rivers, coasts, or other marine sites (barrages or weirs E02B 7/00); Sealings or joints for engineering work in general [1, 2006.01]
- Stream regulation, e.g. breaking up subaqueous rock, cleaning the beds of waterways, directing the water flow (dredging or scraping devices E02F) [1, 2006.01]
- Structures or apparatus for, or methods of, protecting banks, coasts, or harbours (sealings or joints E02B 3/16) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/06 Moles; Piers; Quays; Quay walls; Groynes; Breakwaters [1, 2006.01]
- 3/08 • Structures of loose stones with or without piles (piles E02D 5/00) [1, 2006.01]
- Dams; Dykes; Sluice ways or other structures for dykes, dams, or the like (making embankments or dams in general E02D 17/18) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/12 Revetment of banks, dams, watercourses, or the like (of slopes in general E02D 17/20) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/14 • Preformed blocks; Arrangements thereof [1, 2006.01]
- Sealings or joints (joints for foundation structures E02D 29/16; sealing joints not restricted to hydraulic engineering work E04B 1/68) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/18 Reclamation of land from water (drainage of soil E02B 11/00) **[1, 2006.01]**
- Equipment for shipping on coasts, in harbours or on other fixed marine structures, e.g. bollards (tying-up, anchoring B63B 21/00, e.g. bollards for shipping B63B 21/06; buoys B63B 22/00) [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 3/24 • Mooring posts **[5, 2006.01]**
- Fenders (fenders integral with waterborne vessels or specially adapted therefor B63B 59/02) [5, 2006.01]
- 3/28 Fender piles **[5, 2006.01]**
- 5/**00 Artificial water canals** (for water-power plants E02B 9/02; irrigation of soil E02B 13/00) **[1, 2006.01]**

- 5/02 Making or lining canals **[1, 2006.01]**
- 5/04 Navigable canals [1, 2006.01]
- 5/06 • Operating equipment in connection with canals (ship-lifting devices E02C) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/08 Details, e.g. gates, screens [1, 2006.01]
- 7/00 Barrages or weirs; Layout, construction, methods of, or devices for, making same (for protecting banks, coasts, or harbours E02B 3/04; sealings or joints E02B 3/16; handling building or like materials for hydraulic engineering E02D 15/00; foundations in general E02D 27/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/02 Fixed barrages [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 • Dams across valleys **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/06 • Earth-fill dams; Rock-fill dams [1, 2006.01]
- 7/08 • Wall dams [1, 2006.01]
- 7/10 • Gravity dams, i.e. those in which the weight of the structure prevents overturning [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 • • Arch dams [1, 2006.01]
- 7/14 • Buttress dams [1, 2006.01]
- 7/16 Fixed weirs; Superstructures or flash-boards therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 7/18 • Siphon weirs **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/20 Movable barrages; Lock gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/22 • Stop log dams; Emergency gates **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/24 • Needle weirs [1, 2006.01]
- 7/26 • Vertical-lift gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/28 • with sliding gates **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/30 • with guide wheels or rollers for the gates **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/32 • Cylindrical or tubular gates **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/34 • Flash-boards for vertical-lift gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/36 • Elevating mechanisms for vertical-lift gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/38 • Rolling gates **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/40 • Swinging or turning gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/42 • Gates of segmental or sector-like shape with horizontal axis [1, 2006.01]
- 7/44 • Hinged-leaf gates [1, 2006.01]
- 7/46 • Gates turning round a horizontal axis arranged midway of the flap [1, 2006.01]

7/48 7/50	<ul><li>• • Roof or double shutter gates [1, 2006.01]</li><li>• • Floating gates [1, 2006.01]</li></ul>	13/02	• Closures for irrigation conduits [1, 2006.01]
7/52	<ul> <li>Equipment preventing vibration of gates [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	15/00	Cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water; Apparatus therefor (construction of ships or other
7/54	• • Sealings for gates [1, 2006.01]		waterborne vessels B63B, e.g. vessels specially adapted for collecting pollution from open water B63B 35/32; in
8/00	<b>Details of barrages or weirs</b> (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water E02B 15/00) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		swimming or splash baths or pools E04H 4/16) <b>[1, 5, 2006.01]</b>
8/02	<ul> <li>Sediment base gates; Sand sluices; Structures for arresting waterborne material [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	15/02 15/04	<ul> <li>from ice [1, 5, 2006.01]</li> <li>Devices for cleaning or keeping clear the surface of</li> </ul>
8/04	<ul> <li>Valves, slides, or the like; Submerged sluice gates [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		open water from oil or like floating materials by separating or removing these materials (other treatment of water, waste water or sewage C02F;
8/06	<ul> <li>Spillways; Devices for dissipation of energy, e.g. for reducing eddies [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		materials for treating liquid pollutants, e.g. oil, gasoline, fat, C09K 3/32) [1, 2006.01]
8/08	• Fish passes; Passages for rafts or boats [1, 2006.01]	15/06	Barriers therefor (E02B 15/08 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01]
9/00	Water-power plants; Layout, construction or equipment, methods of, or apparatus for, making same (hydraulic motors F03B) [1, 2006.01]	15/08	<ul> <li>Devices for reducing the polluted area without removing the material [5, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
9/02	• Water-ways [1, 2006.01]	15/10	• • Devices for removing the material from the surface <b>[5, 2006.01]</b>
9/04	<ul> <li>Free-flow canals or flumes; Intakes (gratings or screens therefor E02B 5/08) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00	Artificial islands mounted on piles or like supports,
9/06	<ul> <li>Pressure galleries or pressure conduits; Galleries specially adapted to house pressure conduits; Means specially adapted for use therewith, e.g. housings, valves, gates (driving inclined galleries E21D 9/02; valves in general F16K; conduits in general F16L) [1, 6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00	<b>e.g. platforms on raisable legs; Construction methods therefor</b> (fenders E02B 3/26; anchoring floating platforms B63B 21/00; floating platforms, e.g. anchored, B63B 35/44; independent underwater structures E02D 29/00) <b>[1, 5, 2006.01]</b>
9/08	• Tide or wave power plants (water-pressure machines, tide or wave motors F03B) [1, 2006.01]	17/02	<ul> <li>placed by lowering the supporting construction to the bottom, e.g. with subsequent fixing thereto [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
11/00	Drainage of soil, e.g. for agricultural purposes [1, 2006.01]	17/04	<ul> <li>Equipment specially adapted for raising, lowering, or immobilising the working platform relative to the supporting construction (platform lifts in general</li> </ul>
11/02	<ul> <li>Drainage-device-laying apparatus, e.g. drainage ploughs [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/06	B66F 7/00) [1, 2006.01]  • for immobilising, e.g. using wedges or clamping
13/00	Irrigation ditches, i.e. gravity flow, open channel		rings [1, 2006.01]
	water distribution systems (other distribution systems for watering or spraying gardens, fields, sports grounds, or the like A01G 25/00) [1, 2, 2006.01]	17/08	• • for raising or lowering [1, 2006.01]
E02C	SHIP-LIFTING DEVICES OR MECHANISMS		
1/00	Locks; Shaft locks, i.e. locks of which one front side is formed by a solid wall with an opening in the lower part through which the ships pass (lock gates E02B 7/20) [1, 2006.01]  • with auxiliary basins [1, 2006.01]	1/10	• Equipment for use in connection with the navigation of ships in locks; Mooring equipment (tying-up, anchoring waterborne vessels B63B 21/00; equipment for shipping on coasts, in harbours or on other fixed marine structures E02B 3/20) [1, 2006.01]
1/04 1/06	<ul><li>with floating troughs [1, 2006.01]</li><li>Devices for filling or emptying locks (in lock gates</li></ul>	3/00	Inclined-plane ship-lifting mechanisms [1, 2006.01]
	E02B 7/20) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	5/00	Mechanisms for lifting ships vertically (salvaging
1/08	<ul> <li>Arrangements for dissipating the energy of the water (carried by lock gates E02B 8/06) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	5/02	<ul><li>sunken vessels B63C 7/00) [1, 2006.01]</li><li>with floating chambers [1, 2006.01]</li></ul>
E02D	FOUNDATIONS; EXCAVATIONS; EMBANKMENTS (s	specially adag	oted for hydraulic engineering E02B); UNDERGROUND

# **E02D FOUNDATIONS; EXCAVATIONS; EMBANKMENTS** (specially adapted for hydraulic engineering E02B); **UNDERGROUND OR UNDERWATER STRUCTURES** [6]

### Note(s) [6]

2

- 1. This subclass covers underground structures made by foundation engineering, i.e. involving disturbance of the ground surface.
- 2. This subclass does not cover underground spaces, made by underground mining methods only, i.e. not involving disturbance of the ground surface, which are covered by subclass E21D.

#### Subclass index

Subciass	<u>s inuex</u>		
STRUCT	IGATING, IMPROVING OR PRESERVING FOUNDATION S FURAL ELEMENTS AND TECHNIQUES THEREFOR		
	ctural elements		
	ng; removing; placing and removing; accessories		
	ING MATERIALS		
	ATIONS, MAKING EMBANKMENTSG DRY FOUNDATION SITES		
	NSATIONS AS SUBSTRUCTURES; UNDERGROUND OR UNI		
	ING WALLS		
	CTING, TESTING, STRAIGHTENING, LIFTING, REPAIRING		
1/00	Investigation of foundation soil in situ (investigation involving boring or specially adapted to earth drilling E21B 25/00, E21B 49/00; investigating or analysing materials by determining their chemical or physical	3/10	<ul> <li>by watering, draining, de-aerating or blasting, e by installing sand or wick drains (E02D 3/11 ta precedence; soil-penetrating vibrators with auxiliary watering E02D 3/054; drainage of soi</li> </ul>
	properties, in general G01N, e.g. sampling		general E02B 11/00) [1, 3, 2006.01]
	G01N 1/00) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	3/11	• by thermal, electrical or electro-chemical means
1/02	<ul> <li>before construction work [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		(freezing soil for interrupting passage of underground
1/04	<ul> <li>Sampling of soil [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		water E02D 19/14) [3, 2006.01]
1/06	<ul> <li>Sampling of ground water [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	3/115	• • by freezing [3, 2006.01]
1/08	after finishing the foundation structure [1, 2006.01]	3/12	<ul> <li>Consolidating by placing solidifying or pore-filling substances in the soil (making piles E02D 5/46; so</li> </ul>
3/00	Improving or preserving soil or rock a g preserving		conditioning or soil-stabilising materials

- 3/00 Improving or preserving soil or rock, e.g. preserving permafrost soil (securing of slopes or inclines E02D 17/20; damming or interrupting passage of underground water E02D 19/12; improving soil for agricultural purposes A01; soil stabilisation for road building or like purposes E01C 21/00, E01C 23/10; setting rock anchoring bolts E21D) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/02 Improving by compacting (E02D 3/11 takes precedence; compacting soil locally before or while forming foundations E02D 27/26. E02D 27/28) [1, 3, 2006.01]
- 3/026 • by rolling with rollers usable only for or specially adapted for soil compaction, e.g. sheepsfoot rollers (rollers for soil working in agriculture A01B 29/00; rollers for road paving, such rollers usable also for compacting soil E01C 19/23) [3, 2006.01]
- 3/032 • Trench rollers [3, 2006.01]
- 3/039 • Slope rollers [3, 2006.01]
- 3/046 • by tamping or vibrating, e.g. with auxiliary watering of the soil (E02D 3/026, E02D 3/08 take precedence; tamping or vibrating apparatus for working ballast on railways E01B 27/00, for consolidating paving materials E01C 19/30, for consolidating concrete in general E04G 21/06) [3, 2006.01]
- 3/054 • involving penetration of the soil, e.g. vibroflotation [3, 2006.01]
- Tampers with directly acting explosion 3/061 • • • chambers (pile drivers with explosion chambers E02D 7/12) [3, 2006.01]
- 3/068 Vibrating apparatus operating with systems involving reciprocating masses (E02D 3/054, E02D 3/061 take precedence) [3, 2006.01]
- Vibrating apparatus operating with systems 3/074 involving rotary unbalanced masses (E02D 3/054 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01]
- 3/08 by inserting stones or lost bodies, e.g. compaction piles (sand drains for soil compaction E02D 3/10; stressing soil while forming foundations E02D 27/28) [1, 2006.01]

- e.g. takes oil in
- ound
- ng soilconditioning or soil-stabilising materials C09K 17/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Bulkheads, piles, or other structural elements specially adapted to foundation engineering (engineering elements in general F16) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/02 Sheet piles or sheet pile bulkheads [1, 2006.01]
- 5/03 Prefabricated parts [1, 2006.01]
- 5/04 made of steel **[1, 2006.01]**
- 5/06 Fitted piles or other elements specially adapted for closing gaps between two sheet piles or between two walls of sheet piles [1, 2006.01]
- 5/08 Locking forms; Edge joints; Pile crossings; Branch pieces [1, 2006.01]
- made of concrete or reinforced 5/10 concrete [1, 2006.01]
- 5/12 Locking forms; Edge joints; Pile crossings; Branch pieces [1, 2006.01]
- 5/14 Sealing joints between adjacent piles (sealing joints not restricted to foundation piles E04B 1/68) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/16 Auxiliary devices rigidly or detachably arranged on sheet piles for facilitating assembly [1, 2006.01]
- 5/18 • Bulkheads or similar walls made solely of concrete in situ [1, 2006.01]
- 5/20 Bulkheads or similar walls made of prefabricated parts and concrete, including reinforced concrete, in situ [1, 2006.01]
- 5/22 Piles (sheet piles E02D 5/02) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/24 • • Prefabricated piles [1, 2006.01]
- 5/26 made of timber with or without reinforcement; Means affording protection against spoiling of the wood (cases E02D 5/60; impregnating agents B27K 3/16); Self-cleaning of piles placed in water [1, 2006.01]
- 5/28 made of steel **[1, 2006.01]**
- 5/30 made of concrete or reinforced concrete or made of steel and concrete [1, 2006.01]

5/32	<ul> <li>with arrangements for setting in position by</li> </ul>	9/02	• by withdrawing [1, 2006.01]
	fluid jets <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	9/04	<ul> <li>by cutting-off under water [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
5/34	Concrete or concrete-like piles cast in	44 (00	
	position [1, 2006.01]	11/00	Methods or apparatus for both placing and removing
5/36	• • • making without use of mould-pipes or other		<b>sheet pile bulkheads, piles, or mould-pipes</b> (features relating to placing only E02D 7/00, to removing only
<b>5</b> (00	moulds [1, 2006.01]		E02D 9/00) [1, 2006.01]
5/38	• • • making by use of mould-pipes or other		2022 5/00/ [2, 2000/02]
F / 40	moulds [1, 2006.01]	13/00	Accessories for placing or removing piles or
5/40	• • • in open water [1, 2006.01]		bulkheads [1, 2006.01]
5/42	• • • by making use of pressure liquid or pressure gas for compacting the concrete [1, 2006.01]	13/02	<ul> <li>specially adapted for placing or removing</li> </ul>
5/44	• • • • with enlarged footing or enlargements at the		bulkheads [1, 2006.01]
5/ 11	bottom of the pile [1, 2006.01]	13/04	• Guide devices; Guide frames [1, 2006.01]
5/46	• • making <u>in situ</u> by forcing bonding agents into	13/06	• for observation while placing [1, 2006.01]
	gravel fillings or the soil (consolidating soil in	13/08	• Removing obstacles [1, 2006.01]
	general E02D 3/12) [1, 2006.01]	13/10	• Follow-blocks of pile-drivers or like
5/48	<ul> <li>Piles varying in construction along their</li> </ul>		devices [1, 2006.01]
	length [1, 2006.01]	15/00	Handling building or like materials for hydraulic
5/50	Piles comprising both precast concrete portions		engineering or foundations (conveying or working-up
F /F2	and concrete portions cast in situ [1, 2006.01]		concrete or similar masses in general
5/52	<ul> <li>Piles composed of separable parts, e.g. telescopic tubes [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		E04G 21/02) [1, 2006.01]
5/54	<ul> <li>Piles with prefabricated supports or anchoring</li> </ul>	15/02	Handling of bulk concrete specially for foundation
3/34	parts; Anchoring piles [1, 2006.01]	15 (04	purposes [1, 2006.01]
5/56	• • Screw piles [1, 2006.01]	15/04	<ul> <li>Placing concrete in mould-pipes, pile tubes, boreholes, or narrow shafts [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
5/58	• • Prestressed concrete piles [1, 2006.01]	15/06	<ul> <li>Placing concrete under water [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
5/60	• • Piles with protecting cases [1, 2006.01]	15/08	• Sinking workpieces into water or soil [1, 2006.01]
5/62	<ul> <li>Compacting the soil at the footing or in a casing</li> </ul>	15/10	<ul> <li>Placing gravel or like material under</li> </ul>
	by forcing cement or like material through	15/10	water [1, 2006.01]
	tubes [1, 2006.01]		
5/64	<ul> <li>Repairing piles [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00	Excavations; Bordering of excavations; Making
5/66	<ul> <li>Mould-pipes or other moulds [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		embankments (soil shifting apparatus E02F; earth
5/68	<ul> <li>for making bulkheads [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/00	drilling E21) [1, 2006.01]
5/70	<ul> <li>for making sheet piles [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/02	• Foundation pits [1, 2006.01]
5/72	<ul> <li>Pile shoes [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/04	<ul> <li>Bordering or stiffening the sides of foundation pits [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
5/74	Means for anchoring structural elements or bulkheads	17/06	• Foundation ditches or narrow shafts [1, 2006.01]
- /	(anchoring piles E02D 5/54) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	17/08	Bordering or stiffening the sides of ditches or
5/76	• • Anchorings for bulkheads or sections	17700	narrow shafts for foundations [1, 2006.01]
F /90	thereof [1, 2006.01]	17/10	<ul> <li>Covering trenches for foundations [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
5/80	• • Ground anchors [1, 2006.01]	17/12	Back-filling of foundation trenches or
7/00	Methods or apparatus for placing sheet pile		ditches [1, 2006.01]
	bulkheads, piles, mould-pipes, or other moulds (for	17/13	<ul> <li>Foundation slots; Implements for making these</li> </ul>
	both placing and removing E02D 11/00) [1, 2006.01]		slots [1, 2006.01]
7/02	<ul> <li>Placing by driving [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	17/16	<ul> <li>Loosening of soil or rock, under water (for correcting</li> </ul>
7/04	<ul> <li>Hand pile-drivers [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		streams E02B 3/02; by dredgers or excavators
7/06	• • Power-driven drivers [1, 2006.01]	17/10	E02F) [1, 2006.01]
7/08	Drop drivers with free-falling	17/18	<ul> <li>Making embankments (E02D 17/20 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
F /40	hammer [1, 2006.01]	17/20	• Securing of slopes or inclines [1, 2006.01]
7/10	• • • with pressure-operated hammer [1, 2006.01]	1//20	securing of slopes of inclines [1, 2000.01]
7/12	• • • Drivers with explosion chambers [1, 2006.01]	19/00	Keeping dry foundation sites or other areas in the
7/14	• • • Components for drivers [1, 2006.01]		ground (sheet piles or bulkheads
7/16	• • • • Scaffolds for drivers [1, 2006.01]		E02D 5/02) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
7/18	• Placing by vibrating [1, 2006.01]	19/02	<ul> <li>Restraining of open water [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/20	• Placing by pressure or pulling power [1, 2006.01]	19/04	• • by coffer-dams [1, 2006.01]
7/22 7/24	Placing by screwing down [1, 2006.01]     Placing by using fluid inte [1, 2006.01]	19/06	Restraining of underground water [1, 2006.01]
7/24 7/26	<ul><li> Placing by using fluid jets [1, 2006.01]</li><li> Placing by using several means</li></ul>	19/08	• by employing open ditches arranged below the
//20	simultaneously [1, 2006.01]	10/10	level of the water [1, 2006.01]
7/28	<ul> <li>Placing of hollow piles or mould-pipes by means</li> </ul>	19/10	• • by lowering level of ground water [1, 2006.01]
, , 20	arranged inside the piles or pipes [1, 2006.01]	19/12	<ul> <li>by damming or interrupting the passage of underground water [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
7/30	<ul> <li>by driving cores [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	19/14	<ul> <li>• by freezing the soil (in connection with sinking</li> </ul>
	, , , , , , , ,	13/14	shafts E21D 1/12) [1, 2006.01]
9/00	Removing sheet pile bulkheads, piles, mould-pipes,		
	or other moulds (for both placing and removing		
	E02D 11/00) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		

19/16	<ul> <li>• • by placing or applying sealing substances         (consolidating by placing solidifying or pore- filling substances in the soil         E02D 3/12) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	27/34	• • Foundations for sinking or earthquake territories (building constructions with protection arrangements against earthquakes E04H 9/02) [1, 2006.01]
19/18	<ul> <li>• by making use of sealing aprons (sealings or joints for engineering work</li> </ul>	27/35	• • Foundations formed in frozen ground, e.g. in permafrost soil [3, 2006.01]
	E02B 3/16) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	27/36	• • Foundations formed in moors or bogs [1, 2006.01]
19/20	• • • by displacing the water, e.g. by compressed air [1, 2006.01]	27/38	• • Foundations for large tanks, e.g. oil
19/22	<ul> <li>Lining sumps in trenches [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	27/40	<ul> <li>tanks [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Foundations for dams across valleys or for dam constructions [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
23/00	Caissons; Construction or placing of caissons (tunnels submerged into or built in open water	27/42	<ul> <li>Foundations for poles, masts, or chimneys [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
23/02	E02D 29/063) <b>[1, 6, 2006.01]</b> • Caissons able to be floated on water and to be	27/44	• • Foundations for machines, engines, or ordnance (special layout of foundations with respect to
	lowered into water in situ [1, 2006.01]		machinery to be supported
23/04	• Pneumatic caissons [1, 2006.01]		F16M 9/00) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
23/06	<ul> <li>Bringing persons or material into, or out of, compressed air caissons [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	27/46	<ul> <li>Foundations for supply conduits or other canals [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
23/08	• Lowering or sinking caissons [1, 2006.01]	27/48	Foundations inserted underneath existing
23/10 23/12	<ul><li>Caissons filled with compressed air [1, 2006.01]</li><li>Inclined lowering [1, 2006.01]</li></ul>	27/50	buildings or constructions [1, 2006.01]
23/12	Decreasing the skin friction while	27/50 27/52	<ul><li> • Anchored foundations [1, 2006.01]</li><li> • Submerged foundations [1, 2006.01]</li></ul>
25/14	lowering [1, 2006.01]	27/32	Submerged foundations [1, 2000.01]
23/16 <b>25/00</b>	<ul> <li>Jointing caissons to the foundation soil, specially to uneven foundation soil [1, 2006.01]</li> <li>Joining caissons or like sunk units to each other</li> </ul>	29/00	<b>Underground or underwater structures</b> (underground tanks B65D 88/76; hydraulic engineering, e.g. sealings or joints, E02B; underground garages E04H 6/00; underground air-raid shelters E04H 9/12; burial vaults
25/00	under water [1, 2006.01]	29/02	E04H 13/00); Retaining walls [1, 6, 2006.01]
27/00	Foundations as substructures [1, 2006.01]	23/02	<ul> <li>Retaining or protecting walls (piers or quay walls E02B 3/06) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
27/01	• Flat foundations [1, 2006.01]	29/045	<ul> <li>Underground structures, e.g. tunnels or galleries,</li> </ul>
27/02	Flat foundations without substantial excavation  (FOOD 27/04 FOOD 27/09 cl		built in the open air or by methods involving
	(E02D 27/04, E02D 27/08 take precedence) [ <b>1, 2006.01</b> ]		disturbance of the ground surface all along the location line; Methods of making them [6, 2006.01]
27/04	• in water or on quicksand [1, 2006.01]	29/05	<ul> <li>at least part of the cross-section being constructed</li> </ul>
27/06	• • • Floating caisson foundations [1, 2006.01]	20,00	in an open excavation or from the ground surface,
27/08	• • Reinforcements for flat foundations [1, 2006.01]		e.g. assembled in a trench [6, 2006.01]
27/10	• Deep foundations [1, 2006.01]	29/055	• • • further excavation of the cross-section
27/12	• • Pile foundations <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		proceeding underneath an already installed part of the structure, e.g. the roof of a
27/14	• • • Pile framings [1, 2006.01]		tunnel [6, 2006.01]
27/16	• • • Foundations formed of separate piles [1, 2006.01]	29/063	Tunnels submerged into, or built in, open water
27/18	• Foundations formed by making use of		(construction or placing of caissons in general
	caissons <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>		E02D 23/00; joining caissons to each other under water, in general E02D 25/00) <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>
27/20	<ul> <li>Caisson foundations combined with pile foundations [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	29/067	Floating tunnels; Submerged bridge-like tunnels,
27/22	Caisson foundations made by starting from fixed		<ul><li>i.e. tunnels supported by piers or the like above the water-bed (pontoons or floating bridges</li></ul>
	or floating artificial islands by using protective		E01D 15/14) [ <b>6, 2006.01</b> ]
0=101	bulkheads [1, 2006.01]	29/07	• • Tunnels or shuttering therefor preconstructed as a
27/24	<ul> <li>Foundations constructed by making use of diving- bells (equipment for dwelling or working under water B63C 11/00) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		whole or continuously made, and moved into place on the water-bed, e.g. into a preformed
27/26	• Compacting soil locally before forming foundations;	29/073	trench <b>[6, 2006.01]</b> • Tunnels or shuttering therefor assembled from
	Construction of foundation structures by forcing binding substances into gravel fillings (consolidating foundation soil in general E02D 3/02-	29/0/3	sections individually sunk onto, or laid on, the water-bed, e.g. in a preformed trench (caisson-type
	E02D 3/12) [1, 2006.01]		sections lowered onto the water-bed E02D 29/077) <b>[6, 2006.01]</b>
27/28	• Stressing the soil or the foundation structure while forming foundations [1, 2006.01]	29/077	Tunnels at least partially built beneath the water-
27/30	<ul> <li>Foundations made with permanent use of sheet pile</li> </ul>		bed characterised by being made by methods involving disturbance thereof all along the
_,,50	bulkheads, walls of planks, or sheet piling		location line, e.g. by cut-and-cover or caisson
	boxes [1, 2006.01]		methods [6, 2006.01]
27/32	• Foundations for special purposes [1, 2006.01]	29/09	<ul> <li>Constructions or methods of constructing, in water, not otherwise provided for [6, 2006.01]</li> </ul>

29/12	<ul> <li>Manhole shafts; Other inspection or access chambers; Accessories therefor (for underground tanks</li> </ul>	31/08	<ul> <li>against transmission of vibrations or movements in the foundation soil [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
29/14	<ul><li>B65D 90/10; for sewerage E03F 5/02) [1, 6, 2006.01]</li><li>• Covers for manholes or the like; Frames for</li></ul>	31/10	<ul> <li>against soil pressure or hydraulic pressure [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
	covers [1, 6, 2006.01]	31/12	• • against upward hydraulic pressure [1, 2006.01]
29/16	<ul> <li>Arrangement or construction of joints in foundation structures (sealing joints not restricted to foundation</li> </ul>	31/14	• • against frost heaves in soil [3, 2006.01]
	structures E04B 1/68) [1, 2006.01]	33/00	<b>Testing foundations or foundation structures</b> (testing methods or apparatus, <u>see</u> the relevant subclasses of
31/00	Protective arrangements for foundations or		class G01; testing structures or apparatus as regards
	foundation structures; Ground foundation measures		function, in general, G01M; investigating or analysing
	for protecting the soil or the subsoil water, e.g. preventing or counteracting oil pollution (spillage retaining means for tanks B65D 90/24) [1, 2006.01]		materials by determining their chemical or physical properties, in general G01N) [1, 2006.01]
31/02	• against ground humidity or ground water [1, 2006.01]	35/00	Straightening, lifting, or lowering of foundation
31/04	<ul> <li>Watertight packings for use under hydraulic pressure [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>		structures or of constructions erected on foundations [1, 2006.01]
31/06	• against corrosion by soil or water [1, 2006.01]	37/00	Repair of damaged foundations or foundation structures [1, 2006.01]

E02F **DREDGING; SOIL-SHIFTING** (winning peat E21C 49/00)

# Note(s)

This subclass <u>covers</u>:

- primarily equipment for excavating or loosening earth or for moving loose earth; equipment for working similarly on other materials and similar equipment for loading or unloading materials.

# **Subclass index**

GENERAL WORKING METHODS	JSE3/02 NERAL USE OR THEIR SPECIAL3/04 ILS5/00 IATERIAL7/00
1/00 General working methods with dredgers or soil- shifting machines (methods for making embankments	3/24 • • • • Digging wheels; Digging elements of wheels; Drives for wheels [1, 2006.01]
E02D 17/18; methods for mining E21C) [1, 2006.01]  3/00 Dredgers; Soil-shifting machines (for special purposes	3/26 • • • • Safety or control devices (safety devices in general F16P; controlling in general G05) [1, 2006.01]
E02F 5/00; other machines or apparatus for mining E21C; tunnelling E21D) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	3/28 • • with digging tools mounted on a dipper- or bucket-arm, e.g. dippers, buckets [1, 4, 2006.01]
3/02 • hand-operated <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	3/30 • • • with a dipper-arm pivoted on a cantilever
3/04 • mechanically-driven [1, 2006.01]	beam <b>[1, 2006.01</b> ]
3/06 • • with digging screws [1, 2006.01] 3/08 • • with digging elements on an endless chain	3/32 • • • • working downwardly and towards the machine, e.g. with backhoes [1, 2006.01]
(conveyors B65G) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b> 3/10 • • with tools that only loosen the material <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	3/34 • • • with bucket-arms directly pivoted on the frames of tractors or self-propelled machines [1, 4, 2006.01]
3/12 • • • Component parts <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	3/342 • • • Buckets emptying overhead (E02F 3/348-
3/14 • • • Buckets; Chains; Guides for buckets or	E02F 3/358 take precedence) [4, 2006.01]
chains; Drives for chains <b>[1, 2006.01]</b> 3/16 • • • Safety or control devices (safety devices in	3/345 • • • • Buckets emptying side-ways (E02F 3/348-E02F 3/358 take precedence) <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
general F16P; controlling in general G05) [1, 2006.01]	3/348 • • • • Buckets emptying into a collecting or conveying device <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
3/18 • • with digging wheels turning round an axis [1, 2006.01]	3/352 • • • • Buckets movable along a fixed guide <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
3/20 • • • with tools that only loosen the material [1, 2006.01]	3/355 • • • • Buckets connected to the rear end of a tractor <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>
3/22 • • • Component parts [1, 2006.01]	3/358 • • • • Bucket-arms pivoted on a turntable being part of a tractor frame <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>

3/36	• • • Component parts [1, 2006.01]	5/10	<ul> <li>with arrangements for reinforcing trenches or</li> </ul>
3/38	• • • Cantilever beams; Dipper-arms; Bucket-		ditches; with arrangements for making or
	arms [1, 4, 2006.01]		assembling conduits or for laying conduits or
3/39	• • • • with telescopic arms [4, 2006.01]		cables (laying pipes per se F16L 1/00; making
3/40	• • • • Dippers; Buckets [1, 4, 2006.01]		pipes in situ F16L 1/038; laying electric cables per
3/407	• • • • with ejecting device [4, 2006.01]	E /10	<u>se</u> H02G 1/06) [1, 6, 2006.01]
3/413	• • • • with grabbing device (grab equipment for	5/12	• • with equipment for back-filling trenches or ditches (E02F 5/10 takes precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01]
	cranes B66C) [4, 2006.01]	5/14	<ul> <li>Component parts for trench excavators, e.g.</li> </ul>
3/42	<ul> <li>• • • Drives for dippers, buckets, dipper-arms or</li> </ul>	3/14	indicating devices [1, 2006.01]
	bucket-arms [1, 4, 2006.01]	5/16	Machines for digging other holes in the soil (earth
3/43	• • • • Control of dipper or bucket position;	3710	drilling E21) [1, 2006.01]
	Control of sequence of drive	5/18	<ul> <li>for horizontal holes [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
2/46	operations [4, 2006.01]	5/20	• • for vertical holes [1, 2006.01]
3/46	<ul> <li>with reciprocating digging or scraping elements moved by cables or hoisting ropes [1, 4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	5/22	<ul> <li>for making embankments; for back-filling (in</li> </ul>
3/47	• • with grab buckets (grab equipment for cranes		combination with trench excavators
3/4/	B66C) [4, 2006.01]		E02F 5/12) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
3/48	• • • Drag-lines [1, 2006.01]	5/24	<ul> <li>Depositing dredged material in</li> </ul>
3/50	<ul> <li>• with buckets or other digging elements moved</li> </ul>		mounds [1, 2006.01]
0,00	along a rigid guideway [1, 2006.01]	5/26	Combined conveying-bridges and
3/52	Cableway excavators (cable cranes	<b>5</b> (00	dredgers [1, 2006.01]
	B66C) [1, 2006.01]	5/28	• for cleaning watercourses or other
3/54	• • • Cable scrapers [1, 2006.01]	E /20	waters [1, 2006.01]
3/56	<ul> <li>• • with hand-controlled scraper or other</li> </ul>	5/30	<ul> <li>Auxiliary apparatus, e.g. for thawing, cracking, blowing-up, or other preparatory treatment of the</li> </ul>
	digging elements [1, 2006.01]		soil [1, 2006.01]
3/58	• • • Component parts [1, 2006.01]	5/32	• • Rippers [4, 2006.01]
3/60	• • • Buckets, scrapers, or other digging		Tract, the state of
D / CD =	elements [1, 2006.01]	7/00	Equipment for conveying or separating excavated
3/627	Devices to connect beams or arms to a tractor or     similar cell propelled machine [4, 2006 01].		material (barges adapted for carrying-away material
2/622	similar self-propelled machine [4, 2006.01]  • • Drives therefor [4, 2006.01]	E (00	from floating dredgers B63B 35/28) [1, 2006.01]
3/633 3/64		7/02	<ul> <li>Conveying equipment mounted on a dredger (conveyors in general B65G) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>
3/04	<ul> <li>Bucket cars, i.e. having scraper bowls [1, 4, 2006.01]</li> </ul>	7/04	Loading devices mounted on a dredger (loading
3/65	Component parts, e.g. drives, control	7704	devices in general B65G) [1, 2006.01]
	devices <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>	7/06	Delivery chutes or screening plants mounted on a
3/76	<ul> <li>Graders, bulldozers, or the like with scraper plates</li> </ul>		dredger (separating equipment in general B03;
	or ploughshare-like elements (soil working A01B);		delivery chutes in general B65G) [1, 2006.01]
	Levelling devices [1, 4, 2006.01]	7/10	<ul> <li>Pipe-lines for conveying excavated materials (pipes</li> </ul>
3/78	• • • with rotating digging elements [1, 2006.01]		in general F16L; pipe-line systems
3/80	• • • Component parts [1, 2006.01]		F17D) <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>
3/815	• • • • Blades; Levelling tools <b>[4, 2006.01]</b>	9/00	Component parts of dredgers or soil-shifting
3/84	• • • Drives or control devices	3700	machines, not restricted to one of the kinds covered
2 /05	therefor [1, 2006.01]		by groups E02F 3/00-E02F 7/00 (laying-out or take-up
3/85	• • • • • Applications of hydraulic or pneumatic		devices for trailing electric cables B66C) [1, 3, 2006.01]
3/88	systems [1, 2006.01]  • with arrangements acting by a sucking or forcing	9/02	<ul> <li>Travelling gear (for motor vehicles B60B, B60G;</li> </ul>
3/00	effect, e.g. suction dredgers (pumps in general		undercarriages for locomotives or railroad cars B61F;
	F04) [1, 2006.01]		track-laying vehicles B62D; for cranes
3/90	Component parts, e.g. drives, control	9/04	<ul><li>B66C) [1, 2006.01]</li><li>• Walking gears moving the dredger forward step-</li></ul>
	devices [1, 2006.01]	3/04	by-step [1, 2006.01]
3/92	• • • Digging elements, e.g. suction	9/06	• Floating substructures as supports [1, 2006.01]
	heads [1, 2006.01]	9/08	Superstructures; Supports for
3/94	<ul> <li>• • • Apparatus for separating stones from the</li> </ul>	3700	superstructures [1, 2006.01]
	dredged material [1, 2006.01]	9/10	Supports for movable superstructures mounted on
3/96	with arrangements for alternate use of different		travelling or walking gears or on other
	digging elements [1, 2006.01]		superstructures [1, 2006.01]
5/00	Dredgers or soil-shifting machines for special	9/12	<ul> <li>• Slewing or traversing gears (roller and ball</li> </ul>
5, 00	purposes [1, 2006.01]		bearings F16C) [1, 2006.01]
5/02	<ul> <li>for digging trenches or ditches (agricultural ploughs</li> </ul>	9/14	• Booms; Cable suspensions [1, 2006.01]
	for working ridges A01B 13/02) [1, 2006.01]	9/16	• Cabins, platforms, or the like for the driver (for
5/04	• • with digging screws [1, 2006.01]	0/10	cranes B66C 13/54) [1, 2006.01]
5/06	<ul> <li>with digging elements mounted on an endless</li> </ul>	9/18	• Counterweights [1, 2006.01]
	chain [1, 2006.01]	9/20	<ul> <li>Drives; Control devices (gearing in general F16H; controlling in general G05; electric multi-motor</li> </ul>
5/08	with digging wheels turning round an		drives H02K, H02P) [1, 2006.01]
	axis <b>[1, 2006.01]</b>	0/22	
		9/22	<ul> <li>Hydraulic or pneumatic drives [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>

9/24 • Safety devices [1, 2006.01]

9/26 • Indicating devices [1, 2006.01]

9/28 • Small metalwork for digging elements, e.g. teeth [1, 2006.01]