## SECTION C — CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

## C13 SUGAR INDUSTRY

## Note(s) [2011.01]

In class C13, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:

 "sugars" are a class of edible, water-soluble crystalline carbohydrates, having a characteristic sweet taste, including mono-, di- and oligosaccharides, e.g. sucrose, lactose and fructose. A more specific meaning of the term "sugar" is defined in the note of subclass C13B.

C13B PRODUCTION OF SUCROSE; APPARATUS SPECIALLY ADAPTED THEREFOR (chemically synthesised sugars or sugar derivatives C07H; fermentation or enzyme-using processes for preparing compounds containing saccharide radicals C12P 19/00) [2011.01]

## Note(s) [2011.01]

In subclass C13B, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:

- "sugar" is used in its non-scientific meaning and refers to sucrose, also called "table sugar" or "saccharose", a white crystalline disaccharide:
- "sugar juices" are solutions of sugar, essentially comprising sucrose, which are derived from different plants, e.g. beet, cane or maple;
- "syrups" are highly concentrated sugar juices.

using alkaline earth metal compounds [2011.01]

| 5/00  | Reducing the size of material from which sugar is to   | 20/04 | • • followed by saturation [2011.01]                                     |
|-------|--|-------|--|
|       | be extracted (for extraction of starch   | 20/06 | • • • with carbon dioxide or sulfur dioxide [2011.01]                    |
|       | C08B 30/02) <b>[2011.01]</b>   | 20/08 | by oxidation or reduction [2011.01]                                      |
| 5/02  | <ul> <li>Cutting sugar cane [2011.01]</li> </ul>   | 20/10 | • • using sulfur dioxide or sulfites [2011.01]                           |
| 5/04  | Shredding sugar cane [2011.01]   | 20/12 | • using adsorption agents, e.g. active carbon [2011.01]                  |
| 5/06  | <ul> <li>Slicing sugar beet [2011.01]</li> </ul>   | 20/12 | <ul> <li>using ion-exchange materials [2011.01]</li> </ul>               |
| 5/08  | Knives; Adjustment or maintenance thereof [2011.01]  | 20/14 | <ul> <li>by physical means, e.g. osmosis or</li> </ul>                   |
|       | , ,  | 20/10 | filtration [2011.01]   |
| 10/00 | <b>Production of sugar juices</b> (tapping of tree-juices  | 20/18 | • by electrical means [2011.01]  |
|       | A01G 23/10; tapping-spouts, receptacles for juices   | 20/10 | by electrical means [2011.01]  |
|       | A01G 23/14) [ <b>2011.01</b> ]   | 25/00 | Evaporators or boiling pans specially adapted for                        |
| 10/02 | <ul> <li>Expressing juice from sugar cane or similar material,</li> </ul>                          |       | sugar juices; Evaporating or boiling sugar                               |
|       | e.g. sorghum saccharatum [2011.01]   |       | juices [2011.01]   |
| 10/04 | • • combined with imbibition [2011.01]   | 25/02 | <ul> <li>Details, e.g. for preventing foaming or for catching</li> </ul> |
| 10/06 | • • Sugar-cane crushers [2011.01]  |       | juice <b>[2011.01]</b>   |
| 10/08 | <ul> <li>Extraction of sugar from sugar beet with</li> </ul>                                       | 25/04 | <ul> <li>Heating equipment [2011.01]</li> </ul>                          |
|       | water [2011.01]  | 25/06 | <ul> <li>combined with measuring instruments for effecting</li> </ul>    |
| 10/10 | <ul> <li>Continuous processes [2011.01]</li> </ul>   |       | control of the process [2011.01]   |
| 10/12 | <ul> <li>Details of extraction apparatus, e.g. arrangements</li> </ul>                             | 22/22 |  |
|       | of pipes or valves <b>[2011.01]</b>  | 30/00 | Crystallisation; Crystallising apparatus; Separating                     |
| 10/14 | <ul> <li>using extracting agents other than water, e.g. alcohol</li> </ul>                         | 22/22 | crystals from mother liquors [2011.01]                                   |
|       | or salt solutions [2011.01]  | 30/02 | Crystallisation; Crystallising apparatus [2011.01]                       |
| 15/00 |  | 30/04 | <ul> <li>Separating crystals from mother liquor [2011.01]</li> </ul>     |
| 15/00 | Expressing water from material from which sugar has been extracted (from starch-extracted material | 30/06 | • • by centrifugal force [2011.01]                                       |
|       | C08B 30/10) [2011.01]  | 30/08 | <ul> <li>Washing residual mother liquor from</li> </ul>                  |
| 15/02 | <ul> <li>between perforated moving belts [2011.01]</li> </ul>                                      |       | crystals <b>[2011.01]</b>  |
| 13/02 | • Detween periorated moving bens [2011.01]   | 30/10 | • • • in centrifuges <b>[2011.01]</b>                                    |
| 20/00 | Purification of sugar juices [2011.01]   | 30/12 | <ul> <li>Recycling mother liquor or wash liquors [2011.01]</li> </ul>    |
|       | I minicular of ought jurces [=v11/v1]  | 30/14 | <ul> <li>Dissolving or refining raw sugar [2011.01]</li> </ul>           |
|       | Note(s) [2011.01]  |       |  |
|       | When classifying in this group, classification is also   | 35/00 | Extraction of sucrose from molasses [2011.01]                            |
|       | made in group B01D 15/08 insofar as subject matter of  | 35/02 | • by chemical means <b>[2011.01]</b>                                     |
|       | general interest relating to chromatography is   | 35/04 | by precipitation as alkaline earth metal                                 |
|       | concerned.   |       | saccharates [2011.01]  |

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35/06 • • using ion exchange **[2011.01]** 

| 35/08 | <ul> <li>by physical means, e.g. osmosis [2011.01]</li> </ul>   | 50/00 | Sugar products, e.g. powdered, lump or liquid sugar;  |
|-------|---|-------|---|
| 40/00 | Drying sugar [2011.01]  |       | <b>Working-up of sugar</b> (C13B 40/00, C13B 45/00 take precedence; confectionery A23G 3/00) <b>[2011.01]</b> |
| 45/00 | Cutting machines specially adapted for  | 50/02 | <ul> <li>formed by moulding sugar [2011.01]</li> </ul>  |
| 45/00 | <ul> <li>sugar [2011.01]</li> <li>in combination with sorting and packing machines [2011.01]</li> </ul> | 99/00 | Subject matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass [2011.01]                                    |
| 45/02 |   |       |   |

SACCHARIDES, OTHER THAN SUCROSE, OBTAINED FROM NATURAL SOURCES OR BY HYDROLYSIS OF NATURALLY OCCURRING DI-, OLIGO- OR POLYSACCHARIDES (chemically synthesised sugars or sugar derivatives C07H; polysaccharides, e.g. starch, derivatives thereof C08B; malt C12C; fermentation or enzyme-using processes for preparing compounds containing saccharide radicals C12P 19/00)

| 1/00 | <b>Glucose</b> (separation from invert sugar C13K 3/00);  | 3/00  | Invert sugar; Separation of glucose or fructose from |
|------|---|-------|--|
|      | Glucose-containing syrups [1, 2, 2006.01]   |       | invert sugar [1, 2006.01]                            |
| 1/02 | <ul> <li>obtained by saccharification of cellulosic materials<br/>(manufacture of fodder A23K 1/12) [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul> | 5/00  | Lactose [1, 2006.01]                                 |
| 1/04 | • • Purifying [1, 2006.01]  | 7/00  | Maltaca [1, 2006 01]                                 |
| 1/06 | <ul> <li>obtained by saccharification of starch or raw</li> </ul>   | 7/00  | Maltose [1, 2006.01]                                 |
|      | materials containing starch [1, 2006.01]  | 11/00 | Fructose (separation from invert sugar               |
| 1/08 | • • Purifying [1, 2006.01]  |       | C13K 3/00) [2, 2006.01]                              |
| 1/10 | <ul> <li>Crystallisation [1, 2006.01]</li> </ul>  |       | 7.5.   |
|      |   | 13/00 | Sugars not otherwise provided for in this            |
|      |   |       | class [2, 2006.01]                                   |