SECTION B — PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING

B23 MACHINE TOOLS; METAL-WORKING NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

Note(s) [2015.01]

- 1. This class covers:
 - working of metallic materials;
 - working of non-metallic materials, provided that the methods applied are similar to those used in metal-working and not provided for elsewhere;
 - features, specific to machine tools, which relate to a requirement or problem of a nature which is not peculiar to a particular kind of machine tool, e.g. feeding work, which are covered by subclass B23Q, although the realisation of these features may differ according to the kind of machine tool concerned. The said subclass covers such features, in general, even if the feature or a specific function, in any particular case, is to some extent peculiar to, or is claimed only for, machine tools designed for one particular operation; only in exceptional cases are such features classified in the subclass for the machine tool concerned. Certain features of this general nature are, however, referred to subclasses relating to particular metal-working operations, especially B23B, in which case the subclasses in question are not restricted, in respect of those features, to the kind of machine tool with which they are primarily concerned.
- 2. In this class, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - "kind of operations" and similar expressions relate to such metal-working operations as boring, drilling, milling and grinding;
 - "kind of machine" means a machine designed for a particular kind of metal-working operation (e.g. a lathe);
 - "form of machine" means a machine of a particular kind adapted or arranged for a particular way of working or for particular work, e.g. face-plate lathe, tailstock lathe, turret lathe;
 - "different machines" covers different forms of machines for performing the same type of metal-working operation, e.g. vertical and horizontal boring machines.
- 3. If details, components, or accessories have no essential feature specific to machine tools, the more general class, e.g. F16, takes precedence.

B23B TURNING; BORING (using an electrode which takes the place of a tool B23H, e.g. making holes B23H 9/14; working by laser beam B23K 26/00; arrangements for copying or controlling B23Q)

Subclass index

TT 1D 3 113 10

| TURNING | |
|--|---------------------|
| Methods | 1/00 |
| Lathes | |
| general-purpose lathes | |
| semi-automatic or automatic lathes | |
| for particular work | |
| handling, adjusting | 13/00, 15/00 |
| component parts | |
| headstocks, tailstocks, chucks | 19/00, 23/00, 31/00 |
| tools, or holders therefor | |
| other parts | 17/00, 21/00, 33/00 |
| accessories | |
| BORING, DRILLING | |
| Methods | 35/00, 37/00 |
| Machines | |
| general-purpose machines | 39/00 |
| for particular work | 41/00 |
| hand-held machines | 45/00 |
| component parts | 47/00, 49/00, 51/00 |
| DEVICES FOR ATTACHMENT TO ANY MACHINE TOOL | 43/00 |
| | |

Turning

- 1/00 Methods for turning or working essentially requiring the use of turning-machines; Use of auxiliary equipment in connection with such methods [1, 2006.01]
- 3/00 General-purpose turning-machines or devices, e.g. centre lathes with feed rod and lead screw; Sets of turning-machines [1, 2006.01]
- Small lathes, e.g. for toolmakers (specially designed for watchmakers G04D 3/00) [1, 2006.01]
- Turning-machines in which the workpiece is rotated by means at a distance from the headstock [1, 2006.01]
- Turning-machines or devices characterised only by the special arrangement of constructional units (B23Q 37/00 takes precedence; structural features of details, see the relevant groups; such features of general applicability B23Q) [1, 2006.01]
- Turning-machines characterised by the use of faceplates [1, 2006.01]
- 3/10 • with the faceplate horizontal, i.e. vertical boring and turning machines [1, 2006.01]
- 3/12 with the faceplate vertical, i.e. face lathes [1, 2006.01]
- 3/14 • Mountings or drives of faceplates [1, 2006.01]
- 3/16 Turret lathes for turning individually-chucked workpieces [1, 2006.01]
- 3/18 • with horizontal working-spindle [1, 2006.01]
- 3/20 with vertical working-spindle [1, 2006.01]
- 3/22 Turning-machines or devices with rotary tool heads [1, 2006.01]
- 3/24 the tools of which do not perform a radial movement; Rotary tool heads therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 3/26 the tools of which perform a radial movement; Rotary tool heads thereof [1, 2006.01]
- Turning-machines in which the feed is controlled by a copying device, i.e. copying lathes (features of copying devices B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/30 Turning-machines with two or more working-spindles, e.g. in fixed arrangement [1, 2006.01]
- for performing identical operations simultaneously on two or more workpieces [1, 2006.01]
- Short turning-machines with one or multiple working-spindles attended from the end (B23B 3/12 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- Associations of only turning-machines directed to a particular metal-working result (if the metal-working result is not essential B23Q 39/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Turning-machines or devices specially adapted for particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01]
- 5/02 for turning hubs or brake drums (B23B 5/04 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- for reconditioning hubs or brake drums or axle spindles without removing same from the vehicle [1, 2006.01]
- for turning valves or valve bodies [1, 2006.01]
- 5/08 for turning axles, bars, rods, tubes, rolls, i.e. shaft-turning lathes, roll lathes; Centreless turning [1, 2006.01]
- 5/10 • for turning pilgrim rolls **[1, 2006.01]**

- 5/12 • for peeling bars or tubes by making use of cutting bits arranged around the workpiece (making use of cutting bits arranged around the workpiece otherwise than by turning B23D 79/12) [1, 2, 2006.01]
- 5/14 Cutting-off lathes (shearing B23D) [1, 2006.01]
- for bevelling, chamfering, or deburring the ends of bars or tubes [1, 2006.01]
- for turning crankshafts, eccentrics, or cams, e.g. crankpin lathes [1, 2006.01]
- 5/20 • without removing same from the engine [1, 2006.01]
- 5/22 Holding the workpiece in the machine, e.g. chucking devices [1, 2006.01]
- for turning pistons or other workpieces to a slightly non-circular cross-section [1, 2006.01]
- for simultaneously turning internal and external surfaces of a body [1, 2006.01]
- for turning wheels or wheel sets or cranks thereon,
 i.e. wheel lathes [1, 2006.01]
- 5/30 Arrangements providing for tool control by templates [1, 2006.01]
- 5/32 for reconditioning wheel sets without removing same from the vehicle; Underfloor wheel lathes for railway vehicles [1, 2006.01]
- 5/34 Holding the workpiece in the machine, e.g. chucking devices therefor; Drivers therefor [1, 2006.01]
- for turning specially-shaped surfaces by making use of relative movement of the tool and work produced by geometrical mechanisms, i.e. forminglathes [1, 2006.01]
- • for turning conical surfaces inside or outside, e.g. taper pins [1, 2006.01]
- 5/40 • for turning spherical surfaces inside or outside [1, 2006.01]
- 5/42 • for turning relieving surfaces, i.e. relieving-lathes [1, 2006.01]
- 5/44 • for turning polygonal or other non-circular surfaces controlled by gear or guide mechanisms, i.e. eccentric lathes [1, 2006.01]
- 5/46 • for turning helical or spiral surfaces (thread cutting B23G) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/48 • for cutting grooves, e.g. oil grooves of helicoidal shape [1, 2006.01]
- 7/00 Automatic or semi-automatic turning-machines with a single working-spindle, e.g. controlled by cams; Equipment therefor; Features common to automatic and semi-automatic turning-machines with one or more working-spindles [1, 2006.01]
- 7/02 Automatic or semi-automatic machines for turning of stock [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 • Turret machines [1, 2006.01]
- 7/06 with sliding headstock **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/08 • with the working-spindle vertical **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/10 • Accessories, e.g. guards [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 Automatic or semi-automatic machines for turning of workpieces [1, 2006.01]
- 7/14 with the working-spindle horizontal [1, 2006.01]
- 7/16 • with the working-spindle vertical **[1, 2006.01]**
- 9/00 Automatic or semi-automatic turning-machines with a plurality of working-spindles, e.g. automatic multiple-spindle machines with spindles arranged in a drum carrier able to be moved into pre-determined positions; Equipment therefor (equipment applicable to single-spindle machines B23B 7/00) [1, 2006.01]

| 9/02 | Automatic or semi-automatic machines for turning of | 27/00 | Tools for turning or boring machines (for drilling |
|--------------|---|--------|--|
| | stock [1, 2006.01] | 27700 | machines B23B 51/00); Tools of a similar kind in |
| 9/04 | • • with the working-spindles horizontal [1, 2006.01] | 25.422 | general; Accessories therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/06 | • • with the working-spindles vertical [1, 2006.01] | 27/02 | • Cutting tools with straight main part and cutting edge |
| 9/08 | Automatic or semi-automatic machines for turning of workpieces [1, 2006.01] | | at an angle (B23B 27/04-B23B 27/08 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/10 | • • with the working-spindles horizontal [1, 2006.01] | 27/04 | Cutting-off tools (B23B 27/08 takes) |
| 9/12 | • • with the working-spindles vertical [1, 2006.01] | | precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| | | 27/06 | • Profile cutting tools, i.e. forming-tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 11/00 | Automatic or semi-automatic turning-machines | 27/08 | Cutting tools with blade- or disc-like main parts [1, 2006 01] |
| | incorporating equipment for performing other working procedures, e.g. slotting, milling, | 27/10 | parts [1, 2006.01] |
| | rolling [1, 2006.01] | 27/10 | Cutting tools with special provision for cooling [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/00 | Arrangements for automatically conveying, chucking | 27/12 | • • with a continuously-rotated circular cutting edge; |
| 15/00 | or guiding stock for turning machines [1, 2006.01] | | Holders therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/02 | for turning-machines with a single working- | 27/14 | • Cutting tools of which the bits or tips are of special |
| 15/ 02 | spindle [1, 2006.01] | 25.46 | material [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/04 | for turning-machines with a plurality of working- | 27/16 | with exchangeable cutting bits, e.g. able to be clamped [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/06 | spindles [1, 2006.01] | 27/18 | with cutting bits or tips rigidly mounted, e.g. by |
| 13/00 | Arrangements for switching-off the drive of turning- machines after the stock has been completely | | brazing [1, 2006.01] |
| | machined [1, 2006.01] | 27/20 | with diamond bits [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/08 | Arrangements for reducing vibrations in feeding- | 27/22 | Cutting tools with chip-breaking |
| 15/00 | passages or for damping noise (damping noise in | | equipment [1, 2006.01] |
| | general G10K) [1, 2006.01] | 27/24 | Knurling tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/10 | with magazines for stock [1, 2006.01] | 20/00 | Holdows for non-votory outting tools (D22D 27/12 |
| 13/12 | Accessories, e.g. stops, grippers [1, 2006.01] | 29/00 | Holders for non-rotary cutting tools (B23B 27/12 takes precedence); Boring bars or boring heads; |
| | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | | Accessories for tool holders [1, 2006.01] |
| 15/00 | Arrangements for conveying, loading, adjusting, | 29/02 | Boring bars [1, 2006.01] |
| | reversing, chucking, or discharging workpieces | 29/03 | Boring heads [1, 2006.01] |
| | specially designed for automatic or semi-automatic | 29/034 | with tools moving radially, e.g. for making |
| | turning-machines [1, 2006.01] | 23/034 | chamfers or undercuttings [1, 4, 2006.01] |
| | | 29/04 | Tool holders for a single cutting tool [1, 2006.01] |
| Compon | ents or accessories particularly for turning machines | 29/06 | Tool holders equipped with longitudinally- |
| | | | arranged grooves for setting the cutting |
| 17/00 | Lathe beds (foundation frames, carriage guides as such | | tool [1, 2006.01] |
| | B23Q 1/00) [1, 2006.01] | 29/08 | Tool holders equipped with grooves arranged |
| 19/00 | Headstocks; Equivalent parts of any machine | | crosswise to the longitudinal direction for setting |
| | tools [1, 2006.01] | 20/10 | the cutting tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 19/02 | Working-spindles; Features relating thereto, e.g. supporting arrangements (B23B 13/00 takes | 29/10 | • • • with adjustable counterbase for the cutting tool [1, 2006.01] |
| | precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 29/12 | • • Special arrangements on tool holders [1, 2006.01] |
| | precedence) [1, 2000.01] | 29/14 | • affording a yielding support of the cutting tool, |
| 21/00 | Lathe carriages; Cross-slides; Tool posts (tool holders | | e.g. by spring clamping [1, 2006.01] |
| | B23B 29/00); Similar parts of any machine | 29/16 | • • • for supporting the workpiece in a |
| | tools [1, 2006.01] | 29/18 | backrest [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/00 | Tailstocks; Centres [1, 2006.01] | | • • • for retracting the cutting tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/02 | • Dead centres [1, 2006.01] | 29/20 | for placing same by shanks in sleeves of a turret [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/04 | • Live centres [1, 2006.01] | 29/22 | • • • for tool adjustment by means of shims or |
| | Elve centes [1, 2000.01] | 23122 | spacers [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/00 | Accessories or auxiliary equipment for turning- | 29/24 | Tool holders for a plurality of cutting tools, e.g. |
| | machines (for machine tools in general B23Q; cooling | | turrets [1, 2006.01] |
| DE (00 | or lubricating B23Q 11/12) [1, 2006.01] | 29/26 | • • Tool holders in fixed position [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/02 | • Arrangements for chip-breaking in turning-machines | 29/28 | Turrets manually adjustable about a vertical |
| 25 /04 | (on cutting tools B23B 27/22) [1, 2006.01] | | pivot [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/04 | Safety guards specially designed for turning- machines (in general F16P) [1, 2006.01] | 29/30 | Turrets manually adjustable about a horizontal |
| 25/06 | Measuring, gauging, or adjusting equipment on | | pivot [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/00 | turning-machines for setting-on, feeding, controlling, | 29/32 | • • Turrets adjustable by power drive, i.e. turret |
| | or monitoring the cutting tools or work (measuring | 00/04 | heads [1, 2006.01] |
| | devices or gauges G01B) [1, 2006.01] | 29/34 | • • Turrets equipped with triggers for releasing the |
| | | | cutting tools [1, 2006.01] |

| Significant process of the control o | 31/00 | Chucks; Expansion mandrels; Adaptations thereof for remote control (devices for securing work or tools to spindles in general B23Q 3/12; rotary devices holding | 31/36 31/38 | with means for adjusting the chuck with respect to the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] with overload clutches [1, 2006.01] |
|--|-----------|---|----------------|--|
| 31/06 - Chucks II. 2006.01] 31/07 - Egetures relating to the removal of tools or work; | | by magnetic or electrical force acting directly on work | 31/39 | • • Jaw changers [5, 2006.01] |
| Accessories therefor [1, 2006.01] 31/10 31 | 21 /02 | | 31/40 | Expansion mandrels [1, 2006.01] |
| 33/08 - No holding tools or work yieldably 1, 2006.01] 33/08 - No holding tools or work yieldably 1, 2006.01] 33/08 - No holding tools or work yieldably 1, 2006.01] 33/09 - Characterised by the retaining or gripping devices or their immediate operating means 1, 2006.01] 33/10 - Sention by pivotal elements, e.g. carches, parks 15, 2006.01] 33/10 - Resention by pivotal elements, e.g. carches, parks 15, 2006.01] 33/11 - Resention by threaded connection [5, 2006.01] 33/12 - Chucks with simultaneously-acting jaws, whether or not also individually allusable I, 2006.01] 33/14 - Now owing radialty [1, 2006.01] 33/16 - Morein and the standard proceedings of certification of the standard proceedings of the standard proceedings of certification of the standard proceedings o | | • • Features relating to the removal of tools or work; | 31/42 | |
| Solution | 31/07 | | 33/00 | Drivers; Driving centres; Nose clutches, e.g. lathe |
| Social State of the retaining or gripping devices or their immediate operating means [1, 2006.01] From Be23B 31/12 takes precedence over groups also just and the provided presents of the provided prov | 31/08 | | | |
| Note(s) Es Group B23B 31/12 takes precedence over groups B23B 31/105-B23B 31/117. 31/107 Retention by pivotal elements, e.g. catches, pawls [5, 2006.01] 31/11 Retention by pivotal elements, e.g. phis, screws, wedgess; Retention by loose elements, e.g. balls [5, 2006.01] 31/11 Retention by breaded connection [5, 2006.01] 31/11 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [5, 2006.01] 31/12 Chacks with simultaneously-acting jaws, whether or not also individually adjustable [1, 2006.01] 31/13 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, topers [6, 2006.01] 31/16 Retention by friction only extracted by continued to the spring mention of the spring men | 31/10 | | | |
| Note(s) 151 Group B23B 31/12 lakes precedence over groups | | or their immediate operating means [1, 2006.01] | D | |
| Croup B23B 31/103 lakes precedence over groups B23B 31/103 Retention by protal elements, e.g. catches, pawls [5, 2006.01] | | Note(s) [5] | Boring; 1 | Orming [3] |
| spawls 15, 2006.01 31/10 ** Retention by largell-yacting detents, e.g. pins, screws, wedges; Retention by loose elements, e.g. balls [5, 2006.01] 31/11 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/12 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/13 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/14 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/15 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Retention by heraced connection [5, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Involving midally [1, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Actuated by one or more spiral growers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Actuated by one or more spiral growers [5, 2006.01] 31/16 ** Actuated by or conhed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/17 ** Actuated by conside or grower shall plane [5, 2006.01] 31/17 ** Actuated by conside or grower shall plane [5, 2006.01] 31/17 ** Actuated by example or grower shall plane [5, 2006.01] 31/18 ** Actuated by example or grower shall plane [5, 2006.01] 31/19 ** Actuated by example or grower shall plane shall pl | | Group B23B 31/12 takes precedence over groups | 35/00 | essentially requiring the use of boring or drilling |
| 37/10 serves, wedges, Retention by laterally-acting detents, e.g. phis, screws, wedges, Retention by loose elements, e.g. phils [5, 2006.01] 31/11 | 31/103 | | | |
| 31/11 • Retention by threaded connection [5, 2006.01] 31/117 • Retention by payonet connection [5, 2006.01] 31/117 • Retention by friction only, e.g., using springs, resilient sleeves, tapers [5, 2006.01] 31/12 • Chucks with simultaneously-acting jaws, whether or not also individually adjustable [1, 2006.01] 31/14 • • involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • moving radially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • moving radially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • actuated by one or more spiral grows [5, 2006.01] 31/16 • actuated by oblique racks [5, 2006.01] 31/17 • actuated by control of [6, 2006.01] 31/17 • actuated by actuat | 31/107 | • • • Retention by laterally-acting detents, e.g. pins, screws, wedges; Retention by loose elements, | 37/00 | frequency (working materials by subjecting the |
| 31/113 · · Retention by bayonet connection [5, 2006.01] 31/117 · Chucks with simultaneously-acting jaws, whether or not also individually adjustable [1, 2006.01] 31/14 · involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 · moint gradially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 · o actuated by one or more spiral grows [5, 2006.01] 31/16 · actuated by conse-mand-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/16 · actuated by conse-mand-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/16 · actuated by conse-mand-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by object and plane [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by conselvation [6, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by earlier should be conselved in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by earlier should be conselved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by earlier should be coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/17 · actuated by earlier should be coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/18 · pivotally movable in plane [5, 2006.01] 31/19 · actuated by the coaxial control rod [823B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 · pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · Longitudially-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/23 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/24 · characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · with javs carried by | 21 / 11 | - | | |
| 31/117 • • Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, resilient sleeves, tapers [5, 2006.01] 31/12 • • Chucks with simultaneously-acting Jaws, whether or not also individually adjustable [1, 2006.11] 31/14 • • involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • • moving andially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • • moving andially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 • • actuated by one or more spiral groves [5, 2006.01] 31/16 • • actuated by corew-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/16 • • actuated by corew-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/16 • • actuated by corew-and-nut mechanisms [6, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by tothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by corew surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/17 • • actuated by a coaxial control rod [8, 2006.01] 31/18 • • precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 • • privotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/18 • • privotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/21 • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • vising energetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/23 • vising electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • characterised by features relating primarily to remove the actual remove the | | | | |
| devices; Sets of boring or drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 31/14 | | • • Retention by friction only, e.g. using springs, | 39/00 | |
| adjustable [1, 2006.01] 31/14 · involving the use of centrifugal force [1, 2006.01] 31/16 · moving radially [1, 2006.01] 31/16 · moving radially [1, 2006.01] 31/165 · actuated by core more spiral grooves [5, 2006.01] 31/167 · actuated by screw-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/169 · actuated by oblique racks [5, 2006.01] 31/169 · actuated by consume surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/171 · actuated by a coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/173 · actuated by coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 · actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 · actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [62.3B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 · pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · using did-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · using mid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/23 · with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · for boring coical holes; [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · for boring only gi | 31/12 | • • Chucks with simultaneously-acting jaws, | | devices; Sets of boring or drilling |
| 1/14 1/15 | | | 39/02 | |
| 31/16 • • • moving radially [1, 2006.01] 31/163 • • • actuated by one or more spiral growers [5, 2006.01] 31/165 • • • actuated by screw-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/167 • • • actuated by boilique racks [5, 2006.01] 31/169 • • • actuated by boilique racks [5, 2006.01] 31/169 • • • actuated by toothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/171 • • • actuated by a cam surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/173 • • • actuated by coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 • • • actuated by by evers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [6, 2006.01] 31/178 • • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/18 • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/27 • using fluid-pressure relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • using gluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/29 • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • using gluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/29 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/21 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/29 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • vising fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • vising mechanical transmission through the working-sp | 31/14 | • • • involving the use of centrifugal | 39/04 | Co-ordinate boring or drilling machines; Machines |
| 31/163 • • • actuated by one or more spiral grooves [5, 2006.01] 39/06 • Equipment for positioning work [1, 2006.01] 39/08 • Devices for programme control [1, 2006.01] 39/08 13/167 • • actuated by screw-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 39/10 • Characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, neumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/12 Radial drilling machines [1, 2006.01] with special provision to enable the machine or the drilling or boring head to be moved into any desired position, e.g. with respect to immovable work [1, 2006.01] 39/18 39/18 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/20 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/24 Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index | 31/16 | | | |
| grooves [5, 2006.01] 31/165 · · · actuated by screw-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/167 · · · actuated by screw-and-nut mechanisms [5, 2006.01] 31/169 · · · actuated by oblique racks [5, 2006.01] 31/169 · · · actuated by toothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/171 · · · · actuated by control gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/173 · · · · actuated by a cam surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/175 · · · actuated by coaxial control rod (B23B 31/17 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/177 · · · · actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 · · · · actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/18 · · · pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/19 · · moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/23 · · using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/26 · · using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · · using glectric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/29 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · with space arrowal drilling machines of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/23 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/24 · · with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 41/00 31/25 · · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · · using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/31 · with pass cardial by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 · with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed | 31/163 | | 20./06 | |
| 39/10 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 31/167 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 31/169 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 31/170 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 31/171 characterised by toothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/173 characterised by caracterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 31/173 characterised by toothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 characterised by each surfaces of a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/176 characterised by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/18 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/14 characterised by command to the machine or the driving precedence) [5, 2006.01] 39/15 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/14 characterised by tooched gearing (39/12 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/14 characterised by cam surface in a radial plane [1, 2006.01] 39/16 characterised by each plane [1, 2006.01] 39/18 characterised by evers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 39/18 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/16 characterised by emote into any desired position of each to the moven into any desired position, e.g. with espect to immovable work [1, 2006.01] 39/18 characterised by evers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 39/20 characterised by the drive, e.g. by fluid-pressure drive, pneumatic power drive [1, 2006.01] 39/16 characterised by ceasure into a radial plane [1, 2006.01] 39/20 characterised by the drive, e.g. by desired position of each to be moved into any desired position, e.g | | | | |
| 31/167 | 31/165 | | | * * |
| 31/169 • • • actuated by toothed gearing (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/171 • • • actuated by a cam surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/173 • • • actuated by a cam surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/175 • • • actuated by a coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • • actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [6, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • • actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 • • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • • • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • vi with special provision to enable the machine or the work [1, 2006.01] 39/16 • Setting work or tool carrier along a circular index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/22 • designed for programme control [1, 2006.01] 39/24 • designed for programme control [1, 2006.01] in which the working position of tool or work is controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • using mechanical transmission through the work [1, 2006.01] 41/00 39/27 41/00 39/28 41/00 39/28 41/00 39/28 41/00 39/28 41/00 39/28 41/00 39/29 50 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 | D. / / C= | | 39/10 | |
| Salvation Salv | | * | 39/12 | |
| drilling or boring head to be moved into any desired position, e.g. with respect to immovable work [1, 2006.01] 31/173 | 31/169 | | | |
| 31/171 • • • • • actuated by a cam surface in a radial plane [5, 2006.01] 31/173 • • • • actuated by coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 • • • • actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • • actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/178 • • • • actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 • • • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/19 • • • moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/27 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • using gleutic or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using gleutic or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 31/30 • or cortrolled and primary to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • or or or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/35 • or | | | | drilling or boring head to be moved into any desired |
| 31/173 • • • actuated by coaxial conical surfaces (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 • • • actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [823B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 • • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/19 • • • moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/27 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using selectric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/31 • • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 39/18 • Setting work or tool carrier along a circular index line; [1, 2006.01] 39/22 • Setting work or tool carrier along a circular index line; [1, 2006.01] 39/22 • with working-spindles in opposite headstocks [1, 2006.01] 39/24 • designed for programme control [1, 2006.01] 39/28 • in which the working position of tool or work is controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 41/00 Boring or drilling machines or devices specially adapted for particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] • for boring dep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | 31/171 | | | |
| (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/175 · · · · actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 · · · · actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod [6, 2006.01] 31/18 · · · pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/19 · · · moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 · · · Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/21 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/22 · · · Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 · · characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 · · using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 · · using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 · · with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/31 · · with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed (B23B 31/177 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 39/18 · Setting work or tool carrier along a straight index line [1, 2006.01] 39/20 · Setting work or tool carrier along a circular index line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/22 · with working-spindles in opposite headstocks [1, 2006.01] 39/24 · designed for programme control [1, 2006.01] 39/25 · in which the working position of tool or work is controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 39/28 · Associations of only boring or drilling machines of devices specially adapted for particular metal-working result B23Q 39/00) [1, 2006.01] 41/00 Boring or drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 41/00 · for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 · for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] | 31/173 | • | 39/16 | Drilling machines with a plurality of working- |
| 31/175 • • • • actuated by levers moved by a coaxial control rod [5, 2006.01] 31/177 • • • • actuated by the oblique surfaces of a coaxial control rod (B23B 31/167 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] 31/18 • • • pivotally movable in planes containing the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/19 • • • moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • Characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 31/30 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 39/20 • Setting work or tool carrier along a circular index line; Turret head drilling machines (line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] 39/22 • with working-spindles in opposite headstocks [1, 2006.01] 39/24 • designed for programme control [1, 2006.01] 39/25 • in which the working position of tool or work is controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 4 Associations of only boring or drilling machines directed to a particular metal-working result (if not producing a particular metal-working result (if not producing a particular metal-working result (if not producing a particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] 41/00 Boring or drilling machines or devices specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] 41/02 • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | | | 20/10 | |
| Saliforn | 31/175 | | | line [1, 2006.01] |
| headstocks [1, 2006.01] 31/18 | 31/177 | | | line; Turret head drilling machines [1, 2006.01] |
| 31/19 • • • • moving parallel to the axis of the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/20 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • • • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 39/26 • in which the working position of tool or work is controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 39/28 • Associations of only boring or drilling machines directed to a particular metal-working result B23Q 39/00) [1, 2006.01] 41/00 Boring or drilling machines or devices specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] 41/02 • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] | | | | headstocks [1, 2006.01] |
| controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] 31/22 | 31/18 | | | |
| 31/20 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 31/22 • • • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/31 • • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 31/34 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 31/36 • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet chucks [1, 2006.01] 39/28 • Associations of only boring or drilling machines directed to a particular metal-working result B23Q 39/00) [1, 2006.01] 41/00 Boring or drilling machines or devices specially adapted for particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] 41/02 • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] | 31/19 | • • • moving parallel to the axis of the | 39/26 | controlled by copying discrete points of a pattern |
| 31/22 • • • Jaws in the form of balls [1, 2006.01] 31/24 • • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed directed to a particular metal-working result (if not producing a particular metal-working result (a particular metal-working result a particular metal-work (a particular metal-work (a particular metal-work (a particular | 31/20 | • • • Longitudinally-split sleeves, e.g. collet | 20 /20 | B23Q 35/02) [1, 2006.01] |
| 31/24 • characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 • using mechanical transmission through the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed producing a particular metal-working result B23Q 39/00) [1, 2006.01] Boring or drilling machines or devices specially adapted for particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] 41/02 • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] | | | 39/20 | |
| * Characterised by features relating primarily to remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] 31/26 | | | | |
| working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 31/28 • • • using electric or magnetic means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed adapted for particular work; Accessories specially adapted therefor [1, 2006.01] • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | | remote control of the gripping means [1, 2006.01] | | |
| chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/30 • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 41/02 • for boring deep holes; Trepanning, e.g. of gun or rifle barrels [1, 2006.01] • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | | working-spindle [1, 2006.01] | 41/00 | adapted for particular work; Accessories specially |
| 31/30 • • • using fluid-pressure means in the chuck [1, 2006.01] 31/32 • • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed barrels [1, 2006.01] 41/04 • for boring polygonal or other non-circular holes [1, 2006.01] • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | | chuck [1, 2006.01] | 41/02 | |
| 31/32 • with jaws carried by diaphragm [1, 2006.01] holes [1, 2006.01] 31/34 • with means enabling the workpiece to be reversed 41/06 • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] | 31/30 | | | barrels [1, 2006.01] |
| | 31/32 | | | |
| | 31/34 | | 41/06 | • for boring conical holes [1, 2006.01] |

| 41/08 | for boring, drilling, or tapping holes in tubes under fluid or gas pressure (sealing features or operations, | 47/10 | • • • equipped with turbines or other rotating machines [1, 2006.01] |
|----------|--|---------------|---|
| | combined with placing branch parts | 47/12 | • • • • equipped with oscillating |
| | F16L 41/04) [1, 2006.01] | | pistons [1, 2006.01] |
| 41/10 | • for boring holes in steam boilers [1, 2006.01] | 47/14 | Change-speed gearings; Reversing |
| 41/12 | for forming working surfaces of cylinders, of hearings a g in beads of driving rode or of other | 47 /4 C | gearings [1, 2006.01] |
| | bearings, e.g. in heads of driving rods, or of other engine parts [1, 2006.01] | 47/16 | • • • Belt or chain drives [1, 2006.01] |
| 41/14 | • for very small holes [1, 2006.01] | 47/18 | • • for feeding or retracting tool or work [1, 2006.01] |
| 41/16 | • for boring holes with high-quality | 47/20 | • • • actuated essentially by electric power [1, 2006.01] |
| | surface [1, 2006.01] | 47/22 | • • actuated essentially by fluid-pressure or |
| 40.700 | | | pneumatic power [1, 2006.01] |
| 43/00 | Boring or drilling devices able to be attached to a machine tool, whether or not replacing an operative | 47/24 | • • • Stops or feed interruption owing to fracture or |
| | portion of the machine tool (if specially adapted for | | overload of the boring or drilling |
| | particular work B23B 41/00) [1, 2006.01] | 47.100 | tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 43/02 | • to the tailstock of a lathe [1, 2006.01] | 47/26 | Liftable or lowerable drill heads or headstocks; Balancing arrangements therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/00 | Hand-held or like portable drilling machines, e.g. | 47/28 | Drill jigs for workpieces (equipment for setting or |
| | drill guns; Equipment therefor (details or | 4= 400 | guiding the drill B23B 49/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| | components, e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power- | 47/30 | Additional gear with one or more working-spindles attachable to the main working-spindle and mounting |
| | driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed B25F 5/00) [1, 4, 2006.01] | | the additional gear [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/02 | • driven by electric power [1, 2006.01] | 47/32 | Arrangements for preventing the running-out of drills |
| 45/04 | driven by fluid-pressure or pneumatic | | or fracture of drills when getting through [1, 2006.01] |
| | power [1, 2006.01] | 47/34 | Arrangements for removing chips out of the holes |
| 45/06 | driven by man-power [1, 2006.01] | | made; Chip-breaking arrangements attached to the |
| 45/08 | for drilling rails or profiled stock [1, 2006.01] | | tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/10 | • • by using a fiddle bow or a belt [1, 2006.01] | 49/00 | Measuring or gauging equipment on boring |
| 45/12 | • • by using a ratchet brace [1, 2006.01] | | machines for positioning or guiding the drill; Devices |
| 45/14 | Means for holding or guiding the drilling device or for securing it to the work (B23B 41/08 takes | | for indicating failure of drills during boring; |
| | precedence); Thrust stands [1, 2006.01] | | Centring devices for holes to be bored (marking-out equipment B25H 7/00; measuring devices, gauges |
| 45/16 | with superimposed percussive action (portable | | G01B) [1, 2006.01] |
| | percussive machines with superimposed rotation | 49/02 | • Boring templates or bushings [1, 2006.01] |
| | B25D 16/00) [3, 2006.01] | 49/04 | Devices for boring or drilling centre holes in workpieces [1, 2006.01] |
| | | 49/06 | Devices for drilling holes in brake bands or brake |
| - | ents or accessories for boring or drilling machines | | linings [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/00 | Constructional features of components specially designed for boring or drilling machines; Accessories | 51/00 | Tools for drilling machines [1, 2006.01] |
| | therefor (working-spindles, bearing sleeves therefor | 51/02 | • Twist drills [1, 2006.01] |
| | B23B 19/02; for machine tools in general | 51/04 | for trepanning [1, 2006.01] |
| | B23Q) [1, 2006.01] | 51/05 | • • for cutting discs from sheet [4, 2006.01] |
| 47/02 | • Drives; Gearings (B23B 39/10 takes | 51/06 | Drills with lubricating or cooling |
| 47.04 | precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 51/08 | equipment [1, 2006.01]Drills combined with tool parts or tools for |
| 47/04 | • • for rotating the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] | 31/00 | performing additional working [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/06 | • • driven essentially by electrical means [1, 2006.01] | 51/10 | Bits for countersinking [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/08 | • • driven essentially by fluid-pressure or | 51/12 | Adapters for drills or chucks; Tapered |
| 47700 | pneumatic power [1, 2006.01] | | sleeves [1, 2006.01] |
| | | 51/14 | • • Adapters for broken drills [1, 2006.01] |
| B23C | MILLING (broaching B23D; broach-milling in making gear | s B23F; arrar | ngements for copying or controlling B23Q) |
| | | | |
| Subclass | | | |
| | G MACHINES IN GENERAL G PARTICULAR WORK | | |

1/00 Milling machines not designed for particular work or special operations [1, 2006.01]

1/02 • with one horizontal working-spindle [1, 2006.01]

IPC (2015.01), Section B 5

| 1/025 | with working-spindle in a fixed position [2, 2006.01] | 3/26 | • Making square or polygonal holes in workpieces, e.g. key holes in tools [1, 2006.01] |
|-------|---|--------------|--|
| 1/027 | 0 1 | 3/28 | Grooving workpieces [1, 2006.01] |
| | direction [2, 2006.01] | 3/30 | Milling straight grooves, e.g. |
| 1/04 | with a plurality of horizontal working- | | keyways [1, 2006.01] |
| 4.400 | spindles [1, 2006.01] | 3/32 | Milling helical grooves, e.g. in making twist- |
| 1/06 | • with one vertical working-spindle [1, 2006.01] | D /D 4 | drills [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/08 | with a plurality of vertical working- spindles [1, 2006.01] | 3/34 | Milling grooves of other forms, e.g. circumferential [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/10 | with both horizontal and vertical working- | 3/35 | Milling grooves in keys [1, 2006.01] |
| | spindles [1, 2006.01] | 3/36 | Milling milling-cutters (B23C 3/28 takes |
| 1/12 | with spindle adjustable to different angles, e.g. either horizontally or vertically [1, 2006.01] | 5 (00 | precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/14 | with rotary work-carrying table (work-tables for machine tools in general B23Q 1/00) [1, 2006.01] | 5/00 | Milling-cutters (for cutting gear teeth B23F 21/12) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/16 | specially designed for control by copying | 5/02 | • characterised by the shape of the cutter [1, 2006.01] |
| | devices [1, 2006.01] | 5/04 | Plain cutters, i.e. having essentially a cylindrical |
| 1/18 | • • for milling while revolving the work [1, 2006.01] | | or tapered cutting surface of substantial length (B23C 5/10 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/20 | Portable devices or machines (details or components, | 5/06 | Face-milling cutters, i.e. having only or primarily |
| | e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed | 3/00 | a substantially flat cutting surface [1, 2006.01] |
| | B25F 5/00); Hand-driven devices or | 5/08 | Disc-type cutters [1, 2006.01] |
| | machines [1, 4, 2006.01] | 5/10 | Shank-type cutters, i.e. with an integral |
| | | | shaft [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/00 | Milling particular work; Special milling operations; | 5/12 | • • Cutters specially designed for producing particular |
| | Machines therefor (milling gear teeth B23F; milling of threads B23G 1/32) [1, 2, 2006.01] | | profiles (B23C 5/10 takes |
| 3/02 | Milling surfaces of revolution (B23C 3/06, | | precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/02 | B23C 3/08 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 5/14 | • • • essentially comprising curves [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/04 | • while revolving the work [1, 2006.01] | 5/16 | characterised by physical features other than shape [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/05 | • • Finishing valves or valve seats [2, 2006.01] | 5/18 | with permanently-fixed cutter-bits or |
| 3/06 | Milling crankshafts [1, 2006.01] | 3/10 | teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/08 | Milling cams, camshafts, or the like [1, 2006.01] | 5/20 | • • with removable cutter-bits or teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/10 | Relieving by milling (lathes or turning devices for | 5/22 | • • Securing arrangements for bits or |
| | relieving B23B 5/42) [1, 2006.01] | | teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/12 | Trimming or finishing edges, e.g. deburring welded | 5/24 | • • • • adjustable [1, 2006.01] |
| | corners [1, 2006.01] | 5/26 | Securing milling-cutters to the driving |
| 3/13 | • Surface milling of plates, sheets or strips [2, 2006.01] | | spindle [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/14 | Scrubbing or peeling ingots or similar workpieces [1, 2006.01] | 5/28 | Features relating to lubricating or cooling [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/16 | Working surfaces curved in two directions [1, 2006.01] | 7/00 | Milling devices able to be attached to a machine tool, |
| 3/18 | for shaping screw-propellers, turbine blades, or impellers [1, 2006.01] | | whether or not replacing an operative portion of the machine tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/20 | • • for shaping dies [1, 2006.01] | 7/02 | • to lathes [1, 2006.01] |
| 3/22 | Forming overlapped joints, e.g. of the ends of piston- | 7/04 | • to planing or slotting machines [1, 2006.01] |
| | rings [1, 2006.01] | 0 /00 | Details on accessories as few as assistant days of the |
| 3/24 | Making square or polygonal ends on workpieces, e.g. | 9/00 | Details or accessories so far as specially adapted to milling machines or cutters (drives, control devices, or |
| | key studs on tools [1, 2006.01] | | accessories, in general B23Q) [1, 2006.01] |
| | | | , 0 |

PLANING; SLOTTING; SHEARING; BROACHING; SAWING; FILING; SCRAPING; LIKE OPERATIONS FOR WORKING METAL BY REMOVING MATERIAL, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (making toothed gears or the like B23F; cutting metal by applying heat locally B23K; arrangements for copying or controlling B23Q)

Note(s) [2]

This subclass <u>covers</u> machines for shearing sheet metal or other stock material except metal foils workable in a manner analogous to paper, which is covered by class B26.

Subclass index

| DI | ANINC. | SLO | TTING |
|----|--------|-----|-------|

| FLANING, SLOTTING | |
|---|-------|
| Working method of the machine | |
| Machines characterised by constructional features of a part | |
| Hand-operated devices; portable apparatus | 9/00 |
| Devices for attachment to any machine tool | 11/00 |

| Tools, tool holders | 13/00 |
|---|---|
| SHEARING | |
| Working method of machines or apparatus | 15/00, 17/00, 19/00, 27/00, 31/00 |
| Hand-held devices | 21/06, 27/02, 29/00 |
| Tools, holders, chucks | 35/00 |
| Accessories | 33/00 |
| Machines for particular work | 21/00, 23/00, 25/00 |
| Control arrangements | 36/00 |
| BROACHING; REAMING | |
| Working method of machines or apparatus | |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part | 41/00 |
| Tools | 43/00, 77/00 |
| Accessories | |
| Machines or devices for reaming bored holes | 75/00 |
| SAWING | |
| Working method of machines or apparatus | |
| using saw discs | 45/00, 47/00 |
| using straight saw blades | 49/00, 51/00 |
| using endless saw blades | 53/00, 55/00 |
| a 11 . a 1 | |
| other working methods | 57/00 |
| other working methods | |
| | 47/00, 51/00, 55/00 |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part | 47/00, 51/00, 55/00 51/00, 61/00, 63/00, 65/00 |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part Tools and attachment thereof; dressing thereof; making thereof | |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part | |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part Tools and attachment thereof; dressing thereof; making thereof Accessories Control arrangements FILING; RASPING Working method of machines or apparatus | |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part Tools and attachment thereof; dressing thereof; making thereof Accessories Control arrangements FILING; RASPING Working method of machines or apparatus Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part | |
| Machines or devices characterised by constructional features of a part Tools and attachment thereof; dressing thereof; making thereof Accessories Control arrangements FILING; RASPING Working method of machines or apparatus | |

Planing; Slotting

- 1/00 Planing or slotting machines cutting by relative movement of the tool and workpiece in a horizontal straight line only [1, 2006.01]
- 1/02 by movement of the work-support **[1, 2006.01]**
- with the tool supported only on one side of the bed [1, 2006.01]
- 1/06 with the tool supported on both sides of the bed [1, 2006.01]
- 1/08 by movement of the tool **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/10 with means for adjusting the tool-guide vertically [1, 2006.01]
- 1/12 • with the tool supported only on one side of the bed [1, 2006.01]
- 1/14 • with the tool supported on both sides of the bed [1, 2006.01]
- 1/16 without means for adjusting the tool-guide vertically [1, 2006.01]
- 1/18 cutting on both the forward and the return stroke [1, 2006.01]
- with tool-supports or work-supports specially mounted or guided for working in different directions or at different angles; Special purpose machines [1, 2006.01]
- 1/22 • for planing ingots or the like (scrubbing or peeling ingots by milling B23C 3/14) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/24 for planing inner surfaces, e.g. of moulds **[1, 2006.01]**
- 1/26 • for planing edges or ridges or cutting grooves (cutting helical grooves B23D 5/02) [1, 2006.01]
- in which the tool or workpiece is fed otherwise than in a straight line, e.g. for planing profiled stock [1, 2006.01]
- in which the direction of feed is controlled by a copying device, e.g. by a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/00 Planing or slotting machines cutting by relative movement of the tool and workpiece in a vertical or inclined straight line [1, 2006.01]
- 3/02 for cutting grooves (cutting helical grooves B23D 5/02) **[1, 2006.01]**
- in which the tool or workpiece is fed otherwise than in a straight line [1, 2006.01]
- in which the direction of feed is controlled by a copying device, e.g. by a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Planing or slotting machines cutting otherwise than by relative movement of the tool and workpiece in a straight line [1, 2006.01]
- involving rotary and straight-line movements only,
 e.g. for cutting helical grooves [1, 2006.01]
- 5/04 controlled by a copying device, e.g. by a pattern (features of copying devices
 B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/00 Planing or slotting machines characterised only by constructional features of particular parts
 (constructional features of these parts per se
 B23Q) [1, 2006.01]
- 7/02 of frames, of work-table beds [1, 2006.01]
- 7/04 of pillars, of cross-beams **[1, 2006.01]**

8

- 7/06 of tool-carrying arrangements [1, 2006.01]
- 7/08 of work-tables **[1, 2006.01]**
- 7/10 of drives for reciprocating parts [1, 2006.01]
- 7/12 of arrangements for impact damping or regenerating energy [1, 2006.01]
- 9/00 Hand-operated planing devices; Portable planing apparatus (details or components, e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed B25F 5/00) [1, 4, 2006.01]
- 11/00 Planing or slotting devices able to be attached to a machine tool, whether or not replacing an operative portion of the machine tool [1, 2006.01]
- 13/00 Tools or tool holders specially designed for planing or slotting machines (features applicable also to turning-machines B23B 27/00, B23B 29/00; for cutting gear teeth B23F 21/04) [1, 2006.01]
- 13/02 Pivotally-mounted holders [1, 2006.01]
- 13/04 Holders for tool sets **[1, 2006.01]**
- Devices for lifting or lowering the tool [1, 2006.01]

Shearing: Similar cutting

- 15/00 Shearing machines or shearing devices cutting by blades which move parallel to each other [1, 2006.01]
- 15/02 having both upper and lower moving blades [1, 2006.01]
- 15/04 having only one moving blade **[1, 2006.01]**
- 15/06 Sheet shears **[1, 2006.01]**
- 15/08 • with a blade moved in one plane, e.g. perpendicular to the surface of the sheet [1, 2006.01]
- 15/10 • with a blade moved in a curved surface, e.g. for producing an edge with a curved cross-section [1, 2006.01]
- 15/12 characterised by drives or gearings therefor **[1, 2006.01]**
- 15/14 • actuated by fluid or gas pressure **[1, 2006.01]**
- 17/00 Shearing machines or shearing devices cutting by blades pivoted on a single axis (on an axis parallel to the blade B23D 15/10; hand-held devices B23D 29/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 17/02 characterised by drives or gearings therefor **[1, 2006.01]**
- 17/04 • actuated by a rotary shaft **[1, 2006.01]**
- 17/06 • actuated by fluid or gas pressure **[1, 2006.01]**
- 17/08 actuated by hand or foot operated lever mechanism [1, 2006.01]
- 19/00 Shearing machines or shearing devices cutting by rotary discs (by friction saw discs B23D 45/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 19/02 having both a fixed shearing blade and a rotary shearing disc [1, 2006.01]
- having rotary shearing discs arranged in co-operating pairs [1, 2006.01]
- 19/06 • with several spaced pairs of shearing discs working simultaneously, e.g. for trimming or making strips [1, 2006.01]

| 19/08 21/00 | for special use, e.g. for cutting curves, for chamfering edges [1, 2006.01] Machines or devices for shearing or cutting tubes (as | 31/00 | Shearing machines or shearing devices covered by none or more than one of the groups B23D 15/00-B23D 29/00; Combinations of shearing machines [1, 2006.01] |
|-----------------------|---|----------------|--|
| | additional equipment for deep-drawing presses B21D 24/16; by sawing, <u>see</u> the relevant groups for sawing machines or sawing devices) [1, 2006.01] | 31/02 | for performing different cutting operations on travelling stock, e.g. slitting and severing simultaneously [1, 2006.01] |
| 21/02 | otherwise than in a plane perpendicular to the axis of the tube, e.g. for making mitred cuts, for making bicycle frames [1, 2006.01] | 31/04 | for trimming stock combined with devices for shredding scrap [1, 2006.01] |
| 21/04 | • Tube-severing machines with rotating tool-carrier [1, 2006.01] | 33/00 | Accessories for shearing machines or shearing devices (feeding stock to machines or removing stock |
| 21/06 | • Hand-operated tube cutters [1, 2006.01] | 22 (02 | B21D 43/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 21/08 | • • with cutting wheels [1, 2006.01] | 33/02 | Arrangements for holding, guiding, or feeding work during the operation [1, 2006.01] |
| 21/10 | • • with other cutting blades or tools [1, 2006.01] | 33/04 | for making circular cuts [1, 2006.01] |
| 21/12 | • • with provision for hammering on the tool [1, 2006.01] | 33/06 | in which the direction of feed is controlled by a |
| 21/14 | • cutting inside the tube [1, 2006.01] | 337 00 | copying devices, e.g. by a pattern (features of copying devices B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/00 | Machines or devices for shearing or cutting profiled stock (hand-held devices B23D 29/00) [1, 2006.01] | 33/08 | Press-pads; Counter-bases; Hold-down devices [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/02 | otherwise than in a plane perpendicular to the axis of | 33/10 | Stops for positioning work [1, 2006.01] |
| | the stock [1, 2006.01] | 33/12 | • Equipment for indicating where to cut [1, 2006.01] |
| 23/04 | by means of holding-dies, arranged side by side, subjecting the stock to torsional stress [1, 2006.01] | 35/00 | Tools for shearing machines or shearing devices; Holders or chucks for shearing tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/00 | Machines or arrangements for shearing stock while the latter is travelling otherwise than in the direction | | |
| | of the cut (control arrangements specially adapted for machines for shearing stock while the latter is travelling otherwise than in the direction of the cut B23D 36/00; controlling slack in travelling flexible stock B21C 47/10) [1, 2, 2006.01] | 36/00 | Control arrangements specially adapted for machines for shearing or similar cutting, or for sawing, stock while the latter is travelling otherwise than in the direction of the cut [2, 2006.01] |
| 25/02 | • Flying shearing machines (B23D 25/12 takes precedence; flying shears for cutting in general B26D 1/56) [1, 2006.01] | Broachin | |
| 25/04 | • • in which a cutting unit moves bodily with the work while cutting (B23D 25/06 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 37/00 | Broaching machines or broaching devices [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/06 | having a cutting device mounted on an oscillating lever [1, 2006.01] | 37/02 | Broaching machines with horizontally-arranged working tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/08 | having two coacting shearing blades mounted | 37/04 | • • for broaching inner surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| | independently [1, 2006.01] | 37/06 | • • for broaching outer surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/10 | on co-operating beams moving parallel to each other and attached to lever | 37/08 | Broaching machines with vertically-arranged working tools [1, 2006.01] for broaching inner surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| DE /4D | mechanisms [1, 2006.01] | 37/10 37/12 | for broaching inner surfaces [1, 2006.01] for broaching outer surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| 25/12 | Shearing machines with blades on coacting rotating drums [1, 2006.01] | 37/12 | Broaching machines with rotatably-arranged working |
| 25/14 | without regard to the exact dimensions of the | | tools [1, 2006.01] |
| | resulting material, e.g. for cutting-up | 37/16 | for broaching helical grooves [1, 2006.01] |
| | scrap [1, 2006.01] | 37/18 | Broaching machines with working tools mounted on |
| 27/00 | Machines or devices for cutting by a nibbling action [1, 2006.01] | 37/20 | an endless chain or belt [1, 2006.01] Broaching machines with arrangements for working in appearing directions [1, 2006.01] |
| 27/02 | Hand-held devices (details or components, e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed | 37/22 | in opposite directions [1, 2006.01]for special purposes (B23D 37/14 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| | B25F 5/00) [1, 4, 2006.01] | 39/00 | Accessories for broaching machines or broaching |
| 27/04 | • • actuated by electric power [1, 2006.01] | | devices [1, 2006.01] |
| 27/06 | • • actuated by fluid or gas pressure [1, 2006.01] | 41/00 | Broaching machines or broaching devices |
| 29/00 | Hand-held metal-shearing or metal-cutting devices (with nibbling action B23D 27/02; hand-operated | 71/00 | characterised only by constructional features of particular parts (constructional features of these parts |
| | devices for metal-cutting otherwise than by shearing | | <u>per se</u> B23Q) [1, 2006.01] |
| 00.400 | B26B) [1, 2006.01] | 41/02 | • of frames; of work supports [1, 2006.01] |
| 29/02 | Hand-operated metal-shearing devices [1, 2006.01] | 41/04 41/06 | of tool-carrying arrangements [1, 2006.01] of devices for feeding, clamping, or ejecting workpieces [1, 2006.01] |
| | | | "OINPICCES [19 =000.01] |

| 41/08 | • of drives; of control devices [1, 2006.01] | 49/02 | Hacksaw machines with straight saw blades secured to a rectilinearly-guided frame, e.g. with the frame |
|----------------|---|-------|--|
| 43/00 | Broaching tools (for cutting gear teeth B23F 21/26) [1, 2006.01] | 49/04 | fed stepwise in the plane of the guide [1, 2006.01]Hacksaw machines with straight saw blades secured |
| 43/02 | • for cutting by rectilinear movement (B23D 43/08 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 49/04 | to a pivotally-arranged frame [1, 2006.01] Hacksaw machines with straight saw blades for |
| 43/04 | having inserted cutting edges [1, 2006.01] | 43/00 | special use [1, 2006.01] |
| 43/06 | for cutting by rotational movement [1, 2006.01] | 49/08 | Pad-saw machines, i.e. machines in which the blade |
| 43/08 | • mounted on an endless chain or belt [1, 2006.01] | 49/10 | is attached to a carrier at one end only [1, 2006.01] Hand-held or hand-operated sawing devices with straight saw blades [1, 2006.01] |
| Sawing | | 49/11 | for special purposes, e.g. offset-blade hand saws [5, 2006.01] |
| 45/00 | Sawing machines or sawing devices with circular saw blades or with friction saw discs (shearing machines with rotary discs B23D 19/00-B23D 25/00) [1, 2006.01] | 49/12 | Hacksaws (B23D 49/11, B23D 49/16 take precedence; bows adjustable in length or height B23D 51/12) [1, 5, 2006.01] |
| 45/02 | with a circular saw blade or the stock mounted on a carriage [1, 2006.01] | 49/14 | Pad saws (B23D 49/11, B23D 49/16 take precedence) [1, 5, 2006.01] |
| 45/04 | with a circular saw blade or the stock carried by a pivoted lever [1, 2006.01] | 49/16 | actuated by electric or magnetic power or prime movers (B23D 49/11 takes |
| 45/06 | with a circular saw blade arranged underneath a stationary work-table [1, 2006.01] | | precedence) [1, 5, 2006.01] |
| 45/08 | • with a ring blade having inside saw teeth [1, 2006.01] | 51/00 | Sawing machines or sawing devices working with |
| 45/10 | with a plurality of circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | | straight blades, characterised only by constructional |
| 45/12 | with a circular saw blade for cutting tubes [1, 2006.01] | | features of particular parts (constructional features of these parts <u>per se</u> B23Q; details or components, e.g. |
| 45/14 | for cutting otherwise than in a plane perpendicular to | | casings, bodies, of portable power-driven tools not |
| | the axis of the stock, e.g. for making a mitred cut [1, 2006.01] | | particularly related to the operation performed B25F 5/00); Carrying or attaching means for tools, |
| 45/16 | Hand-held sawing devices with circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | | covered by this subclass, which are connected to a carrier at both ends [1, 4, 2006.01] |
| 45/18 | Machines with circular saw blades for sawing stock | 51/01 | • characterised by the handle [5, 2006.01] |
| | while the latter is travelling otherwise than in the direction of the cut (control of such machines | 51/02 | of beds; of guiding arrangements for work-tables or saw carriers; of frames [1, 5, 2006.01] |
| | B23D 36/00) [1, 2, 2006.01] | 51/03 | • • with extensible or collapsible frames [5, 2006.01] |
| 45/20 | Flying sawing machines, the saw carrier of which is reciprocated in a guide and moves with the | 51/04 | of devices for feeding, positioning, clamping, or rotating work [1, 2006.01] |
| | travelling stock during sawing [1, 2006.01] | 51/06 | • • for stock of indefinite length [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/22 | Flying sawing machines with lever-supported saw carrier which moves in a complete circular Table 14, 2006 011. | 51/08 | of devices for mounting straight saw blades or other tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/24 | path [1, 2006.01]Flying sawing machines with lever-supported saw | 51/10 | for hand-held or hand-operated devices [1, 2006.01] |
| 45/24 | carrier which oscillates in an arc [1, 2006.01] | 51/12 | for use with tools, dealt with in this subclass, |
| 45/26 | with high-speed cutting discs, performing the cut by frictional heat melting the material (grinders for | | which are connected to a carrier at both ends, e.g. bows adjustable in length or height [1, 2006.01] |
| | cutting-off B24B 27/06) [1, 2006.01] | 51/14 | • • • Attachment of the tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/00 | Sawing machines or sawing devices working with circular saw blades, characterised only by | 51/16 | • of drives or feed mechanisms for straight tools, e.g. saw blades, or bows [1, 2006.01] |
| | constructional features of particular parts | 51/18 | actuated by fluid or gas pressure (B23D 51/20 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| | (constructional features of these parts per se B23Q; | 51/20 | with controlled feed of the tool, or with special |
| | details or components, e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed B25F 5/00) [1, 4, 2006.01] | | arrangements for relieving or lifting the tool on the return stroke [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/02 | of frames; of guiding arrangements for work-table or | 53/00 | Machines or devices for sawing with strap saw blades |
| 47/04 | saw-carrier [1, 2006.01] of devices for feeding, positioning, clamping, or | | which are effectively endless in use, e.g. for contour cutting [1, 2006.01] |
| 47/06 | rotating work [1, 2006.01]for stock of indefinite length [1, 2006.01] | 53/02 | • with stationarily-mounted wheels carrying the strap |
| 47/08 | of devices for bringing the circular saw blade to the | 53/04 | (B23D 53/06 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]with the wheels carrying the strap mounted shiftably |
| | workpiece or removing same therefrom [1, 2006.01] | 55/04 | or swingingly, other than merely for |
| 47/10 47/12 | actuated by fluid or gas pressure [1, 2006.01] of drives for circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 53/06 | adjustment [1, 2006.01]with shiftable or swinging work-table [1, 2006.01] |
| .//14 | of arrived for effection out offices [1, 2000,01] | 53/08 | for cutting profiled stock [1, 2006.01] |
| 49/00 | Machines or devices for sawing with straight | 53/10 | Sawing devices working with strap saw blades able |
| | reciprocating saw blades, e.g. hacksaws [1, 2006.01] | | to be attached to a machine tool, whether or not replacing an operative portion of the machine tool [1, 2006.01] |
| | | | |

| 53/12 | Hand-held or hand-operated sawing devices working with strap saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 63/20 | Combined processes for dressing saw teeth, e.g. both hardening and setting [1, 2006.01] |
|----------------|---|--------------------|---|
| 55/00 | Sawing machines or sawing devices working with strap saw blades, characterised only by | 65/00 | Making tools for sawing machines or sawing devices for use in cutting any kind of material [1, 2006.01] |
| | constructional features of particular parts (constructional features of these parts <u>per se</u> | 65/02 | Making saw teeth by punching, cutting, or planing [1, 2006.01] |
| /00 | B23Q) [1, 2006.01] | 65/04 | Making saw teeth by milling [1, 2006.01] |
| 55/02 | • of frames; of tables [1, 2006.01] | | |
| 55/04 55/06 | of devices for feeding or clamping work [1, 2006.01] of drives for strap saw blades; of wheel mountings [1, 2006.01] | Filing or | rasping |
| 55/08 | of devices for guiding or feeding strap saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 67/00 | Filing or rasping machines or devices (securing arrangements for files or rasps B23D 71/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 55/10 | of devices for tensioning strap saw blades (B23D 55/06 takes precedence; incorporated in the strap B23D 61/12) [1, 2006.01] | 67/02 | • with reciprocating tools, mounted on a yoke or the like [1, 2006.01] |
| 57/00 | Sawing machines or sawing devices not covered by | 67/04 | with reciprocating tools, attached to a carrier at one end only [1, 2006.01] |
| 37700 | one of groups B23D 45/00-B23D 55/00 [1, 2006.01] | 67/06 | with rotating tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 57/02 | • with chain saws [1, 2006.01] | 67/08 | with tools mounted on an endless chain or belt [1, 2006.01] |
| 59/00 | Accessories specially designed for sawing machines or sawing devices (lubricating or cooling machine tools | 67/10 | • for special use, e.g. for filing keys; Accessories therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| | in general B23Q 11/12) [1, 2006.01] | 67/12 | Hand-held or hand-operated filing or rasping devices |
| 59/02 | Devices for lubricating or cooling circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 0,,12 | (hand files or rasps B23D 71/04) [1, 2006.01] |
| 59/04 | Devices for lubricating or cooling straight or strap saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 69/00 | Filing or rasping machines or devices, characterised only by constructional features of particular parts, e.g. guiding arrangements, drives (constructional |
| 61/00 | Tools for sawing machines or sawing devices (tools | | features of these parts <u>per se</u> B23Q; details or |
| | for trepanning B23B 51/04); Clamping devices for | | components, e.g. casings, bodies, of portable power- |
| | these tools [1, 2006.01] | | driven tools not particularly related to the operation |
| 61/02 | Circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | | performed B25F 5/00); Accessories for filing or |
| 61/04 | with inserted saw teeth [1, 2006.01] | | rasping (attached to the tool |
| 61/06 | • • • in exchangeable arrangement [1, 2006.01] | 60.400 | B23D 71/10) [1, 4, 2006.01] |
| 61/08 | Ring saw blades with internal saw teeth [1, 2006.01] | 69/02 71/00 | Guiding arrangements for hand tools [1, 2006.01] Filing or rasping tools; Securing arrangements |
| 61/10 | clamped between hubs; Clamping or aligning devices therefor [1, 2006.01] | 71700 | therefor (tool holders for machine tools B23Q 3/00; handles for hand implements B25G) [1, 2006.01] |
| 61/12 | • Straight saw blades; Strap saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 71/02 | • for filing or rasping machines or devices [1, 2006.01] |
| 61/14 | with inserted saw teeth [1, 2006.01] | 71/04 | Hand files or hand rasps (carrying or attaching means |
| 61/16 | • • • in exchangeable arrangement [1, 2006.01] | | for tools which are connected to a carrier at both ends |
| 61/18 | Sawing tools of special type, e.g. wire saw strands, saw blades or saw wire equipped with diamonds or | | B23D 51/12; guiding arrangements B23D 69/02) [1, 2006.01] |
| | other abrasive particles in selected individual positions [1, 2006.01] | 71/06 | • • using a single interchangeable blade [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/00 | Dressing the tools of sawing machines or sawing | 71/08 | using a plurality of interchangeable cutting elements [1, 2006.01] |
| | devices for use in cutting any kind of material, e.g. in the manufacture of sawing tools [1, 2006.01] | 71/10 | • Accessories for filing or rasping tools, e.g. for preventing scoring of workpieces by the edges of the |
| 63/02 | • Setting saw teeth by means of hand-operated | | tool [1, 2006.01] |
| CD /O.4 | devices [1, 2006.01] | 73/00 | Making files or rasps [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/04 | Setting saw teeth of circular, straight, or strap saw blades by means of power-operated devices [1, 2006.01] | 73/02 | Preliminary treatment of blanks, e.g. grinding, polishing, specially adapted for the manufacture of files or rasps [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/06 | Upsetting the cutting edges of saw teeth, e.g. swaging [1, 2006.01] | 73/04 | Methods or machines for the manufacture of files or rasps (non-mechanical methods, <u>see</u> the relevant |
| 63/08 | Sharpening the cutting edges of saw teeth [1, 2006.01] | 72 /06 | classes) [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/10 | • • by filing [1, 2006.01] | 73/06 | Cutting the working surfaces by means of chisels [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/12 | • • by grinding [1, 2006.01] | 73/08 | Milling, planing, slotting, knurling, or broaching |
| 63/14 | • • • Sharpening circular saw blades [1, 2006.01] | 75700 | the working surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| 63/16 | of chain saws (of mortise chain cutters | 73/10 | Grinding the working surfaces [1, 2006.01] |
| | B24B 3/14) [1, 2006.01] | 73/10 | Peculiar procedures for sharpening or otherwise |
| 63/18 | Straightening damaged saw blades; Reconditioning the side surface of saw blades, e.g. by grinding [1, 2006.01] | . 3, 12 | treating the working surfaces (special treatment by sand-blast B24C 1/02; sharpening files by etching C23F 1/06) [1, 2006.01] |
| | | | |

 73/14 • Tools or accessories specially adapted for making files or rasps, e.g. chisels, supportingframes [1, 2006.01]

Reaming bored holes

| 75/00 | Reaming machines or reaming devices (tool holders |
|--------------|---|
| | for machine tools B23Q 3/00; handles for hand |
| | implements B25G) [1, 2006.01] |

77/00 Reaming tools [1, 2006.01]

- Reamers with inserted cutting edges [1, 2006.01]
- 77/04 • with cutting edges adjustable to different diameters along the whole cutting length [1, 2006.01]
- 77/06 Reamers with means for compensating wear (B23D 77/04 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 77/08 • by spreading slotted parts of the tool body [1, 2006.01]
- 77/10 • by expanding a tube-like non-slotted part of the tool body [1, 2006.01]
- 77/12 Reamers with cutting edges arranged in tapered form [1, 2006.01]
- 77/14 Reamers for special use, e.g. for working cylinder ridges [1, 2006.01]

79/00 Methods, machines or devices not covered elsewhere, for working metal by removal of material (by combined operations B23D 81/00; working of metal by the action of a high concentration of electric current B23H; cutting by electron-beam B23K 15/00, by laser beam B23K 26/00; other working of metal B23P; tool holders for machine tools B23Q 3/00; handles for hand implements B25G) [1, 2006.01]

- Machines or devices for scraping (turning machines for bevelling, chamfering, or deburring the ends of bars or tubes B23B 5/16; scrubbing or peeling ingots by milling B23C 3/14) [1, 2006.01]
- 79/04 • with rotating cutting-tool, e.g. for smoothing linings of bearings [1, 2006.01]
- 79/06 • with reciprocating cutting-tool **[1, 2006.01]**
- 79/08 • Hand scraping-implements **[1, 2006.01]**
- 79/10 Accessories for holding scraping tools or work to be scraped [1, 2006.01]
- Machines or devices for peeling bars or tubes by making use of cutting bits arranged around the workpiece, otherwise than by turning (by turning B23B 5/12) [2, 2006.01]
- 81/00 Methods, machines, or devices for working metal, covered by more than one main group in this subclass (in combination with other metal-working operations B23P 13/00, B23P 23/00) [1, 2006.01]

B23F MAKING GEARS OR TOOTHED RACKS (by stamping B21D; by rolling B21H; by forging or pressing B21K; by casting B22; arrangements for copying or controlling B23Q; machines or devices for grinding or polishing, in general B24B)

Note(s)

- 1. This subclass covers:
 - the use of methods or apparatus specially designed to produce accurately the shapes of gear teeth which are essential for proper intermeshing of toothed gearing elements to ensure the required relative motions;
 - the use of similar methods or apparatus in the production of other articles of toothed or like form, e.g. dog clutches, splined shafts, milling cutters.
- 2. This subclass <u>does not cover</u> the production of such other articles of toothed or like form using methods or apparatus other than those mentioned under Note (1) above.
- 3. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - "gear teeth" covers the teeth or lobes of other accurately-intermeshing members having relative movement of a similar kind, such as rotors of rotary pumps and blowers;
 - "profile" may include the outline of both faces or only one face of a tooth, or the opposing faces of adjacent teeth;
 - "straight" means that a tooth as a whole (ignoring any curvature of the tooth-face alone, e.g. crowning) is straight in the direction of
 its length, for example as seen in the direction of a radius of a spur wheel. It accordingly includes the teeth of helical gears and of
 the normal type of bevel gear;
 - · "broach-milling" means milling with a rotary cutter having a number of teeth of progressively increasing depth or width.

Subclass index

12

MAKING GEAR TEETH

| General methods | |
|---|--------------|
| Making teeth with special shape | |
| Finishing | |
| Tools; accessories | 21/00, 23/00 |
| MAKING WORMS | , |
| Methods | 13/00 |
| Worm wheels. | 11/00 |
| Accessories | 23/00 |
| MAKING OTHER GEARING WHEELS OF SPECIAL TYPE | |
| | |

1/00 Making gear teeth by tools of which the profile matches the profile of the required surface (special adaptations for making curved teeth B23F 9/00) [1, 2006.01]

1/02 • by grinding **[1, 2006.01]**

1/04 • by planing or slotting **[1, 2006.01]**

1/06 • by milling **[1, 2006.01]**

1/08 • by broaching; by broach-milling **[1, 2006.01]**

| 3/00 | Making gear teeth involving copying operations controlled by templates having a profile which | 15/02 | Making gear teeth on wheels of varying radius of operation, e.g. on elliptical wheels [1, 2006.01] |
|-------|--|----------------|--|
| | matches that of the required tooth face or part thereof or a copy thereof to a different scale (copying | 15/04 | Making fine-pitch gear teeth on clock wheels or the like by special machining [1, 2006.01] |
| E /00 | systems or devices <u>per se</u> B23Q 35/00) [1, 2006.01] | 15/06 | Making gear teeth on the front surface of wheels, e.g. for clutches or couplings with toothed |
| 5/00 | Making straight gear teeth involving moving a tool relatively to a workpiece with a rolling-off or an enveloping motion with respect to the gear teeth to be made [1, 2006.01] | 15/08 | faces [1, 2006.01] • Making intermeshing rotors, e.g. of pumps [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/02 | • by grinding [1, 2006.01] | 17/00 | Special methods on machines for making goar tooth |
| 5/04 | • the tool being a grinding worm [1, 2006.01] | 17/00 | Special methods or machines for making gear teeth, not covered by groups B23F 1/00- |
| 5/06 | the tool being a grinding disc with a plane front surface [1, 2006.01] | | B23F 15/00 [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/08 | the tool being a grinding disc having the same profile as the tooth or teeth of a rack [1, 2006.01] | 19/00 | Finishing gear teeth by other tools than those used for manufacturing gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/10 | the tool being a grinding disc having the same | 19/02 | Lapping gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| | profile as the tooth or teeth of a crown or bevel wheel [1, 2006.01] | 19/04 | Lapping spur gears by making use of a correspondingly shaped counterpart [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/12 | by planing or slotting [1, 2006.01] | 19/05 | Honing gear teeth [2, 2006.01] |
| 5/14 | • • the tool having the same profile as a tooth or teeth | 19/06 | • Shaving the faces of gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| E /46 | of a rack [1, 2006.01] | 19/10 | • Chamfering the end edges of gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/16 | the tool having a shape similar to that of a spur wheel or part thereof [1, 2006.01] | 19/12 | • • by grinding [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/18 | the tool having the same profile as a tooth of a crown wheel [1, 2006.01] | 21/00 | Tools specially adapted for use in machines for manufacturing gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/20 | • by milling [1, 2006.01] | 21/02 | Grinding discs; Grinding worms (truing grinding |
| 5/22 | the tool being a hob for making spur gears [1, 2006.01] | | tools B24B; grinding tools in general B24D) [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/24 | the tool being a hob for making bevel | 21/03 | Honing tools [2, 2006.01] |
| | gears [1, 2006.01] | 21/04 | Planing or slotting tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/26 | the tool having the same profile as a tooth or teeth of a rack, for making spur gears [1, 2006.01] | 21/06 | having a profile which matches a gear tooth profile [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/27 | the tool having the same profile as a tooth or teeth of a crown or bevel wheel [2, 2006.01] | 21/08 | having the same profile as a tooth or teeth of a rack [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/28 | • by broaching; by broach-milling [1, 2006.01] | 21/10 | • • Gear-shaper cutters having a shape similar to a spur wheel or part thereof [1, 2006.01] |
| 7/00 | Making herring-bone gear teeth [1, 2006.01] | 21/12 21/14 | Milling tools [1, 2006.01]Profile cutters of disc type [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/00 | Making gears having teeth curved in their longitudinal direction [1, 2006.01] | 21/16 | • • Hobs [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/02 | • by grinding [1, 2006.01] | 21/18 | • • Taper hobs, e.g. for bevel gears [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/04 | by planing or slotting with reciprocating cutting | 21/20 | • • Fly cutters [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/06 | tools [1, 2006.01] • having a shape similar to a spur wheel of part | 21/22 | Face-mills for longitudinally-curved gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/07 | thereof [1, 2006.01] • having a shape similar to a crown wheel or a part | 21/23 | • • • with cutter teeth arranged on a spiral curve for continuous generating processes [2, 2006.01] |
| 3,0, | thereof [2, 2006.01] | 21/24 | • Broach-milling tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/08 | • by milling, e.g. with helicoidal hob [1, 2006.01] | 21/26 | • Broaching tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/10 | • • with a face-mill [1, 2006.01] | 21/28 | • Shaving cutters [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/12 | • • • for non-continuous generating processes [2, 2006.01] | 23/00 | Accessories or equipment combined with or arranged in, or specially designed to form part of, |
| 9/14 | • • • for continuous generating processes [2, 2006.01] | | gear-cutting machines (accessories or equipment not restricted to gear-cutting machines B23Q; tool-guiding |
| 11/00 | Making worm wheels, e.g. by hobbing [1, 2006.01] | | mechanisms, <u>see</u> the relevant groups for making gear teeth) [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/00 | Making worms by methods essentially requiring the | 23/02 | Loading or chucking arrangements for workpieces I1, 2006 011 |
| | use of machines of the gear-cutting type (making screw-thread B23G) [1, 2006.01] | 23/04 | workpieces [1, 2006.01]Loading arrangements [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/02 | Making worms of cylindrical shape [1, 2006.01] | 23/06 | • • Chucking arrangements [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/04 | • • by grinding [1, 2006.01] | 23/08 | • Index mechanisms [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/06 | Making worms of globoidal shape [1, 2006.01] | 23/10 | Arrangements for compensating irregularities in |
| 13/08 | • • by grinding [1, 2006.01] | 23/12 | drives or indexing mechanisms [1, 2006.01] Other devices, e.g. tool holders; Checking devices for |
| 15/00 | Methods or machines for making gear wheels of special kinds, not covered by groups B23F 7/00-B23F 13/00 [1, 2006.01] | | controlling workpieces in machines for manufacturing gear teeth [1, 2006.01] |

B23G THREAD CUTTING; WORKING OF SCREWS, BOLT HEADS OR NUTS, IN CONJUNCTION THEREWITH (threadforming by corrugating tubes B21D 15/04, by rolling B21H 3/02, by forging, pressing or hammering B21K 1/56; making helical grooves by turning B23B 5/48, by milling B23C 3/32, by grinding B24B 19/02; arrangements for copying or controlling B23Q)

Note(s)

In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated:

"thread cutting" includes the use of tools similar both in form and in manner of use to thread-cutting tools, but without removing any material.

Subclass index

| THREAD-CUTTING METHODS, MACHINES OR DEVICES THEREFOR | 1/00, 3/00, 7/00, 9/00 |
|--|------------------------|
| FINISHING | 9/00 |
| TOOLS | 5/00, 7/02 |
| ACCESSORIES. | ····· |
| 11CCE05CIAED | |

| 1/00 | Thread cutting; Automatic machines specially designed therefor [1, 2006.01] |
|------|---|
| 1/02 | on an external or internal cylindrical or conical surface, e.g. on recesses (B23G 1/16, B23G 1/22, B23G 1/32, B23G 1/36 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/04 | Machines with one working-spindle [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/06 | specially adapted for making conical screws, e.g. wood-screws [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/08 | Machines with a plurality of working- spindles [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/10 | • • • specially adapted for making conical screws, e.g. wood-screws [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/12 | Machines with a toothed cutter in the shape of a spur gear or the like which is rotated to generate the thread profile as the work rotates [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/14 | • • • specially adapted for making conical screws, e.g. wood-screws [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/16 | • in holes of workpieces by taps (B23G 1/26, B23G 1/32, B23G 1/36 take precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/18 | Machines with one working-spindle [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/20 | Machines with a plurality of working- spindles [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/22 | Machines specially designed for operating on pipes or tubes [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/24 | • • portable [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/26 | Manually-operated thread-cutting devices (features of the threading tool B23G 5/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/28 | with means for adjusting the threading tool [1, 2006.01] |
| 1/30 | without means for adjusting the threading tool, e.g. with die-stocks (tap wrenches B25B) [1, 2006.01] |

- • with a cutting bit moving in a closed path arranged · · with grinding discs guided along the workpiece in machines or devices for thread cutting [1, 2006.01]
- 1/50 for cutting thread by successive operations [1, 2006.01] 1/52 for operating on pipes or tubes [1, 2006.01] 3/00 Arrangements or accessories for enabling machine tools not specially designed only for thread cutting to be used for this purpose, e.g. arrangements for reversing the working-spindle [1, 2006.01] 3/02 · for withdrawing or resetting the threading tool [1, 2006.01] 3/04 for repeatedly setting the threading tool in a predetermined working position [1, 2006.01] 3/06 · for compensating inaccuracies in the pitch of the lead-screw [1, 2006.01] • for advancing or controlling the threading tool or the 3/08 work by templates, cams, or the like [1, 2006.01] 3/10 for cutting thread of variable pitch [1, 2006.01] 3/12 for using several adjacently-arranged threading tools, e.g. using several chasers [1, 2006.01] 3/14 for cutting thread of conical shape [1, 2006.01] 5/00 Thread-cutting tools; Die-heads [1, 2006.01] 5/02 • without means for adjustment [1, 2006.01] 5/04 Dies [1, 2006.01] 5/06 • • Taps (chucks therefor B23B 31/00) [1, 2006.01] 5/08 • with means for adjustment [1, 2006.01] 5/10 • • Die-heads [1, 2006.01] 5/12 • • • self-releasing [1, 2006.01] 5/14 • • Tapping-heads [1, 2006.01] 5/16 • • self-releasing [1, 2006.01] 5/18 • Milling cutters [1, 2006.01]
- 5/20 combined with other tools, e.g. drills [1, 2006.01] 7/00 Forming thread by means of tools similar both in form and in manner of use to thread-cutting tools, but without removing any material (features of machines or devices not specially adapted to the particular mode of forming the thread B23G 1/00) [1, 2006.01] 7/02 • Tools for this purpose [1, 2006.01] 9/00
 - Working screws, bolt heads or nuts in conjunction with thread cutting, e.g. slotting screw heads or shanks, removing burrs from screw heads or shanks; Finishing, e.g. polishing, any screw thread (making washers or nuts by processing metal sheets, tubes or profiles without essentially removing material B21D 53/20, B21D 53/24) [1, 2006.01]

1/32

1/34

1/36

1/38

1/40

1/42

1/44

1/46

1/48

• by milling [1, 2006.01]

• by grinding [1, 2006.01]

thread [1, 2006.01]

workpiece [1, 2006.01]

• Centreless grinding [1, 2006.01]

eccentrically with respect to the axis of the

accordance with the pitch of the required

with grinding discs guided radially to the

· Equipment or accessories specially designed for

• • for holding the threading tools [1, 2006.01]

• • for guiding the threading tools [1, 2006.01]

rotating workpiece [1, 2006.01]

11/00 Feeding or discharging mechanisms combined with, or arranged in, or specially adapted for use in

connection with, thread-cutting machines (for machine tools in general B23Q) **[1, 2006.01]**

WORKING OF METAL BY THE ACTION OF A HIGH CONCENTRATION OF ELECTRIC CURRENT ON A WORKPIECE USING AN ELECTRODE WHICH TAKES THE PLACE OF A TOOL; SUCH WORKING COMBINED WITH OTHER FORMS OF WORKING OF METAL (processes for the electrolytic or electrophoretic production of coatings, electroforming, or apparatus therefor C25D; processes for the electrolytic removal of material from objects C25F; manufacturing printed circuits using precipitation techniques to apply the conductive material to form the desired conductive pattern H05K 3/18) [4]

Note(s) [4]

This subclass <u>covers</u> the working of metal described as "electroerosion".

Subclass index

| ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE MACHINING | 1/00 |
|--|-------|
| ELECTROCHEMICAL MACHINING | 3/00 |
| COMBINED MACHINING | 5/00 |
| COMMON PROCESSES OR APPARATUS | 7/00 |
| MACHINING PARTICULAR OBJECTS OR OBTAINING SPECIAL EFFECTS OR RESULTS | 9/00 |
| AUXILIARY APPARATUS OR DETAILS | 11/00 |

- 1/00 Electrical discharge machining, i.e. removing metal with a series of rapidly recurring electrical discharges between an electrode and a workpiece in the presence of a fluid dielectric [4, 2006.01]
- Electric circuits specially adapted therefor, e.g. power supply, control, preventing short circuits or other abnormal discharges [4, 2006.01]
- Electrodes specially adapted therefor or their manufacture (B23H 9/00 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
- 1/06 Electrode material **[4, 2006.01]**
- 1/08 Working media [4, 2006.01]
- 1/10 Supply or regeneration of working media [4, 2006.01]
- 3/00 Electrochemical machining, i.e. removing metal by passing current between an electrode and a workpiece in the presence of an electrolyte [4, 2006.01]
- Electric circuits specially adapted therefor, e.g. power supply, control, preventing short circuits [4, 2006.01]
- Electrodes specially adapted therefor or their manufacture (B23H 9/00 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
- 3/06 • Electrode material **[4, 2006.01]**
- 3/08 Working media [4, 2006.01]
- 3/10 Supply or regeneration of working media [4, 2006.01]
- 5/00 Combined machining [4, 2006.01]
- 5/02 Electrical discharge machining combined with electrochemical machining [4, 2006.01]
- 5/04 Electrical discharge machining combined with mechanical working **[4, 2006.01]**
- Electrochemical machining combined with mechanical working, e.g. grinding or honing [4, 2006.01]
- 5/08 • Electrolytic grinding **[4, 2006.01]**
- Electrodes specially adapted therefor or their manufacture (B23H 1/04, B23H 3/04 take precedence) [4, 2006.01]
- 5/12 Working media [4, 2006.01]

- 5/14 Supply or regeneration of working media [4, 2006.01]
- 7/00 Processes or apparatus applicable to both electrical discharge machining and electrochemical machining [4, 2006.01]
- 7/02 Wire-cutting [4, 2006.01]
- 7/04 Apparatus for supplying current to working gap;
 Electric circuits specially adapted therefor [4, 2006.01]
- 7/06 Control of the travel curve of the relative movement between electrode and workpiece [4, 2006.01]
- 7/08 • Wire electrodes [4, 2006.01]
- 7/10 • Supporting, winding or electrical connection of wire-electrode [4, 2006.01]
- 7/12 Rotating-disc electrodes **[4, 2006.01]**
- Electric circuits specially adapted therefor, e.g. power supply [4, 2006.01]
- 7/16 for preventing short circuits or other abnormal discharges [4, 2006.01]
- 7/18 • for maintaining or controlling the desired spacing between electrode and workpiece [4, 2006.01]
- 7/20 • for programme-control, e.g. adaptive **[4, 2006.01]**
- Electrodes specially adapted therefor or their manufacture (B23H 7/08, B23H 7/12, B23H 9/00 take precedence) [4, 2006.01]
- 7/24 • Electrode material **[4, 2006.01]**
- Apparatus for moving or positioning electrode relatively to workpiece; Mounting of electrode [4, 2006.01]
- 7/28 Moving electrode in a plane normal to the feed direction, e.g. orbiting [4, 2006.01]
- 7/30 Moving electrode in the feed direction (B23H 7/32 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01]
- 7/32 Maintaining desired spacing between electrode and workpiece [4, 2006.01]
- 7/34 Working media [4, 2006.01]
- 7/36 Supply or regeneration of working media [4, 2006.01]

- · Influencing metal working by using specially adapted 9/08 • Sharpening [4, 2006.01] 7/38 means not directly involved in the removal of metal, 9/10 Working turbine blades or nozzles [4, 2006.01] e.g. ultrasonic waves, magnetic fields or laser 9/12 Forming parts of complementary shape, e.g. punchirradiation **[4, 2006.01]** and-die [4, 2006.01] Making holes [4, 2006.01] 9/14 9/00 Machining specially adapted for treating particular • • using an electrolytic jet [4, 2006.01] 9/16 metal objects or for obtaining special effects or · Producing external conical surfaces or spikes 9/18 results on metal objects (heat treatment by cathodic (B23H 9/08 takes precedence) [4, 2006.01] discharge C21D 1/38) [4, 2006.01] 9/02 Trimming or deburring [4, 2006.01] Auxiliary apparatus or details, not otherwise 11/00 9/04 Treating surfaces of rolls [4, 2006.01] provided for [4, 2006.01]
- B23K SOLDERING OR UNSOLDERING; WELDING; CLADDING OR PLATING BY SOLDERING OR WELDING; CUTTING BY APPLYING HEAT LOCALLY, e.g. FLAME CUTTING; WORKING BY LASER BEAM (making metal-coated products by extruding metal B21C 23/22; building up linings or coverings by casting B22D 19/08; casting by dipping B22D 23/04; manufacture of composite layers by sintering metal powder B22F 7/00; arrangements on machine tools for copying or controlling B23Q; covering metals or covering materials with metals, not otherwise provided for C23C; burners F23D)

Note(s) [5]

9/06

- 1. This subclass covers also electric circuits specially adapted for the purposes covered by the title of the subclass.
- 2. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

Marking or engraving [4, 2006.01]

- "soldering" means uniting metals using solder and applying heat without melting either of the parts to be united.
- 3. In groups B23K 1/00-B23K 31/00, it is desirable to add the indexing codes of groups B23K 101/00 or B23K 103/00.

Subclass index

| SOLDERING WELDING | 1/00, 3/00 |
|--|--------------------|
| Characterised by the means used to produce heat | |
| by flame | 5/00 |
| by electricity | 9/00, 11/00, 13/00 |
| by means of plasma | |
| by nuclear particles | 15/00, 17/00 |
| by alumino-thermic means | 23/00 |
| by laser beam | 26/00 |
| otherwise | |
| Characterised by the use of impact or pressure | 20/00 |
| Characterised by other features, processes not restricted to one particular group of this subclass | 28/00 |
| CUTTING BY APPLYING HEAT LOCALLY; SEVERING | |
| | 11/00 |
| SCARFING, DESURFACING | 7/00 |
| MATERIALS; AUXILIARY DEVICES | 35/00, 37/00 |
| SPECIAL PROCESSES | |
| | |

Soldering, e.g. brazing, or unsoldering

- 1/00 Soldering, e.g. brazing, or unsoldering (B23K 3/00 takes precedence; characterised only by the use of special materials or media B23K 35/00; dip or wave soldering in the manufacture of printed circuits H05K 3/34) [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 1/002 Soldering by means of induction heating [5, 2006.01]
- 1/005 Soldering by means of radiant energy [5, 2006.01]
- 1/008 Soldering within a furnace (B23K 1/012 takes precedence) **[5, 2006.01]**
- 1/012 Soldering with the use of hot gas [5, 2006.01]
- 1/015 • Vapour-condensation soldering [5, 2006.01]
- 1/018 Unsoldering; Removal of melted solder or other residues **[5, 2006.01]**
- 1/06 making use of vibrations, e.g. supersonic vibrations [1, 2006.01]

- Soldering by means of dipping in molten solder [1, 2006.01]
- specially adapted for soldering seams (making tubes involving operations other than soldering B21C) [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 1/16 • longitudinal seams, e.g. of shells [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 1/18 circumferential seams, e.g. of shells **[1, 5, 2006.01]**
- taking account of the properties of the materials to be soldered [3, 2006.01]
- Preliminary treatment of work or areas to be soldered, e.g. in respect of a galvanic coating (preparation of surfaces in particular ways, see the relevant classes for the treatments or the materials treated, e.g. C04B, C23C) [1, 2006.01]

| 3/00 | Tools, devices, or special appurtenances for | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| | soldering, e.g. brazing, or unsoldering, not special | | |
| | adapted for particular methods (materials used for | | |
| | soldering B23K 35/00) [1, 5, 2006.01] | | |

- 3/02 Soldering irons; Bits [1, 2006.01]
- 3/03 • electrically heated **[5, 2006.01]**
- Heating appliances (soldering lamps or blow-pipes F23D; electric heating in general H05B) [1, 2006.01]
- 3/047 electric [5, 2006.01]
- 3/053 • using resistance wires **[5, 2006.01]**
- 3/06 Solder feeding devices; Solder melting pans [1, 2006.01]
- Auxiliary devices therefor (cleaning pipes or tubes or systems of pipes or tubes, e.g. before soldering, B08B 9/02) [5, 2006.01]

Flame welding or cutting

5/00 Gas flame welding [1, 2006.01]

- Seam welding (making tubes involving operations other than welding B21C) [1, 2006.01]
- 5/04 using additional profiled strips or like of welding metal along seam edges [1, 2006.01]
- 5/06 • Welding longitudinal seams [1, 2006.01]
- 5/08 • Welding circumferential seams [1, 2006.01]
- Welding workpieces essentially comprising layers of different metals, e.g. plated workpieces [1, 2006.01]
- 5/12 taking account of the properties of the material to be welded [1, 2006.01]
- 5/14 • of non-ferrous metals (B23K 5/16 takes precedence) **[1, 2006.01]**
- 5/16 • of different metals [1, 2006.01]
- for purposes other than joining parts, e.g. built-up welding [1, 2006.01]
- 5/20 making use of vibrations, e.g. supersonic vibrations [1, 2006.01]
- 5/213 Preliminary treatment [3, 2006.01]
- 5/22 Auxiliary equipment, e.g. backings, guides [1, 2006.01]
- 5/24 Arrangements for supporting torches (not restricted to flame welding B23K 37/02) [1, 2006.01]

7/00 Cutting, scarfing, or desurfacing by applying flames [1, 2006.01]

- Machines, apparatus, or equipment specially designed for scarfing or desurfacing [1, 2006.01]
- 5 by applying additional compounds or means favouring the cutting, scarfing, or desurfacing procedure [1, 2006.01]
- Auxiliary devices, e.g. for guiding or supporting the torch (guiding means applicable to other metalworking machines B23Q) [1, 2006.01]

Electric welding or cutting

- **9/00** Arc welding or cutting (electro-slag welding B23K 25/00; welding transformers H01F; welding generators H02K) [1, 2006.01]
- 9/007 Spot arc welding **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/013 Arc cutting, gouging, scarfing or desurfacing [5, 2006.01]
- 9/02 Seam welding; Backing means; Inserts [1, 2006.01]
- 9/022 • Welding by making use of electrode vibrations [5, 2006.01]

- 9/025 • for rectilinear seams **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/028 • for curved planar seams **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/032 • for three-dimensional seams **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/035 with backing means disposed under the seam [5, 2006.01]
- 9/038 • using moulding means (not restricted to arc welding B23K 37/06) **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/04 Welding for other purposes than joining, e.g. built-up welding [1, 2006.01]
- 9/06 Arrangements or circuits for starting the arc, e.g. by generating ignition voltage, or for stabilising the arc [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 9/067 • Starting the arc **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/073 • Stabilising the arc **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/08 Arrangements or circuits for magnetic control of the arc [1, 2006.01]
- 9/09 Arrangements or circuits for arc welding with pulsed current or voltage [3, 2006.01]
- 9/095 Monitoring or automatic control of welding parameters [5, 2006.01]
- 9/10 Other electric circuits therefor; Protective circuits; Remote controls [1, 2006.01]
- 9/12 Automatic feeding or moving of electrodes or work for spot or seam welding or cutting [1, 2006.01]
- 9/127 • Means for tracking lines during arc welding or cutting (copying in general B23Q 35/00) [5, 2006.01]
- 9/133 Means for feeding electrodes, e.g. drums, rolls, motors [5, 2006.01]
- 9/14 making use of insulated electrodes [1, 2006.01]
- 9/16 making use of shielding gas [1, 2006.01]
- 9/167 • and of a non-consumable electrode **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/173 • and of consumable electrode **[5, 2006.01]**
- 9/18 Submerged-arc welding [1, 2006.01]
- 9/20 Stud welding [1, 2006.01]
- 9/22 Percussion welding **[1, 2006.01]**
- 9/23 taking account of the properties of the materials to be welded [3, 2006.01]
- 9/235 Preliminary treatment [3, 2006.01]
- 9/24 Features related to electrodes (form or composition of electrodes B23K 35/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 9/26 Accessories for electrodes, e.g. ignition tips [1, 2006.01]
- 9/28 Supporting devices for electrodes (not restricted to arc welding or cutting B23K 37/02) [1, 2006.01]
- 9/29 • Supporting devices adapted for making use of shielding means [5, 2006.01]
- 9/30 • Vibrating holders for electrodes (B23K 9/022 takes precedence) [1, 5, 2006.01]
- 9/32 Accessories (earthing connections H01R) **[1, 2006.01]**

10/00 Welding or cutting by means of a plasma [5, 2006.01]

10/02 • Plasma welding **[5, 2006.01]**

11/00 Resistance welding; Severing by resistance heating [1, 2006.01]

- 11/02 Pressure butt welding **[1, 2006.01]**
- 11/04 Flash butt welding **[1, 2006.01]**
- 11/06 using roller electrodes **[1, 2006.01]**
- 11/08 Seam welding not restricted to one of the preceding subgroups [1, 2006.01]
- 11/087 • for rectilinear seams **[5, 2006.01]**
- 11/093 • for curved planar seams **[5, 2006.01]**
- 11/10 Spot welding; Stitch welding **[1, 2006.01]**
- 11/11 • Spot welding **[5, 2006.01]**

18

| 11/12 | • making use of vibrations [1, 2006.01] | 20/16 | • with interposition of special material to facilitate |
|----------|--|------------------|---|
| 11/14 | • Projection welding [1, 2006.01] | | connection of the parts, e.g. material for absorbing or producing gas [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/16 | taking account of the properties of the material to be welded [1, 2006.01] | 20/18 | Zonal welding by interposing weld-preventing |
| 11/18 | • of non-ferrous metals (B23K 11/20 takes | | substances between zones not to be |
| | precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 20/20 | welded [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/20 | • • of different metals [1, 2006.01] | 20/20 | Special methods allowing subsequent separation, e.g. of metals of high quality from scrap |
| 11/22 | • Severing by resistance heating [1, 2006.01] | | material [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/24 | Electric supply or control circuits therefor [1, 2006.01] | 20/22 | • taking account of the properties of the materials to be |
| 11/25 | Monitoring devices [5, 2006.01] | 20/227 | welded [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/26 | • • Storage discharge welding [1, 2006.01] | 20/227 20/233 | with ferrous layer [5, 2006.01]without ferrous layer [5, 2006.01] |
| 11/28 | • Portable welding equipment [1, 2006.01] | 20/233 | • Preliminary treatment [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/30 | Features relating to electrodes (form or composition of electrodes B23K 35/00) [1, 2006.01] | 20/26 | Auxiliary equipment [3, 2006.01] |
| 11/31 | Electrode holders (not restricted to resistance welding or severing by resistance heating | 23/00 | Alumino-thermic welding [1, 2006.01] |
| | B23K 37/02) [5, 2006.01] | 25/00 | Slag welding, i.e. using a heated layer or mass of |
| 11/34 | • Preliminary treatment [3, 2006.01] | | powder, slag, or the like in contact with the material |
| 11/36 | Auxiliary equipment (B23K 11/31 takes precedence) [3, 5, 2006.01] | | to be joined (B23K 23/00 takes precedence; submerged-arc welding B23K 9/18) [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/00 | Welding by high-frequency current heating [1, 5, 2006.01] | 26/00 | Working by laser beam, e.g. welding, cutting or boring [2, 3, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| 13/01 | • by induction heating [5, 2006.01] | | - |
| 13/02 | • • Seam welding [1, 2006.01] | | Note(s) [2014.01] |
| 13/04 | • by conduction heating [5, 2006.01] | | This main group <u>covers</u>:laser working for making a weakened layer, |
| 13/06 | characterised by the shielding of the welding zone against influence of the surrounding atmosphere | | with or without removing material; |
| | (selection of media B23K 35/38) [5, 2006.01] | | laser shock processing; |
| 13/08 | Electric supply or control circuits | | apparatus for laser surface treatment;laser ablation. |
| | therefor [5, 2006.01] | | This main group does not cover:laser assisted deposition which is covered |
| Other we | lding or cutting; Working by laser beam [3] | | by subclass C23C; laser sintering which is covered by group |
| 15/00 | Electron-beam welding or cutting (electron- or ion- | | B22F 3/105 for metallic powder, by group |
| 13/00 | beam tubes H01J 37/00) [1, 2006.01] | | B29C 67/04 for plastics, by group |
| 15/02 | • Control circuits therefor [5, 2006.01] | | C03B 19/06 for glass or by group C04B 35/64 for ceramics; |
| 15/04 | • for welding annular seams [5, 2006.01] | | laser assisted chemical etching which is |
| 15/06 | • within a vacuum chamber (B23K 15/04 takes | | covered by group C23F 1/00. |
| 15/08 | precedence) [5, 2006.01]Removing material, e.g. by cutting, by hole | 26/02 | • Positioning or observing the workpiece, e.g. with |
| | drilling [5, 2006.01] | | respect to the point of impact; Aligning, aiming or focusing the laser beam [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| 15/10 | Non-vacuum electron beam-welding or cutting [5, 2006.01] | 26/03 | Observing, e.g. monitoring, the workpiece [7, 2006.01] |
| | - | 26/035 | • Aligning the laser beam (automatically |
| 17/00 | Use of the energy of nuclear particles in welding or | | B23K 26/042) [2014.01] |
| | related techniques [1, 2006.01] | 26/04 | Automatically aligning, aiming or focusing the |
| 20/00 | Non-electric welding by applying impact or other | | laser beam, e.g. using the back-scattered light [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| | pressure, with or without the application of heat, e.g. | 26/042 | • • Automatically aligning the laser |
| 20/02 | cladding or plating [3, 2006.01]by means of a press [3, 2006.01] | 20, 0 .2 | beam [2014.01] |
| 20/04 | by means of a piess [9, 2006.01] by means of a rolling mill [3, 2006.01] | | • • • • Seam tracking [2014.01] |
| 20/06 | by means of high energy impulses, e.g. magnetic | 26/046 | • • • Automatically focusing the laser |
| | energy [3, 2006.01] | 26/06 | beam [2014.01]• Shaping the laser beam, e.g. by masks or multi- |
| 20/08 | • Explosive welding [3, 2006.01] | 20/00 | focusing [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| 20/10 | making use of vibrations, e.g. ultrasonic welding [3, 2006.01] | 26/062 | • • by direct control of the laser beam [2014.01] |
| 20/12 | • the heat being generated by friction; Friction | | • • • by shaping pulses [2014.01] |
| | welding [3, 2006.01] | 26/064 | • • by means of optical elements, e.g. lenses, |
| 20/14 | Preventing or minimising gas access, or using | 26/066 | mirrors or prisms [2014.01] • • • by using masks [2014.01] |
| | protective gases or vacuum during welding (formed by material interposed between workpieces | | • • Dividing the beam into multiple beams, e.g. |
| | B23K 20/18) [3, 2006.01] | | multi-focusing [7, 2006.01] |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 26/073 | • • • Shaping the laser spot [7, 2006.01] |
| | | | |

| 26/08 | • | Devices involving relative movement between laser beam and workpiece [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 26/36 | Removing material (B23K 26/55, B23K 26/57 take precedence) [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
|-----------------|---|--|----------|--|
| 26/082 | • | Scanning systems, i.e. devices involving movement of the laser beam relative to the laser Scanning systems, i.e. devices involving movement of the laser beam relative to the laser Scanning systems, i.e. devices involving movement of the laser beam relative to the laser Scanning systems, i.e. devices involving movement of the laser beam relative to the laser | 26/361 | • • for deburring or mechanical trimming (B23K 26/351 takes precedence) [2014.01] |
| 20/10 | | head [2014.01] | 26/362 | • • Laser etching [2014.01] |
| 26/10 | | • using a fixed support [3, 2006.01] | 26/364 | • • • for making a groove or trench, e.g. for scribing |
| 26/12 | • | in a special environment or atmosphere, e.g. in an | 0.0 /0.0 | a break initiation groove [2014.01] |
| 26/122 | | enclosure [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] • in a liquid, e.g. underwater [2014.01] | 26/38 | • • by boring or cutting [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| | | | 26/382 | • • • by boring [2014.01] |
| 26/14 | • | using a fluid stream, e.g. a jet of gas, in conjunction with the laser beam; Nozzles therefor | 26/384 | • • • of specially shaped holes [2014.01] |
| | | (B23K 26/12 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 26/386 | • • • of blind holes [2014.01] |
| 26/142 | | • for the removal of by-products [2014.01] | 26/388 | • • • Trepanning, i.e. boring by moving the beam |
| 26/144 | | the fluid stream containing particles, e.g. powder [2014.01] | 26/40 | spot about an axis [2014.01] • taking account of the properties of the material |
| 26/146 | | the fluid stream containing a liquid [2014.01] | 20/402 | involved [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| 26/16 | | Removal of by-products, e.g. particles or vapours | 26/402 | • involving non-metallic material, e.g. isolators [2014.01] |
| 20/10 | | produced during treatment of a workpiece (by a fluid stream B23K 26/142) [3, 2006.01] | 26/50 | Working by transmitting the laser beam through or |
| 26/18 | | using absorbing layers on the workpiece, e.g. for | 26/53 | within the workpiece [2014.01] • for modifying or reforming the material inside the |
| 26/20 | | marking or protecting purposes [3, 2006.01] Bonding (soldering by means of radiant energy | 20/55 | workpiece, e.g. for producing break initiation cracks [2014.01] |
| 20/20 | | B23K 1/005; joining of preformed plastics parts by | 26/55 | for creating voids inside the workpiece, e.g. for |
| | | heating using laser beam | 20/33 | forming flow passages or flow patterns [2014.01] |
| | | B29C 65/16) [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 26/57 | the laser beam entering a face of the workpiece |
| 26/21 | | • by welding [2014.01] | | from which it is transmitted through the workpiece |
| 26/211 | • | with interposition of special material to | | material to work on a different workpiece face, |
| | | facilitate connection of the parts [2014.01] | | e.g. for effecting removal, fusion splicing, |
| 26/22 | | • • Spot welding [7, 2006.01] | | modifying or reforming [2014.01] |
| 26/24 | | • • Seam welding [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 26/60 | Preliminary treatment [2014.01] |
| 26/242 | • | • Fillet welding, i.e. involving a weld of substantially triangular cross section joining | 26/70 | Auxiliary operations or equipment [2014.01] |
| | | two parts [2014.01] | 28/00 | Welding or cutting not covered by groups B23K 5/00- |
| 26/244 | • | • • • Overlap seam welding [2014.01] | | B23K 26/00 (joining workpieces by electrolysis |
| 26/26 | • | • • • of rectilinear seams [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | | C25D 2/00; electrolytic removal of materials |
| 26/262 | • | • • • of longitudinal seams of tubes [2014.01] | 20 / 22 | C25F) [2, 2006.01] |
| 26/28 | • | • • • of curved planar | 28/02 | Combined welding or cutting procedures or apparatus [2, 2006.01, 2014.01] |
| | | seams [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | | apparatus [2, 2000.01, 2014.01] |
| 26/282 | | • • • of tube sections [2014.01] | | |
| 26/30 | • | • • of three-dimensional | | |
| 20/202 | | seams [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 31/00 | Processes relevant to this subclass, specially adapted |
| 26/302 26/32 | | • • • of helicoidal seams [2014.01]• taking account of the properties of the material | | for particular articles or purposes, but not covered by any single one of main groups B23K 1/00- |
| 20/32 | ٠ | involved [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | | B23K 28/00 (making tubes or profiled bars involving |
| 26/322 | | involving coated metal parts (using absorbing) | | operations other than soldering or welding B21C 37/04, |
| | | layers on the workpiece B23K 26/18) [2014.01] | 21 /02 | B21C 37/08) [1, 2006.01] |
| 26/323 | • | involving parts made of dissimilar metallic material [2014.01] | 31/02 | relating to soldering or welding (dip or wave soldering in the manufacture of printed circuits |
| 26/224 | _ | material [2014.01] | | H05K 3/34) [1, 2006.01] |
| 26/324 | | • • involving non-metallic parts [2014.01] | 31/10 | • relating to cutting or desurfacing [1, 2006.01] |
| 26/34 | ٠ | Laser welding for purposes other than joining [7, 2006.01, 2014.01] | 31/12 | relating to investigating the properties, e.g. the |
| 26/3/12 | | • Build-up welding [2014.01] | | weldability, of materials [5, 2006.01] |
| | | in combination with welding or cutting covered by | | |
| 20/510 | | groups B23K 5/00-B23K 25/00, e.g. in combination | 33/00 | Specially-profiled edge portions of workpieces for |
| | | with resistance welding [2014.01] | | making soldering or welding connections; Filling the seams formed thereby [1, 2006.01] |
| 26/348 | • | in combination with arc heating, e.g. TIG | | seams formed thereby [1, 2000.01] |
| | | [tungsten inert gas], MIG [metal inert gas] or plasma welding (laser beam for starting a welding | 35/00 | Rods, electrodes, materials, or media, for use in soldering, welding, or cutting [1, 2006.01] |
| | | or cutting arc B23K 9/067) [2014.01] | 35/02 | characterised by mechanical features, e.g. |
| 26/351 | • | for trimming or tuning of electrical | JJ/ UZ | shape [1, 2006.01] |
| | | components [2014.01] | 35/04 | specially designed for use as electrodes (ignition |
| 26/352 | | for surface treatment [2014.01] | 20.0. | tips for arc welding or cutting |
| 26/354 | | • by melting [2014.01] | | B23K 9/26) [1, 2006.01] |
| 26/356 | | • by shock processing [2014.01] | 35/06 | • • • of non-circular cross-section; with special |
| 26/359 | • | • by providing a line or line pattern, e.g. a dotted | DE /00 | arrangement, e.g. internal [1, 2006.01] |
| | | break initiation line [2014.01] | 35/08 | • • • multi-cored; multiple [1, 2006.01] |

| 35/10 | • • • with more than one layer of coating or sheathing material [1, 2006.01] | • for holding or positioning work [1, 2006.01] • moving work to adjust its position between |
|---------|---|---|
| 35/12 | not specially designed for use as electrodes [1, 2006.01] | soldering, welding or cutting steps (B23K 37/053 takes precedence) [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/14 | • • • for soldering [1, 2006.01] | 37/053 • • aligning cylindrical work; Clamping devices |
| 35/16 | of non-circular cross-section; with special arrangement, e.g. internal (B23K 35/14 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] | therefor [5, 2006.01] • for positioning the molten material, e.g. confining it to a desired area [1, 2006.01] |
| 35/18 | • • • multi-cored; multiple [1, 2006.01] | 37/08 • for flash removal [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/20 | • • • with more than one layer of coating or sheathing material [1, 2006.01] | |
| 35/22 | characterised by the composition or nature of the material [1, 2006.01] | Indexing scheme associated with groups B23K 1/00-B23K 31/00, relating to articles made by soldering, welding or cutting or to |
| 35/24 | Selection of soldering or welding materials proper (B23K 35/34 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] | materials to be soldered, welded or cut. [5] |
| 35/26 | • • • with the principal constituent melting at less than 400°C [1, 2006.01] | 101/00 Articles made by soldering, welding or cutting [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/28 | • • • with the principal constituent melting at less | 101/02 • Honeycomb structures [5, 2006.01] |
| 007.00 | than 950°C [1, 2006.01] | 101/04 • Tubular or hollow articles [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/30 | • • • with the principal constituent melting at less | 101/06 • • Tubes [5, 2006.01] |
| | than 1550°C [1, 2006.01] | 101/08 • • • finned or ribbed [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/32 | • with the principal constituent melting at more | 101/10 • • Pipe-lines [5, 2006.01] |
| | than 1550°C [1, 2006.01] | 101/12 • Vessels [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/34 | • comprising compounds which yield metals when | 101/14 • Heat exchangers [5, 2006.01] 101/16 • Bands or sheets of indefinite length [5, 2006.01] |
| 25/20 | heated [1, 2006.01] | 101/10 |
| 35/36 | Selection of non-metallic compositions, e.g. coatings, fluxes (B23K 35/34 takes precedence); | 101/18 • Sheet panels [5, 2006.01] 101/20 • Tools [5, 2006.01] |
| | Selection of soldering or welding materials, | 101/22 • Nets, wire fabrics or the like [5, 2006.01] |
| | conjoint with selection of non-metallic | 101/24 • Frameworks [5, 2006.01] |
| | compositions, both selections being of interest | 101/26 • Railway- or like rails [5, 2006.01] |
| | (selection of soldering or welding materials proper | 101/28 • Beams [5, 2006.01] |
| 25 /205 | B23K 35/24) [1, 2, 2006.01] | 101/30 • Chains, hoops or rings [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/362 | 2 • • • Selection of compositions of fluxes (B23K 35/365, B23K 35/368 take | 101/32 • Wires [5, 2006.01] |
| | precedence) [2, 2006.01] | 101/34 • Coated articles [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/363 | | 101/36 • Electric or electronic devices [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/365 | | 101/38 • • Conductors [5, 2006.01] |
| | coating materials either alone or conjoint with | 101/40 • • Semiconductor devices [5, 2006.01] |
| | selection of soldering or welding materials [2, 2006.01] | 101/42 • • Printed circuits [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/368 | | 103/00 Materials to be soldered, welded or cut [5, 2006.01] |
| | materials either alone or conjoint with selection | 103/02 • Iron or ferrous alloys [5, 2006.01] |
| | of soldering or welding materials [2, 2006.01] | 103/04 • • Steel alloys [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/38 | Selection of media, e.g. special atmospheres for | 103/06 • • Cast-iron alloys [5, 2006.01] |
| D= / 40 | surrounding the working area [1, 2006.01] | 103/08 • Non-ferrous metals or alloys [5, 2006.01] |
| 35/40 | Making wire or rods for soldering or welding (processes involving a single technical art, see the | 103/10 • • Aluminium or alloys thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| | relevant subclasses, e.g. B05D, B21C) [1, 2006.01] | 103/12 • • Copper or alloys thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| | ····· | 103/14 • • Titanium or alloys thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| 37/00 | Auxiliary devices or processes, not specially adapted | 103/16 • Composite materials [5, 2006.01] |
| | to a procedure covered by only one of the other main | 103/18 • Dissimilar materials [5, 2006.01] |
| | groups of this subclass (eye-shields for welders worn on the operator's body or carried in the hand A61F 9/00; | 103/20 • • Ferrous alloys and aluminium or alloys thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| | applicable to metal-working machines other than | 103/22 • • Ferrous alloys and copper or alloys |
| | soldering, welding, or flame-cutting machines B23Q; other protective shields F16P 1/06) [1, 2006.01] | thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| 37/02 | Carriages for supporting the welding or cutting element [1, 2006.01] | • • Ferrous alloys and titanium or alloys thereof [5, 2006.01] |
| | | |

B23P OTHER WORKING OF METAL; COMBINED OPERATIONS; UNIVERSAL MACHINE TOOLS (arrangements for copying or controlling B23Q)

Note(s) [2015.01]

- 1. This subclass <u>covers:</u>
 - combinations of work-modifying operations covered by different subclasses of classes B21-B24;

- combinations of metal-working operations with non-mechanical treatments of metal not provided for elsewhere, for example in C21D, C22C, C22F or C23.
- This subclass does not cover
 - non-mechanical operations on non-metallic materials unless such operations are explicitly mentioned in this subclass;
 - subsidiary operations performed in conjunction with main operations covered by a single subclass, e.g. assembling of parts as an essential feature of a following metal-working operation, since they are not regarded as operations per se.
- Attention is drawn to the Notes following the title of class B23. 3.

13/04

• involving slicing of profiled material [1, 2006.01]

| Subclass | <u>index</u> | | |
|----------|---|--------|---|
| | WORKING PROCESSES | | |
| | g of diamonds | | |
| | nditioning; finishing | | |
| | ecting or disconnecting | | |
| | processes | | |
| | iary treatments | ••••• | 25/00 |
| | ED PROCESSES; MULTI-PURPOSE MACHINES | | 0/00 0/00 |
| | nditioning; finishing | | |
| | combined operations | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Auxiii | iary treatments | •••••• | 25/00 |
| | | | |
| 5/00 | Setting gems or the like on metal parts, e.g. diamonds on tools [1, 2006.01] | 15/00 | Making specific metal objects by operations not covered by a single other subclass or a group in this subclass [1, 2006.01] |
| 6/00 | Restoring or reconditioning objects (straightening or | 15/02 | • turbine or like blades from one piece [1, 2006.01] |
| | restoring form of sheet metal, metal rods, metal tubes, | 15/04 | turbine or like blades from several |
| | metal profiles, or specific articles made therefrom | 15/01 | pieces [1, 2006.01] |
| | B21D 1/00, B21D 3/00; repairing defective or damaged | 15/06 | piston rings from one piece [1, 2006.01] |
| | objects by casting techniques B22D 19/10; procedures | 15/08 | • piston rings from several pieces [1, 2006.01] |
| | or apparatus covered by a single other subclass, <u>see</u> the | 15/00 | piston rings from several pieces [1, 2000.01] pistons [1, 2006.01] |
| | relevant subclass) [3, 2006.01] | | |
| 6/02 | Pistons or cylinders [3, 2006.01] | 15/12 | • gratings [1, 2006.01] |
| 6/04 | Repairing fractures or cracked metal parts or | 15/14 | • gear parts, e.g. gear wheels [1, 2006.01] |
| | products, e.g. castings [3, 2006.01] | 15/16 | plates with holes of very small diameter e.g. for spinning or burner nozzles [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/00 | Treating or finishing surfaces mechanically, with or | 15/18 | brake shoes [1, 2006.01] |
| | without calibrating, primarily to resist wear or | 15/20 | railroad requirements, e.g. buffers [1, 2006.01] |
| | impact, e.g. smoothing or roughening turbine blades | 15/22 | • cartridges or like shells [1, 2006.01] |
| | or bearings (treatment covered by a single other | 15/24 | • dies (B21C 3/18, B21C 25/10, B21D 37/20 take |
| | subclass, <u>see</u> the relevant subclass, e.g. B24C, | | precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| | C21D 7/00, C22F 1/00); Features of such surfaces not | 15/26 | • heat exchangers [1, 2006.01] |
| | otherwise provided for, their treatment being | 15/28 | cutting tools (sawing tools B23D 63/00, B23D 65/00; |
| 0./00 | unspecified [1, 2006.01] | 10, 20 | files or rasps B23D 73/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/02 | Treating or finishing by applying pressure, e.g. knurling (B23P 9/04 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] | 15/30 | lathes or like tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 0/04 | | 15/32 | • • twist-drills [1, 2006.01] |
| 9/04 | Treating or finishing by hammering or applying repeated pressure [1, 2006 01] | 15/34 | • • milling cutters [1, 2006.01] |
| | repeated pressure [1, 2006.01] | 15/36 | ~ |
| 11/00 | Connecting or disconnecting metal parts or objects | | • • • for thread cutting [1, 2006.01] |
| 11700 | by metal-working techniques, not otherwise provided | 15/38 | planing or slotting tools (B23P 15/30 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| | for (connecting sheet metal or metal tubes, rods or profiles B21D 39/00; riveting B21J; soldering, | 15/40 | shearing tools [1, 2006.01] |
| | unsoldering, welding B23K; hand tools for connecting | 15/42 | broaching tools [1, 2006.01] |
| | wire or strip B25B 25/00; connecting metal parts by | 15/44 | scraping or shaving tools [1, 2006.01] |
| | adhesives F16B 11/00) [1, 7, 2006.01] | 15/46 | reaming tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 11/02 | • by first expanding and then shrinking or <u>vice versa</u> , | 15/48 | threading tools (milling cutters for thread-cutting |
| 11/02 | e.g. by using pressure fluids; by making force | | B23P 15/36) [1, 2006.01] |
| | fits [1, 2006.01] | 15/50 | • • • dies [1, 2006.01] |
| | • | 15/52 | • • • taps [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/00 | Making metal objects by operations essentially | 10,02 | tapo (2) =000102] |
| | involving machining but not covered by a single other subclass (making specific objects B23P 15/00) [1, 2006.01] | 17/00 | Metal-working operations, not covered by a single other subclass or another group in this subclass [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/02 | in which only the machining operations are important [1, 2006.01] | 17/02 | • Single metal-working processes; Machines or apparatus therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| 13/04 | • involving slicing of profiled material [1, 2006 01] | 17/04 | a showestowieed by the neture of the meterial involved |

IPC (2015.01), Section B 21

17/04

17/06

characterised by the nature of the material involved or the kind of product independently of its

• • Making steel wool or the like [1, 2006.01]

shape **[1, 2006.01]**

| 19/00 | Machines for simply fitting together or separating metal parts or objects, or metal and non-metal parts, whether or not involving some deformation; Tools or devices therefor so far as not provided for in other classes (hand tools in general B25) [1, 3, 2006.01] | 23/00 | Machines or arrangements of machines for performing specified combinations of different metal-working operations not covered by a single other subclass (combined horizontal boring and milling machines B23B 39/02; if the particular kinds of |
|--------|---|-------|---|
| 19/02 | • for connecting objects by press fit or for detaching same (B23P 19/10 takes precedence) [1, 7, 2006.01] | | operation are not essential B23Q 37/00-B23Q 41/00; features relating to operations covered by a single |
| 19/027 | • using hydraulic or pneumatic means (B23P 19/033 takes precedence) [7, 2006.01] | | subclass, <u>see</u> the relevant subclass for the operation) [1, 2006.01] |
| 19/033 | • • using vibration [7, 2006.01] | 23/02 | Machine tools for performing different machining |
| 19/04 | for assembling or disassembling parts (B23P 19/10 takes precedence) [1, 7, 2006.01] | | operations (lathes, e.g. capstan lathes, B23B) [1, 2006.01] |
| 19/06 | Screw or nut setting or loosening machines [1, 2006.01] | 23/04 | for both machining and other metal-working operations [1, 2006.01] |
| 19/08 | • Machines for placing washers, circlips, or the like on bolts or other members [1, 2006.01] | 23/06 | Metal-working plant comprising a number of associated machines or apparatus [1, 2006.01] |
| 19/10 | • Aligning parts to be fitted together [7, 2006.01] | 25/00 | Auxiliary treatment of workpieces, before or during |
| 19/12 | Alignment of parts for insertion into bores [7, 2006.01] | 25/00 | machining operations, to facilitate the action of the tool or the attainment of a desired final condition of |
| 21/00 | Machines for assembling a multiplicity of different parts to compose units, with or without preceding or subsequent working of such parts, e.g. with | | the work, e.g. relief of internal stress [1, 2006.01] |

B23Q DETAILS, COMPONENTS, OR ACCESSORIES FOR MACHINE TOOLS, e.g. ARRANGEMENTS FOR COPYING OR CONTROLLING (tools of the kind used in lathes or boring machines B23B 27/00); MACHINE TOOLS IN GENERAL, CHARACTERISED BY THE CONSTRUCTION OF PARTICULAR DETAILS OR COMPONENTS; COMBINATIONS OR ASSOCIATIONS OF METAL-WORKING MACHINES, NOT DIRECTED TO A PARTICULAR RESULT

Note(s) [3]

- 1. In this subclass, groups designating parts of machine tools cover machine tools characterised by constructional features of such parts.
- 2. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - "controlling" means influencing a variable in any way, e.g. changing its direction or its value (including changing it to or from zero), maintaining it constant, limiting its range of variation;
 - "regulation" means maintaining a variable automatically at a desired value or within a desired range of values. The desired value or range may be fixed, or manually varied, or may vary with time according to a predetermined "programme" or according to variation of another variable. Regulation is a form of control;
 - "automatic control" is often used in the art as a synonym for regulation.
- 3. Attention is drawn to the Notes following the title of class B23.

programme control [1, 2006.01]

Subclass index

| BASIC COMPONENTS OF MACHINE TOOLS | 1/00, 9/00 |
|--|--|
| DEVICES FOR SUPPORTING, HANDLING, OR FEEDING WORK | OR TOOLS3/00, 5/00, 7/00 |
| AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT, SAFETY DEVICES | |
| MEASURING; INDICATING; CONTROLLING | |
| Controlling the movements of the tool or work | |
| Indicating | 17/00 |
| COPYING | |
| MACHINES COMPRISING UNITS OR SUB-ASSEMBLIES, TRANS | SFER MACHINES, |
| ASSOCIATIONS OF MACHINES OR UNITS | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 1/00 Members which are comprised in the general build- | 1/26 • characterised by constructional feature |
| | the as as as as a fuel at a latitude as a cal |

- 1/00 Members which are comprised in the general buildup of a form of machine, particularly relatively large fixed members (B23Q 37/00 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]
- 1/01 Frames, beds, pillars or like members; Arrangement of ways [6, 2006.01]
- Stationary work or tool supports (B23Q 1/70 takes precedence; auxiliary tables B23Q 1/74; tailstocks B23B 23/00) [6, 2006.01]
- 1/25 Movable or adjustable work or tool supports [6, 2006.01]

- characterised by constructional features relating to the co-operation of relatively movable members; Means for preventing relative movement of such members [1, 6, 2006.01]
- 1/28 • Means for securing sliding members in any desired position [1, 6, 2006.01]
- 1/30 • controlled in conjunction with the feed mechanism [1, 6, 2006.01]
- 1/32 • Relative movement obtained by co-operating spherical surfaces, e.g. ball-and-socket joints [6, 2006.01]

| 1/34 | • • Relative movement obtained by use of | |
|------|--|------|
| | deformable elements, e.g. piezo-electric, | |
| | magnetostrictive, elastic or thermally-dilat | able |
| | elements (sensitive elements capable of | |
| | producing movement or displacement for | |
| | purposes not limited to measurement | |
| | G12B 1/00) [6, 2006.01] | |
| 1/36 | • • • • Springs [6, 2006.01] | |
| 1/38 | • • using fluid bearings or fluid cushion | |
| | supports [6, 2006.01] | |
| 1/40 | using hall roller or wheel | |

1/40 • • • using ball, roller or wheel arrangements **[6, 2006.01]**

1/42 • • • using T-, V-, dovetail-section or like guides (B23Q 1/40 takes precedence) [6, 2006.01]

using particular mechanisms (B23Q 1/26 takes precedence) [6, 2006.01]

Note(s) [6]

- In this group, the following expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
 - "sliding pair" means a pair consisting of two elements operating in such a way that only straight line movement between both elements is possible;
 - "rotating pair" means a pair consisting of two elements operating in such a way that only rotary movement between both elements is possible;
 - "screw pair" means a pair consisting of two elements operating in such a way as to produce simultaneous rotation and axial translation between both elements.
- 2. In this group, where more than one pair of elements is provided on the same axis for the same kind of movement, the pairs are regarded as a single pair for the purposes of classification.

1/46 • • • with screw pairs **[6, 2006.01]**

1/48 • • • with sliding pairs and rotating pairs (B23Q 1/46 takes precedence) **[6, 2006.01]**

1/50 • • • with rotating pairs only **[6, 2006.01]**

1/52 • • • a single rotating pair **[6, 2006.01]**

1/54 • • • two rotating pairs only **[6, 2006.01]**

1/56 • • with sliding pairs only **[6, 2006.01]**

1/58 • • • a single sliding pair **[6, 2006.01]**

1/60 • • • two sliding pairs only **[6, 2006.01]**

1/62 • • • • with perpendicular axes, e.g. cross-slides **[6, 2006.01]**

1/64 • characterised by the purpose of the movement (indexing equipment B23O 16/02) [6, 2006.01]

1/66 • • • Work-tables interchangeably movable into operating positions **[6, 2006.01]**

1/68 • • • for withdrawing tool or work during reverse movement [6, 2006.01]

Stationary or movable members for carrying working-spindles for attachment of tools or work (headstocks or the like, working-spindle supports B23B 19/00; working-spindles B23B 19/02) [6, 2006.01]

 1/72 • Auxiliary arrangements; Interconnections between auxiliary tables and movable machine elements [6, 2006.01]

1/74 • • Auxiliary tables **[6, 2006.01]**

1/76 • • Steadies; Rests [6, 2006.01]

3/00 Devices holding, supporting, or positioning, work or tools, of a kind normally removable from the machine (work-tables or other parts, e.g. faceplates, normally not incorporating means for securing work B23Q 1/00; automatic position control B23Q 15/00; rotary tool heads for turning-machines B23B 3/24, B23B 3/26; non-driven tool holders B23B 29/00; general features of turrets B23B 29/24; tools or bench devices for fastening, connecting, disengaging or holding B25B) [1, 2006.01]

for mounting on a work-table, tool-slide, or analogous part (B23Q 3/15 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01]

3/04 • • adjustable in inclination [1, 2006.01]

3/06 • • Work-clamping means [1, 2006.01]

3/08 • • other than mechanically-actuated [1, 2006.01]

3/10 • Auxiliary devices, e.g. bolsters, extension members [1, 2006.01]

3/12 • for securing to a spindle in general (B23Q 3/152 takes precedence; chucks B23B 31/02) **[1, 2006.01]**

3/14 • • Mandrels in general (expansion mandrels B23B 31/40) [1, 2006.01]

Devices for holding work using magnetic or electric force acting directly on the work [1, 2006.01]

3/152 • Rotary devices [1, 2006.01]

3/154 • • Stationary devices [1, 2006.01]

3/155 • Arrangements for automatic insertion or removal of tools [1, 2006.01]

3/157 • • of rotary tools **[1, 2006.01]**

3/16 • controlled in conjunction with the operation of the tool [1, 2006.01]

3/18 • for positioning only **[1, 2006.01]**

5/00 Driving or feeding mechanisms; Control arrangements therefor (automatic control B23Q 15/00; copying B23Q 33/00, B23Q 35/00; specially adapted for boring or drilling machines B23B 39/10, B23B 47/02) [1, 2006.01]

5/02 • Driving main working members **[1, 2006.01]**

5/027 • • reciprocating members **[2, 2006.01]**

5/033 • • • driven essentially by fluid pressure [2, 2006.01]

5/04 • rotary shafts, e.g. working-spindles **[1, 2006.01]**

5/06 • • • driven essentially by fluid pressure or pneumatic power [1, 2006.01]

5/08 • • • electrically controlled **[1, 2006.01]**

5/10 • • • driven essentially by electrical means **[1, 2006.01]**

5/12 • • Mechanical drives with means for varying the speed ratio [1, 2006.01]

5/14 • • • step-by-step [1, 2006.01]

5/16 • • • infinitely-variable **[1, 2006.01]**

5/18 • • • Devices for preselecting speed of working-spindle **[1, 2006.01]**

5/20 • • • Adjusting or stopping working-spindles in a predetermined position [1, 2006.01]

• Feeding members carrying tools or work [1, 2006.01]

5/26 • • Fluid-pressure drives **[1, 3, 2006.01]**

5/28 • • Electric drives [1, 3, 2006.01]

5/32 • • Feeding working-spindles (feeding working-spindle supports B23Q 5/34) [1, 3, 2006.01]

5/34 • Feeding other members supporting tools or work, e.g. saddles, tool-slides, through mechanical transmission [1, 3, 2006.01]

5/36 • • • in which a servomotor forms an essential element [1, 3, 2006.01]

5/38 • • • feeding continuously **[1, 3, 2006.01]**

| 5/40 | • • • by feed shaft, e.g. lead screw [1, 3, 2006.01] | 11/12 | Arrangements for cooling or lubricating parts of the |
|--------------|--|-----------------|---|
| 5/42 | • • • • Mechanism associated with | 44/44 | machine (B23Q 11/14 takes precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| E / 1/1 | headstock [1, 3, 2006.01] | 11/14 | Methods or arrangements for maintaining a constant temperature in parts of machine tools [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/44 | • • • • Mechanism associated with the moving member [1, 3, 2006.01] | 12/00 | |
| 5/46 | • • • with variable speed ratio [1, 3, 2006.01] | 13/00 | Equipment for use with tools or cutters when not in operation, e.g. protectors for storage [1, 2006.01] |
| 5/48 | • • • • by use of toothed gears [1, 3, 2006.01] | | operation, e.g. protectors for storage [1, 2000,01] |
| 5/50 | • • • feeding step by step [1, 3, 2006.01] | | |
| 5/52 5/54 | Limiting feed movement [1, 2006.01]Arrangements or details not restricted to group | <u>Measurin</u> | g; Indicating; Controlling [3] |
| 3/34 | B23Q 5/02 or group B23Q 5/22 | 15/00 | Automatic control or regulation of feed movement, |
| 5/56 | respectively [1, 2006.01] • Preventing backlash [1, 2006.01] | 20, 00 | cutting velocity or position of tool or work [1, 3, 2006.01] |
| 5/58 | • • Safety devices [1, 2006.01] | 15/007 | • while the tool acts upon the workpiece [3, 2006.01] |
| 5750 | Surety devices [1, 2000.01] | 15/013 | Control or regulation of feed movement |
| 7/00 | Arrangements for handling work specially combined | | (B23Q 15/12 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01] |
| | with or arranged in, or specially adapted for use in | 15/02 | • • according to the instantaneous size and the |
| | connection with, machine tools, e.g. for conveying, loading, positioning, discharging, sorting | | required size of the workpiece acted upon |
| | (incorporated in working-spindles B23B 13/00, | 15/04 | (B23Q 15/06 takes precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01]• • according to the final size of the previously |
| | B23B 19/02; for automatic or semi-automatic turning | 13/04 | machined workpiece (B23Q 15/06 takes |
| | machines B23B 15/00) [1, 2, 2006.01] | | precedence) [1, 3, 2006.01] |
| 7/02 | by means of drums or rotating tables or discs [1, 2006.01] | 15/06 | • • • according to measuring results produced by two |
| 7/03 | by means of endless chain conveyors | | or more gauging methods using different |
| 7703 | (B23Q 7/16 takes precedence) [2, 2006.01] | | measuring principles, e.g. by both optical and mechanical gauging [1, 3, 2006.01] |
| 7/04 | • by means of grippers [1, 2006.01] | 15/08 | Control or regulation of cutting velocity |
| 7/05 | • by means of roller-ways (B23Q 7/16 takes | 157 00 | (B23Q 15/12 takes precedence) [3, 2006.01] |
| | precedence) [2, 2006.01] | 15/10 | • • to maintain constant cutting velocity between |
| 7/06 | • by means of pushers [1, 2006.01] | | tool and workpiece [3, 2006.01] |
| 7/08 | • by means of slides or chutes [1, 2006.01] | 15/12 | Adaptive control, i.e. adjusting itself to have a performance which is optimized assembling to a |
| 7/10 7/12 | by means of magazines [1, 2006.01]Sorting arrangements [1, 2006.01] | | performance which is optimum according to a preassigned criterion [3, 2006.01] |
| 7/14 | • co-ordinated in production lines [1, 2006.01] | 15/14 | Control or regulation of the orientation of the tool |
| 7/16 | Loading work on to conveyors; Arranging work on | | with respect to the work [3, 2006.01] |
| | conveyors, e.g. varying spacing between individual | 15/16 | • • Compensation for wear of the tool [3, 2006.01] |
| | workpieces [2, 2006.01] | 15/18 | Compensation of tool-deflection due to |
| 7/18 | • • Orienting work on conveyors [2, 2006.01] | 15/20 | temperature or force [3, 2006.01] • before or after the tool acts upon the |
| 9/00 | Arrangements for supporting or guiding portable | 13/20 | workpiece [3, 2006.01] |
| | metal-working machines or apparatus (for tapping | 15/22 | Control or regulation of position of tool or |
| | pipes B23B 41/08; specially designed for drilling | | workpiece [3, 2006.01] |
| 0/02 | B23B 45/14) [1, 2006.01] • for securing machines or apparatus to workpieces, or | 15/24 | • • • of linear position [3, 2006.01] |
| 9/02 | other parts, of particular shape, e.g. to beams of | 15/26 | • • • of angular position [3, 2006.01] |
| | particular cross-section [1, 2006.01] | 15/28 | • • with compensation for tool wear [3, 2006.01] |
| | | 16/00 | Equipment for precise positioning of tool or work |
| Accessor | ies | | into particular locations not otherwise provided for |
| 7 ICCC3301 | | | (automatic control or regulation of position of tool or work B23Q 15/22; arrangements for indicating or |
| 11/00 | Accessories fitted to machine tools for keeping tools | | measuring existing or desired position of tool or work |
| | or parts of the machine in good working condition or for cooling work; Safety devices specially combined | | B23Q 17/22) [4, 2006.01] |
| | with or arranged in, or specially adapted for use in | 16/02 | Indexing equipment (specially adapted for gear- |
| | connection with, machine tools (in respect of boring or | | cutting machines B23F 23/08) [4, 2006.01] |
| | drilling machines B23B 47/24, B23B 47/32 take | 16/04 | having intermediate members, e.g. pawls, for locking the relatively movable parts in the indexed |
| 11/00 | precedence; safety devices in general F16P) [1, 2006.01] | | position [4, 2006.01] |
| 11/02 | Devices for removing scrap from the cutting teeth of circular cutters [1, 2006.01] | 16/06 | • • Rotary indexing [4, 2006.01] |
| 11/04 | Arrangements preventing overload of tools, e.g. | 16/08 | • • having means for clamping the relatively movable |
| , | restricting load [1, 2006.01] | | parts together in the indexed position [4, 2006.01] |
| 11/06 | • Safety devices for circular cutters [1, 2006.01] | 16/10 | • • • Rotary indexing [4, 2006.01] |
| 11/08 | Protective coverings for parts of machine tools; | 16/12 | • • using optics [4, 2006.01] |
| 11/10 | Splash guards [1, 2006.01] | 17/00 | Arrangements for indicating or measuring on |
| 11/10 | Arrangements for cooling or lubricating tools or work (incorporated in tools, <u>see</u> the relevant subclass for | | machine tools (for automatic control or regulation of |
| | the tool) [1, 2006.01] | | feed movement, cutting velocity or position of tool or |
| | | | work B23Q 15/00) [1, 3, 4, 2006.01] |
| | | | |

| 35/124 | • • • • • varying resistance [1, 2006.01] | 39/02 | the sub-assemblies being capable of being brought to act at a single operating station [1, 2006.01] |
|--------------------|---|----------------|---|
| 35/123 | • • • • the feeler varying the impedance in a circuit [1, 2006.01] | | operation is essential, <u>see</u> the relevant subclass for the operation) [1, 2006.01] |
| | • • • • the feeler opening or closing electrical contacts [1, 2006.01] | | working operation (B23Q 33/00, B23P 23/00 take precedence; if the operations are similar and the kind of |
| 35/121 | apparatus G05, G11) [1, 2006.01] • • • using mechanical sensing [1, 2006.01] | 22,00 | sub-assemblies, each capable of performing a metal- |
| | recording for copying purposes in a separate | 39/00 | Metal-working machines incorporating a plurality of |
| 35/10 | • • involving electrical means (programme | | B23P 23/00) [1, 2006.01] |
| 35/10 | work [1, 2006.01] • • mechanically only [1, 2006.01] | | important (features relating to particular metal-working operations, <u>see</u> the relevant subclasses, e.g. |
| 55,00 | the like into feed movement of tool or | | in so far as the feature of interchangeability is |
| 35/08 | workpiece [1, 2006.01]Means for transforming movement of the feeler or | | so that at least some of the units can form parts of different machines or combinations; Units therefor |
| 55,00 | operations, e.g. separate cuts, on a | 3//00 | Metal-working machines, or constructional combinations thereof, built-up from units designed |
| 35/06 | models therefor [1, 2006.01]specially adapted for controlling successive | 37/00 | - |
| JJ / U4 | of the pattern, model or drawing; Feelers, patterns, or | | orking machines comprising units or sub-assemblies; ons of metal-working machines or units |
| 35/04 | drilled [1, 2006.01]using a feeler or the like travelling along the outline | | |
| - · , - | determining the position of holes to be | | model, or drawing [1, 2006.01] |
| 35/02 | • Copying discrete points from the pattern, e.g. for | 220 | between opposite parts of the outline of the pattern, |
| | a pattern or a master model; Devices for use in copying manually [1, 2006.01] | 35/48 | using a feeler or the like travelling to-and-fro |
| 35/00 | Control systems or devices for copying directly from | 35/46 | screws [1, 2006.01] • • • Supporting devices therefor [1, 2006.01] |
| 33/00 | Methods for copying [1, 2006.01] | 35/44 | face, e.g. comprising flexible bands held by set- |
| | group B23Q 27/00. | 35/42 35/44 | Patterns; Master models [1, 2006.01]provided with means for adjusting the contact |
| | circle, which in general is provided for in | 05/10 | systems [1, 2006.01] |
| | shapes, e.g. generating a cycloid by a rolling | 35/40 | • • involving optical or photoelectrical |
| | term does not cover the derivation of a required shape from simple geometrical | | drawing without physical contact (sensing by means of a fluid jet B23Q 35/36) [1, 2006.01] |
| | operating mechanism of a machine. This | 35/38 | designed for sensing the pattern, model, or |
| | pattern may be a model or drawing, or an element such as a cam incorporated in the | 33/30 | copying system [1, 2006.01] |
| | by a member following the pattern. The | 35/36 | frequency [1, 2006.01] • • • for control of a hydraulic or pneumatic |
| | or a different shape or scale, by a mechanism or equivalent means controlled | | characteristic in a circuit, e.g. capacity, |
| | required shape from a pattern, of the same | 35/34 | • • • • in which the feeler varies an electrical |
| | "copying" covers the derivation of a | | electrical contact or contacts, e.g. with brush-type tracers [1, 2006.01] |
| | In groups B23Q 33/00 or B23Q 35/00, the following term is used with the meaning indicated: | 35/32 | • • • • in which the feeler makes and breaks an |
| | Note(s) | 35/30 | • • • for control of an electrical or electro- hydraulic copying system [1, 2006.01] |
| <u>Copying</u> | // | 2E /20 | system [1, 2006.01] |
| Commi | | 35/28 | for control of a mechanical copying |
| | another subclass [1, 2006.01] | 35/26 | • • designed for physical contact with a pattern or a model [1, 2006.01] |
| | of particular shapes, not fully provided for in | 35/24 | • • Feelers; Feeler units [1, 2006.01] |
| 27/00 | Geometrical mechanisms for the production of work | JJ/ ZZ | the tool [1, 2006.01] |
| | control B23Q 15/00) [1, 3, 2006.01] | 35/22 | reproduction [1, 2006.01] • • • specially adapted for compensating for wear of |
| 23/00 | Arrangements for compensating for irregularities or wear, e.g. of ways, of setting mechanisms (automatic | 35/20 | • • • with special means for varying the ratio of |
| 22/00 | | 35/18 | precedence) [1, 2006.01] |
| 17/24 | • using optics [4, 2006.01] | 35/16 35/18 | • • controlling fluid motors [1, 2006.01]• involving fluid means (B23Q 35/16 takes |
| 17/22 | for indicating or measuring existing or desired position of tool or work [4, 2006.01] | | electromotors [1, 2006.01] |
| | e.g. contour, dimension, hardness [4, 2006.01] | 35/14 | • • • controlling one or more |
| 17/12 | • for indicating or measuring workpiece characteristics, | 35/13 | • • • • Sensing by using magnetic means [1, 2006.01] |
| 17/12 | of revolutions [1, 2006.01] • for indicating or measuring vibration [1, 2006.01] | | discharges [1, 2006.01] |
| 17/10 | for indicating or measuring cutting speed or number | 35/129 | • • • • • Sensing by means of electric |
| | B23Q 11/04; devices for indicating failure of drills during boring B23B 49/00) [4, 2006.01] | 35/128 | • • • • Sensing by using optical means [1, 2006.01] |
| | tool (arrangements preventing overload of tools | 35/127 | • • • using non-mechanical sensing [1, 2006.01] |
| 17705 | cutting-tool condition, e.g. cutting ability, load on | 35/126 | • • • • • • varying inductance [1, 2006.01] |
| 17/09 | for indicating or measuring cutting pressure or | 35/125 | • • • • • varying capacitance [1, 2006.01] |

- the sub-assemblies being arranged to operate simultaneously at different stations, e.g. with an annular work-table moved in steps (associations of machines connected only by work-transferring means B23Q 41/00) [1, 2006.01]
- 41/00 Combinations or associations of metal-working machines not directed to a particular result according to classes B21, B23, or B24 (B23Q 37/00, B23Q 39/00 take precedence; features relating to operations performed, if the different metal-working operations are of the same kind, see the subclass for the kind of operation, e.g. punching B21D, welding B23K, grinding B24B; features relating to technically specified combinations of different metal-working operations B23P 23/00) [1, 2006.01]
- Features relating to transfer of work between machines (arrangements for handling work for machine tools co-ordinated in production lines B23Q 7/14) [1, 2006.01]
- 41/04 Features relating to relative arrangements of machines [1, 2006.01]
- 41/06 Features relating to organisation of working of machines [1, 2006.01]
- 41/08 Features relating to maintenance of efficient operation [1, 2006.01]