SECTION D — TEXTILES; PAPER

D04 BRAIDING; LACE-MAKING; KNITTING; TRIMMINGS; NON-WOVEN FABRICS

D04B KNITTING

Note(s)

- 1. In this subclass, groups designating machines, apparatus, devices, or implements include processes characterised by, or dependent on, their use, and the products of such processes.
- 2. Knitted products, i.e. fabrics, articles, are classified in this subclass only if they have constructional features which are of interest from the knitting aspect.

Subclass index

WEFT KNITTING AND MACHINES THEREFOR	
General processes or knitted articles	
Hand tools or implements; knitting apparatus or machines for domestic use	3/00, 5/00, 7/08
Flat-bed knitting machines:	
with independently-movable needles; with fixed needles	7/00, 11/00
Circular knitting machines:	
with independently-movable needles; with fixed spring or bearded needles	9/00, 13/00
Details or auxiliary devices incorporated in the machines	15/00, 35/00
WARP KNITTING AND MACHINES THEREFOR	
General processes and knitted articles	21/00
Machines	
flat-bed; other types	23/00, 25/00
details or auxiliary devices incorporated in the machines	27/00, 35/00
AUXILIARY APPARATUS USED WITH KNITTING MACHINES	
CROCHETING AND APPARATUS THEREFOR	
Processes; tools or implements	31/00, 33/00
Details or auxiliary devices incorporated in the apparatus	35/00
REPAIRING: UNRAVELLING	
PROCESSES AND KNITTING MACHINES NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR	

Weft knitting; Machines therefor

- 1/00 Weft knitting processes for the production of fabrics or articles not dependent on the use of particular machines; Fabrics or articles defined by such processes
- 1/02 Pile fabrics or articles having similar surface features
- 1/04 • characterised by thread material
- 1/06 Non-run fabrics or articles
- 1/08 • characterised by thread material
- 1/10 Patterned fabrics or articles
- 1/12 characterised by thread material
- Other fabrics or articles characterised primarily by the use of particular thread materials
- 1/16 • synthetic threads
- 1/18 • elastic threads
- 1/20 • crimped threads
- 1/22 specially adapted for knitting goods of particular configuration
- 1/24 • wearing apparel
- 1/26 • stockings

- 1/28 • gloves
- 3/00 Hand tools or implements for weft knitting
- 3/02 Needles
- 3/04 Finger protectors; Thread tensioners
- 3/06 Ball holders or receptacles
- 5/00 Weft knitting apparatus or machines without needles for domestic use (with needles D04B 7/08)
- 7/00 Flat-bed knitting machines with independently-movable needles (straight-bar machines with fixed needles D04B 11/00)
- 7/02 with one set of needles
- 7/04 with two sets of needles
- 7/06 • for purl work or Links-Links loop formation
- 7/08 for domestic use
- 7/10 with provision for narrowing or widening to produce fully-fashioned goods
- 7/12 with provision for incorporating pile threads
- 7/14 with provision for incorporating internal threads in laid-in fabrics

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7/16	 for producing fabrics consisting of, or incorporating, 	11/08	 with provision for incorporating pile threads
	elastic threads	11/10	 with provision for incorporating internal threads in
7/18	 incorporated as weft or inlaid threads 		laid-in fabrics
7/20	 with provision for changing the fabric construction, 	11/12	 for producing fabrics from, or incorporating, elastic
	e.g. from plain to rib-loop fabric		threads
7/22	 with special provision for commencing goods, e.g. 	11/14	 with provision for changing the fabric construction,
	with non-run edges		e.g. from plain to rib-loop fabric
7/24	 for producing patterned fabrics 	11/16	 with special provision for commencing goods, e.g.
7/26	with colour patterns		with non-run edges
7/28	• with stitch patterns	11/18	 for producing patterned fabrics
7/30	specially adapted for knitting goods of particular	11/20	with colour patterns
7730	configuration	11/22	with stitch patterns
7/32	tubular goods	11/24	with provision for transfer of knitted goods from one
	_	11/24	machine to another
7/34	• • • gloves	11/26	
9/00	Circular weft knitting machines with independently-	11/26	specially adapted for producing goods of particular soptimum tion
3700	movable needles (with fixed spring or bearded needles	11 /20	configuration
	D04B 13/00)	11/28	stockings, or portions thereof
9/02	with one set of needles	11/30	• • • non-run stockings
		11/32	 • welts, e.g. double or turned welts
9/04	with spring or bearded needles	11/34	 heel or toe portions
9/06	with needle cylinder and dial for ribbed goods	11/36	 other wearing apparel
9/08	 for interlock goods 		
9/10	 with two needle cylinders for purl work or for Links- 	13/00	Circular weft knitting machines with fixed spring or
	Links loop formation		bearded needles, e.g. loop-wheel machines (with
9/12	 with provision for incorporating pile threads 		independently-movable needles D04B 9/00)
9/14	 with provision for incorporating loose fibres, e.g. in 	13/02	 with horizontal needles
	high-pile fabrics		
9/16	 with provision for incorporating internal threads in 	15/00	Details of, or auxiliary devices incorporated in, weft
	laid-in fabrics		knitting machines, restricted to machines of this kind
9/18	 with provision for splicing by incorporating 		(details or auxiliary devices not so restricted
	reinforcing threads		D04B 35/00)
9/20	 with provision for narrowing or widening; with 	15/02	 Loop-transfer points
	reciprocatory action, e.g. for knitting of flat portions	15/04	 for straight-bar knitting machines
9/22	 with provision for changing the fabric construction, 	15/06	 Sinkers
	e.g. from plain to rib-loop fabric	15/08	 Needle latch openers; Brushes
9/24	 with special provision for commencing goods, e.g. 	15/10	 Needle beds
<i>5,</i> - .	with non-run edges	15/12	 Shogging devices therefor
9/26	for producing patterned fabrics	15/14	Needle cylinders
9/28	with colour patterns	15/16	Driving devices for reciprocatory action
9/30	• • by striping	15/18	• Dials
		15/20	Needle bars
9/32	• • • by wrap striping	15/20	
9/34	• • • by plating		Driving devices therefor Sich selection Sich selections
9/36	 Intarsia work obtained by reciprocatory action 	15/24	Sinker heads; Sinker bars
9/38	 with stitch patterns 	15/26	 Slurcocks
9/40	 with provision for transfer of knitted goods from one 	15/28	 Needle pressers
	machine to another	15/30	 Driving devices for thread-carrier rods
9/42	 specially adapted for producing goods of particular 	15/32	 Cam systems or assemblies for operating knitting
	configuration		instruments
9/44	 elongated tubular articles of small diameter, e.g. 	15/34	 for dials
	coverings for cables (sheathing electric cables	15/36	 for flat-bed knitting machines
	H01B 13/22)	15/38	 Devices for supplying, feeding, or guiding threads to
9/46	 stockings, or portions thereof 		needles
9/48	• • non-run stockings	15/40	 Holders or supports for thread packages
9/50	• • • micromesh stockings	15/42	 Frames for assemblies of two or more reels
9/52	• • • surgical stockings	15/44	Tensioning devices for individual threads
9/54	• • welts, e.g. double or turned welts		• • • for elastic threads
9/56	 heel or toe portions 	15/46	
	-	15/48	Thread-feeding devices
9/58	• • gloves	15/50	• • • for elastic threads
11/00	Straight-bar knitting machines with fixed needles	15/52	 for straight-bar knitting machines
11/00	(flat-bed machines with independently-movable needles	15/54	 Thread guides
	D04B 7/00)	15/56	 for flat-bed knitting machines
11/02	• with one set of needles	15/58	• • • for circular knitting machines; Thread-changing
11/02	 with two sets of needles 		devices
		15/60	• • • with thread-clamping or -severing devices
11/06	 with provision for narrowing or widening to produce fully-fashioned goods 	15/61	• • • arranged within needle circle

15/62	• • • with thread knotters	23/14	 with provision for incorporating small auxiliary
15/64	 for straight-bar knitting machines 		elements, e.g. for decorative purposes
15/66	 Devices for determining or controlling patterns 	23/16	 specially adapted for producing fabrics, or article
15/68	 characterised by the knitting instruments used 	22/40	blanks, of particular form or configuration
15/70	 • in flat-bed knitting machines 	23/18	with provision for narrowing or widening
15/72	 • • in straight-bar knitting machines 	23/20	for producing stocking blanks
15/74	• • • Pattern drums	23/22	with special thread-guiding means
15/76	 Pattern wheels 	23/24	with cut needle presser arrangements to produce
15/78	 • Electrical devices 		patterns
15/80	 characterised by the thread guides used 	25/00	Warp knitting machines not otherwise provided for
15/82	 characterised by the needle cams used 	25/02	Tubular machines
15/84	 Jacquard cards or mechanisms (stamping 	25/04	Milanese machines
	apparatus therefor D03C)	25/06	Galloon crocheting machines
15/86	 • in flat-bed knitting machines 	25/08	 for producing pile fabrics
15/88	Take-up or draw-off devices for knitting products	25/10	for producing patterned fabrics
15/90	 for flat-bed knitting machines 	25/12	• • • with independently-movable weft-thread guidently-movable guidently-
15/92	• • pneumatic		controlled by Jacquard mechanisms
15/94	 Driving-gear not otherwise provided for 	25/14	 specially adapted for producing articles of
15/96	 in flat-bed knitting machines 		particular configuration
15/98	 in straight-bar knitting machines 	2=122	_ ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
15/99	 electrically controlled 	27/00	Details of, or auxiliary devices incorporated in, warp
			knitting machines, restricted to machines of this kind (details or auxiliary devices not so restricted
Donairin	g or unrevelling knitted fabrics		D04B 35/00)
керани	g or unravelling knitted fabrics	27/02	Warp-thread guides
17/00	Repairing knitted fabrics by knitting operations	27/04	Sinkers
17/02	by darning	27/04	Needle bars; Sinker bars
17/04	 by picking-up dropped stitches 	27/08	Driving devices therefor
		27/10	 Devices for supplying, feeding, or guiding threads to
19/00	Unravelling knitted fabrics	27/10	needles
		27/12	 Tensioning devices for individual threads
Morn la	itting, Machines therefor	27/14	Thread tensioning rod arrangements
warp Kii	itting; Machines therefor	27/16	Warp beams; Bearings therefor
21/00	Warp knitting processes for the production of fabrics	27/18	• • Warp beam braking devices for thread
	or articles not dependent on the use of particular		tensioning
	machines; Fabrics or articles defined by such	27/20	• • Warp beam driving devices
	processes	27/22	• • • electrically controlled
21/02	 Pile fabrics or articles having similar surface features 	27/24	Thread guide bar assemblies
21/04	 characterised by thread material 	27/26	• • Shogging devices therefor
21/06	Patterned fabrics or articles (open-work fabrics Patterned fabrics or articles)	27/28	• • • with arrangements to reduce the number of
	D04B 21/10)		members of pattern chains
21/08	characterised by thread material	27/30	 • • • with driving-gear comprising force-
21/10	Open-work fabrics		multiplication devices
21/12	characterised by thread material	27/32	 • with independently-movable thread guides
21/14	Fabrics characterised by the incorporation by Printing in the property of the printing in the printing		controlled by Jacquard mechanisms
	knitting, in one or more thread, fleece, or fabric	27/34	 Take-up or draw-off devices for knitted products
	layers, of reinforcing, binding, or decorative threads; Fabrics incorporating small auxiliary elements, e.g.	27/36	 with temples
	for decorative purposes (pile fabrics D04B 21/02;		
	non-woven fabrics in general D04H)	Consels at	and American theoretica
21/16	incorporating synthetic threads	Crocnett	ng; Apparatus therefor
21/18	incorporating elastic threads	31/00	Crocheting processes for the production of fabrics or
21/20	specially adapted for knitting articles of particular	0_,00	articles
==7=0	configuration	31/02	 Crocheted strips or threads
			•
23/00	Flat warp knitting machines	33/00	Crocheting tools or apparatus (galloon crocheting
23/02	 with two sets of needles 		machines for warp knitting D04B 25/06)
23/04	 with independently-movable knitting needles 		
23/06	 for producing fabrics consisting of, or incorporating, 		
	elastic threads	35/00	Details of, or auxiliary devices incorporated in,
23/08	with provision for incorporating pile threads	55700	knitting machines, not otherwise provided for
23/10	 for knitting through thread, fleece, or fabric layers, or 	35/02	 Knitting tools or instruments not provided for in
00//0	around elongated core material		group D04B 15/00 or D04B 27/00 (needle
23/12	with provision for incorporating unlooped wefts		manufacture B21G 1/00)

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35/04

Latch needles

 $23/12 \quad \bullet \quad \text{with provision for incorporating unlooped wefts}$ extending from selvedge to selvedge

35/06 35/08 35/10	Sliding-tongue needlesSpring or bearded needlesIndicating, warning, or safety devices, e.g. stop motions	35/32 35/34 35/36	 Devices for removing lint or fluff Devices for cutting knitted fabrics Devices for printing, coating, or napping knitted fabrics
35/12 35/14 35/16	 responsive to thread consumption responsive to thread breakage with detectors associated with a series of threads 	37/00	Auxiliary apparatus or devices for use with knitting machines (Jacquard cards, pattern chains, apparatus for punching same D03C)
35/18 35/20	 responsive to breakage, misplacement, or malfunctioning of knitting instruments responsive to defects, e.g. holes in knitted products 	37/02 37/04 37/06	 with weft knitting machines for inserting or adjusting pattern pins or like elements in pattern drums or wheels with warp knitting machines
35/22 35/24 35/26 35/28 35/30	 Devices for preparatory treatment of threads by moistening or lubricating by heating Devices for lubricating machine parts (in general F16N) Devices for controlling temperature of machine parts 	39/00 39/02 39/04 39/06 39/08	 Knitting processes, apparatus or machines, not otherwise provided for with work carrier in screw form adapted for combined weft and warp knitting adapted for combined knitting and weaving Sewing machines modified for knitting

BRAIDING OR MANUFACTURE OF LACE, INCLUDING BOBBIN-NET OR CARBONISED LACE; BRAIDING MACHINES; BRAID; LACE (machines for making soles from strips of material A43D 29/00; cane working B27J 1/00)

1/00	Braid or lace, e.g. pillow-lace; Processes for the	3/34	Beater or beat-up mechanisms
1/00	manufacture thereof	3/36	Frames
1/02	 made from particular materials 	3/38	Driving-gear; Starting or stopping mechanisms
1/04	Carbonised or like lace	3/40	for making tubular braids by circulating strand
1/06	Braid or lace serving particular purposes	37.10	supplies around braiding centre at equal distances
1/08	• • Tulle fabrics	3/42	with means for forming sheds by controlling
1/10	Pattern tulle fabrics		guides for individual threads
1/12	Cords, lines, or tows	3/44	• • with means for forming sheds by subsequently diverting various threads using the same guiding
3/00	Braiding or lacing machines		means
3/02	 with spool carriers guided by track plates or by 	3/46	 with thread carriers supported on rolls
	bobbin heads exclusively	3/48	 Auxiliary devices
3/04	with spool carriers guided and reciprocating in	5/00	Twist or bobbin-net lace-making machines (bobbins
2.406	non-endless paths	3/00	B65H 75/02)
3/06	 with spool carriers moving always in the same direction in endless paths 	5/02	Net looms for tulle fabrics
3/08	with means for superimposing threads or braids	5/04	Net or lace curtain machines
3/10	 with means for forming edge loops, ears, or eyes 	5/06	Machines for making twist-lace fabrics
3/12	 with means for introducing core threads 	5/08	Bobbin carriages
3/14	Spool carriers	5/10	Bobbin-carriage guides; Drives for swinging bobbin
3/14	for horizontal spools	0, 20	carriages
3/18	• • for vertical spools	5/12	 Drives for advancing bobbin carriages
3/20	Arrangement of bobbin heads and guides or track	5/14	Pattern input
3/20	plates in the machine	5/16	Warp thread feeding or guiding devices
3/22	 Guides or track plates (with means for controlling spool carriers D04C 3/24) 	5/18	• • Guide bars; Guiding means therefor; Pattern input by control thereof
3/24	Devices for controlling spool carriers to obtain	5/20	 Jacks or pickers; Pattern input by control thereof
	patterns, e.g. devices on guides or track plates	5/22	Delivery devices
3/26	• • • by stopping bobbin heads	5/24	 Driving-gear; Starting or stopping mechanisms
3/28	 • by stopping only the spool carrier 	5/26	Auxiliary devices
3/30 3/32	• • by controlling switches of guides or track plates• Pattern input	7/00	Tools or apparatus for braiding or lacing by hand

TRIMMINGS; RIBBONS, TAPES, OR BANDS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (fittings or trimmings for hats, e.g. hat bands, A42C 5/00; decorating art B44; yarns or threads D02G; weaving D03; braid or lace D04C; non-woven fabrics D04H)

Note(s)

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

• "trimmings" means decorative or ornamental articles made wholly or partly of textile or analogous material, or strips of textile or analogous material intended to be used for decorative or ornamental purposes, not otherwise provided for.

1/00	Ropes or like decorative or ornamental elongated trimmings made from filamentary material (ropes or cords in general D07B) • by twisting strands around centrally arranged cores	7/06 7/08 7/10	 Ball-like tufts, e.g. pompons Tassels or tasselled fringes Decorative bow structures (neckties with readymade knots or bows A41D 25/02)
1/04	 by threading or stringing pearls or beads on filamentary material 	9/00	Ribbons, tapes, welts, bands, beadings, or other decorative or ornamental strips, not otherwise
3/00	Chenille trimmings (chenille yarns D02G; making chenille trimmings by weaving D03D)		provided for (made by laminating B32B; binders for packaging purposes B65D; adhesive tape C09J 7/02; made by weaving D03; made by braiding D04C)
5/00	Fringes (tasselled D04D 7/08)	9/02	 made by lengthwise folding of fabric strip
7/00 7/02	Decorative or ornamental textile articlesFlat articles	9/04 9/06	built-up from several strips or elementsmade by working plastics
7/04	 Three-dimensional articles (ornamental buttons A44B 1/04) 	11/00	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Ribbon-threading apparatus or devices} \ (\text{needles} \\ \text{D05B}) \end{array}$

MAKING NETS BY KNOTTING OF FILAMENTARY MATERIAL; MAKING KNOTTED CARPETS OR TAPESTRIES; KNOTTING NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (binding knotters for harvesters A01D 59/04; wire netting B21F; tying articles by knotting B65B; knotting in association with winding or unwinding B65H 69/00; knotting in weaving D03J; making nets, carpets, or tapestries by other techniques, <u>see</u> the relevant subclasses)

1/00	Making nets by knotting of filamentary material	3/00	Making knotted carpets or tapestries
1/02	 in machines 	3/02	 by hand; Tools therefor
1/04	 using a single thread 	3/04	 in machines
1/06	 using a single thread and a series of threads 	=	
1/08	using two series of threads	5/00	Knotting not otherwise provided for

MAKING TEXTILE FABRICS, e.g. FROM FIBRES OR FILAMENTARY MATERIAL (weaving D03; knitting D04B; braiding D04C; net-making D04G; sewing D05B; tufting D05C; finishing non-woven fabrics D06); FABRICS MADE BY SUCH PROCESSES OR APPARATUS, e.g. FELTS, NON-WOVEN FABRICS; COTTON-WOOL; WADDING (non-woven fabrics having an intermediate or external layer of a different kind, e.g. of woven fabric, B32B)

Note(s)

- 1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
 - "non-woven fabrics" means fabrics formed wholly or partly of textile material by processes comprising operations other than the weaving, knitting, braiding, lacing or knotting of yarns, threads or filaments for which provision is made in other subclasses of section D. This expression includes felts, cotton-wool and wadding;
 - "fibre" means a relatively-short, elongated member of natural or man-made material;
 - "filament" means an endless or quasi-endless, elongated member of natural or man-made material;
 - "yarn" means a unitary assembly of fibres, usually produced by spinning;
 - "thread" means an assembly of yarns or filaments, usually produced by twisting;
 - "synthetic" fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments or the like manufactured from synthesising polymers or small molecules. Examples are polyamide, acrylic, polyester or carbon fibres;
 - "artificial" fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments or the like manufactured by man from natural polymers or their derivatives. Examples are regenerated cellulosic fibres or semi-synthetic fibres;
 - "man-made" fibres or filaments means fibres or filaments which are manufactured by man including "synthetic" or "artificial" fibres.
- In this subclass:
 - some of the non-woven fabrics can also be regarded as "layered products" within the meaning of subclass B32B, and further classification in that subclass should be considered in accordance with the notes thereto;
 - in cases where the making of non-woven fabrics involves the use of particular chemical compounds or compositions, e.g. for treating or bonding fibres, filaments or yarns, further classification in other appropriate subclasses should also be considered.
- 3. By varying the proportions of fibres or threads, and the chemical compounds or compositions, the final products may be given the appearance of paper, cardboard, leather or the like.

Subclass index

TYPES AND CONSTRUCTIONAL FEATURES OF NON-WOVEN FABRICS; APPARATUS AND
PROCESSES FOR PRODUCING THEM

From short fibres; from long fibres; from mixture of short and long fibres)
Pile fabrics	

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	non-woven fabrics	
FELTING	APPARATUS; NEEDLING MACHINES	17/00, 18/00
	types of non-woven fabrics; Apparatus or processes	1/435 • • • Polyesters [2012.01]
<u>for makiı</u>	ng such products	1/4358 • • • Polyurethanes [2012.01]
1/00	Non-woven fabrics formed wholly or mainly of staple	1/4366 • • • • Phenol series [2012.01]
	fibres or like relatively short fibres	1/4374 • • • using different kinds of webs, e.g. by layering webs [2012.01]
1/02	Cotton wool; Wadding	1/4382 • • • Stretched reticular film fibres; Composite
1/04	from fleeces or layers composed of fibres having	fibres; Mixed fibres; Ultrafine fibres; Fibres for
	existing or potential cohesive properties, e.g. natural fibres, prestretched or fibrillated man-made fibres	artificial leather [2012.01]
	(felting apparatus D04H 17/00) [1, 2012.01]	1/4391 • • • characterised by the shape of the
1/06	 by treatment to produce shrinking, swelling, 	fibres [2012.01] 1/44 • the fleeces or layers being consolidated by
	crimping or curling of fibres [1, 2012.01]	mechanical means, e.g. by rolling
1/067	• • • Regenerated cellulose series [2012.01]	1/45 • • by forming intermeshing loops or stitches from
1/073 1/08	• Acrylonitrile series [2012.01]• and hardened by felting; Felts or felted	some of the fibres [4]
1/00	products [1, 2012.01]	1/46 • • • by needling or like operations to cause
1/09	• • • Silk [2012.01]	entanglement of fibres (D04H 1/45 takes precedence; needling machines
1/10	• • • Felts made from mixtures of fibres	D04H 18/00) [4, 2012.01]
1/12	• • • and incorporating man-made organic fibres	1/48 • • • in combination with at least one other
1/14	• • • and incorporating inorganic fibres	method of consolidation [1, 2012.01]
1/16	 Laminated felts in which the separate layers are united by a felting process 	1/482 · · · · in combination with shrinkage [2012.01] 1/485 · · · · in combination with weld-
1/20	Felts incorporating inserts or attachments, e.g.	bonding [2012.01]
	for ornamental purposes	1/488 • • • • in combination with bonding
1/22	• • • Three-dimensional articles formed by felting	agents [2012.01]
1 /2 4	processes	1/49 • • • • entanglement by fluid jet in combination
1/24 1/26	 • Covers felted on to three-dimensional articles • Wood pulp [2012.01]	with another consolidation means [2012.01]
1/28	• • Regenerated cellulose series [2012.01]	1/492 • • • by fluid jet (D04H 1/49 takes
1/30	• • Collagen [2012.01]	precedence) [2012.01]
1/32	• • Synthetic pulp [2012.01]	1/495 • • • • for formation of patterns, e.g. drilling
1/40	• from fleeces or layers composed of fibres without	or rearrangement [2012.01] 1/498 • • • • entanglement of layered webs [2012.01]
1 / 407	existing or potential cohesive properties [1, 2012.01]containing absorbing substances, e.g. activated	1/50 • • • by treatment to produce shrinking, swelling,
1/40/	carbon [2012.01]	crimping or curling of fibres (in combination
1/413	containing granules other than absorbent	with needling D04H 1/482) [1, 2012.01]
	substances [2012.01]	1/52 • • • by applying or inserting filamentary binding elements
1/42	• • characterised by the use of certain kinds of fibres	1/54 • • by welding together the fibres, e.g. by partially
	insofar as this use has no preponderant influence on the consolidation of the fleece [1, 2012.01]	melting or dissolving (in combination with
1/4209	• • Inorganic fibres [2012.01]	needling D04H 1/485) [1, 2012.01]
	3 • • • • Glass fibres [2012.01]	1/541 • • • Composite fibres e.g. sheath-core, sea-island
1/4226	6 • • • • characterised by the apparatus for	or side-by-side; Mixed fibres [2012.01] 1/542 • • • Adhesive fibres [2012.01]
	manufacturing the glass fleece [2012.01]	1/544 • • • • Olefin series [2012.01]
	• • • • Metal fibres [2012.01]	1/545 • • • • Polyvinyl alcohol [2012.01]
	2 • • • Carbon fibres [2012.01] • • Cellulose series [2012.01]	1/546 • • • Polyvinyl acetate [2012.01]
	3 · · · Regenerated cellulose series [2012.01]	1/548 • • • • Acrylonitrile series [2012.01]
	5 • • • Natural fibres not provided for in group	1/549 • • • Polyamides [2012.01]
	D04H 1/425 [2012.01]	1/55 • • • • Polyesters [2012.01]
	• • • Rags; Fabric scraps [2012.01]	1/551 • • • • Resins thereof not provided for in groups D04H 1/544-D04H 1/55 [2012.01]
	2 • • • Addition polymers [2012.01]	1/552 • • • by applying solvents or auxiliary
	Olefin series [2012.01]Acrylonitrile series [2012.01]	agents [2012.01]
	• • • Polyvinyl alcohol [2012.01]	1/554 • • • by radio-frequency heating [2012.01]
	8 • • • • Fluorine series [2012.01]	1/555 • • • by ultrasonic heating [2012.01]
	• • • Condensation or reaction polymers [2012.01]	1/556 • • • by infrared heating [2012.01]

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1/4334 • • • Polyamides **[2012.01]**

6

1/4342 • • • • Aromatic polyamides **[2012.01]**

• • • in combination with mechanical or physical

1/559 • • • the fibres being within layered webs **[2012.01]**

treatments other than embossing [2012.01]

1/56	• • • in association with fibre formation, e.g. immediately following extrusion of staple	3/07	 otherwise than in a plane, e.g. in a tubular way [1, 2012.01]
	fibres	3/073	 Hollow cylinder shaped [2012.01]
1/58	 by applying, incorporating or activating chemical 	3/077	• • • Stick, rod or solid cylinder shaped [2012.01]
	or thermoplastic bonding agents, e.g. adhesives (in combination with needling	3/08	 characterised by the method of strengthening or consolidating
	D04H 1/488) [1, 2012.01]	3/10	with bonds between yarns or filaments made
1/587	 characterised by the bonding agents 		mechanically [1, 2012.01]
	used [2012.01]	3/105	 • • by needling (needling machines
1/593	• • • to layered webs [2012.01]		D04H 18/00) [2012.01]
1/60	 the bonding agent being applied in dry state, 	3/11	• • • by fluid jet [2012.01]
	e.g. thermo-activatable agents in solid or	3/115	 • • by applying or inserting filamentary binding
	molten state, and heat being applied		elements [2012.01]
1 /60	subsequently	3/12	 with filaments or yarns secured together by
1/62	• • • at spaced points or locations		chemical or thermo-activatable bonding agents,
1/64	• • • the bonding agent being applied in wet state,		e.g. adhesives, applied or incorporated in liquid or
	e.g. chemical agents in dispersions or solutions [1, 2012.01]		solid form
1/645	• • • Impregnation followed by a solidification	3/14	with bonds between thermoplastic yarns or
1/043	process [2012.01]		filaments produced by welding [1, 2012.01]
1/65	• • • using mixed or composite	3/147	• • • Composite yarns or filaments [2012.01]
1/05	fibres [2012.01]	3/153	• • • Mixed yarns or filaments [2012.01]
1/655	• • • characterised by the apparatus for applying	3/16	• • • with bonds between thermoplastic filaments
17000	bonding agents [2012.01]		produced in association with filament
1/66	• • • at spaced points or locations		formation, e.g. immediately following extrusion [4]
	(D04H 1/68 takes precedence) [1, 2012.01]		extrusion [4]
1/68	• • • the bonding agent being applied in the form	5/00	Non woven fabrics formed of mixtures of relatively
	of foam [1, 2012.01]		short fibres and yarns or like filamentary material of
1/70	 characterised by the method of forming fleeces or 		substantial length [1, 2012.01]
	layers, e.g. reorientation of fibres [4, 2012.01]	5/02	 strengthened or consolidated by mechanical methods,
1/72	 the fibres being randomly arranged [1, 2012.01] 		e.g. needling (needling machines
1/724	 forming webs during fibre formation, e.g. flash- 		D04H 18/00) [1, 2012.01]
	spinning [2012.01]	5/03	• • by fluid jet [2012.01]
1/728	• • • by electro-spinning [2012.01]	5/04	strengthened or consolidated by applying or
1/732	• • • by fluid current, e.g. air-lay [2012.01]		incorporating chemical or thermo-activatable bonding agents in solid or liquid form
1/736	• • characterised by the apparatus for arranging	F /06	
	fibres (D04H 1/728, D04H 1/732 take	5/06	 strengthened or consolidated by welding-together thermoplastic fibres, filaments, or yarns
4 /54	precedence) [2012.01]	5/08	 characterised by the method of forming fleeces or
1/74	the fibres being orientated, e.g. in parallel	3700	layers, e.g. reorientation of fibres or
1/76	 otherwise than in a plane, e.g. in a tubular way [2012.01] 		yarns [4, 2012.01]
	way [2012:01]	5/10	otherwise than in a plane, e.g. in a tubular
3/00	Non woven fabrics formed wholly or mainly of yarns		way [2012.01]
	or like filamentary material of substantial	5/12	• Glass fibres [2012.01]
	length [1, 2012.01]		
3/002	 Inorganic yarns or filaments [2012.01] 	11/00	Non-woven pile fabrics (layered products forming non-
3/004	• • Glass yarns or filaments [2012.01]	11/04	woven pile fabrics B32B)formed by zig-zag folding of a fleece or layer of
3/005	• Synthetic yarns or filaments (D04H 3/013 takes	11/04	staple fibres, filaments, or yarns, strengthened or
	precedence) [2012.01]		consolidated at the folds
	• • Addition polymers [2012.01]	11/08	 formed by creation of a pile on at least one surface of
	• • Condensation or reaction polymers [2012.01]	11/00	a non-woven fabric without addition of pile-forming
	• • • Polyesters [2012.01]		material, e.g. by needling, by differential shrinking
	Regenerated cellulose series [2012.01]		(needling machines D04H 18/00)
	Natural yarns or filaments [2012.01]	40.00	
3/016	• characterised by the fineness [2012.01]	13/00	Other non-woven fabrics
3/018	• characterised by the shape [2012.01]	13/02	Production of non-woven fabrics by partial defibrillating of oriented thermoplestics films [4].
3/02	characterised by the method of forming fleeces or		defibrillating of oriented thermoplastics films [4]
D / 22	layers, e.g. reorientation of yarns or filaments [4]		
3/03	• • at random [1, 2012.01]		
3/033	• • reorientation immediately after yarn or filament	17/00	Felting apparatus
2/025	formation [2012.01]	17/10	for felting between rollers, e.g. heated rollers
	• • reorientation by liquid [2012.01]	17/12	Multi-roller apparatus
3/04	• in rectilinear paths, e.g. crossing at right		
2/045	angles [1, 2012.01]	18/00	Needling machines [1, 2012.01]
3/045	• • • for net manufacturing [2012.01]	18/02	 with needles [2012.01]
	• • in another pattern, e.g. zig-zag, sinusoidal	10/04	

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 $3/05 \quad \bullet \quad \text{in another pattern, e.g. zig-zag, sinusoidal}$

18/04 • with water jets **[2012.01]**