

SECTION D — TEXTILES; PAPER

D21 PAPER-MAKING; PRODUCTION OF CELLULOSE

D21B FIBROUS RAW MATERIALS OR THEIR MECHANICAL TREATMENT

1/00	Fibrous raw materials or their mechanical treatment (beaters D21D 1/00)	1/16	• • • •	in the presence of chemical agents
		1/18	• • • •	in magazine-type machines
1/02	• Pretreatment of the raw materials by physical or chemical means (removal of bark B27L)	1/20	• • • •	• with chain feed
1/04	• by dividing raw materials into small particles, e.g. fibres (breaking-up or cutting wood or the like by dry methods B27L; disintegrating peat C10F 7/02; obtaining fibres mechanically for spinning from rags, peat, or the like D01B)	1/22	• • • •	• with screw feed
		1/24	• • • •	• of the pocket type
1/06	• • by dry methods	1/26	• • • •	Driving or feeding arrangements
1/08	• • • the raw material being waste paper; the raw material being rags	1/28	• • • •	Dressers for mill stones, combined with the mill
1/10	• • • • by cutting actions	1/30	• • • •	Defibrating by other means
1/12	• • by wet methods, by the use of steam	1/32	• • • •	of waste paper
1/14	• • • Disintegrating in mills (in general B02C)	1/34	• • • •	Kneading or mixing; Pulpers
		1/36	• • • •	Explosive disintegration by sudden pressure reduction
		1/38	•	Conserving the finely-divided cellulosic material