

## **Working Group on the Development of the Lisbon System (Appellations of Origin)**

**Tenth Session  
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### **DRAFT REGULATIONS UNDER THE DRAFT REVISED LISBON AGREEMENT**

*prepared by the Secretariat*

1. The Annex to the present document sets out the draft regulations (“Draft Regulations”) under the Draft Revised Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications, the text of which is contained in document LI/WG/DEV/10/2.

2. Notes explaining the various provisions of the Draft Regulations are contained in document LI/WG/DEV/10/5.

3. The Draft Regulations are modeled on the Regulations under the Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin and their International Registration (“Lisbon Regulations”), adapted, as necessary, to the Draft Revised Lisbon Agreement.

4. *The Working Group is invited to comment on the various provisions of the Draft Regulations.*

[Annex follows]

DRAFT REGULATIONS UNDER THE DRAFT [REVISED LISBON AGREEMENT ON  
APPELLATIONS OF ORIGIN AND GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS]

List of Rules

*Chapter I: Introductory and General Provisions*

- Rule 1: Abbreviated Expressions
- Rule 2: Calculation of Time Limits
- Rule 3: Working Languages
- Rule 4: Competent Authority

*Chapter II: Application and International Registration*

- Rule 5: Requirements Concerning the Application
- Rule 6: Irregular Applications
- Rule 7: Entry in the International Register
- Rule 8: Fees

*Chapter III: Refusal and Other Actions in Respect of International Registration*

- Rule 9: Refusal
- Rule 10: Irregular Notification of Refusal
- Rule 11: Withdrawal of Refusal
- Rule 12: Notification of Grant of Protection
- Rule 13: Notification of Invalidation of the Effects of an International Registration in a Contracting Party
- Rule 14: Notification of Transitional Period Granted to Third Parties
- Rule 15: Modifications
- Rule 16: Renunciation of Protection
- Rule 17: Cancellation of an International Registration
- Rule 18: Corrections Made to the International Register

*Chapter IV: Miscellaneous Provisions*

- Rule 19: Publication
- Rule 20: Extracts from the International Register and Other Information Provided by the International Bureau
- Rule 21: Signature
- Rule 22: Date of Dispatch of Various Communications
- Rule 23: Modes of Notification by the International Bureau
- Rule 24: Administrative Instructions

## **Chapter I** **Introductory and General Provisions**

### **Rule 1** Abbreviated Expressions

For the purposes of these Regulations, unless expressly stated otherwise:

- (i) abbreviated expressions defined in Article 1 shall have the same meaning in these Regulations;
- (ii) “Rule” refers to a rule of these Regulations;
- (iii) “Administrative Instructions” means the Administrative Instructions referred to in Rule 24;
- (iv) “Official Form” means a form drawn up by the International Bureau.

### **Rule 2** Calculation of Time Limits

- (1) *[Periods Expressed in Years]* A period expressed in years shall expire in the subsequent year on the same day and month as the day and month of the event from which the period starts to run, except that, where the event occurred on February 29, the period shall expire on February 28 of the subsequent year.
- (2) *[Periods Expressed in Months]* A period expressed in months shall expire in the relevant subsequent month on the same day as the day of the event from which the period starts to run, except that, where the relevant subsequent month has no day with the same number, the period shall expire on the last day of that month.
- (3) *[Expiry on a Day Which Is Not a Working Day for the International Bureau or a Competent Authority]* If the period of a time limit applying to the International Bureau or a Competent Authority expires on a day which is not a working day for the International Bureau or a Competent Authority, the period shall, notwithstanding paragraphs (1) and (2), expire for the International Bureau or the Competent Authority, as the case may be, on the first subsequent working day.

### **Rule 3** Working Languages

- (1) *[Application]* The application shall be in English, French or Spanish.
- (2) *[Communications Subsequent to the International Application]* Any communication concerning an application or an international registration shall be in English, French or Spanish, at the choice of the Competent Authority concerned or, in the case of Article 5(3), at the choice of the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii). Any translation needed for the purposes of these procedures shall be made by the International Bureau.
- (3) *[Entries in the International Register and Publication]* Entries in the International Register and publication of such entries by the International Bureau shall be in English, French and Spanish. The translations needed for those purposes shall be made by the International Bureau. However, the International Bureau shall not translate the appellation of origin or the geographical indication.

(4) *[Transliteration of the Appellation of Origin or Geographical Indication]* Where the application contains a transliteration of the appellation of origin or the geographical indication in accordance with Rule 5(2)(b), the International Bureau shall not check whether the transliteration is correct.

#### **Rule 4** Competent Authority

(1) *[Notification to the International Bureau]* Upon accession, each Contracting Party shall notify the International Bureau of the name and contact details of its Competent Authority, i.e. the authority it has designated to present applications and other notifications to, and receive notifications from, the International Bureau. In addition, such Competent Authority shall make available information on the applicable procedures in the Contracting Party for the enforcement of rights in appellations of origin and geographical indications.

(2) *[One Authority or Different Authorities]* The notification referred to in paragraph (1) shall, preferably, indicate a single Competent Authority. When a Contracting Party notifies different Competent Authorities, this notification shall clearly indicate their respective competence in respect of the presentation of applications to, and the receipt of notifications from, the International Bureau.

(3) *[Modifications]* Contracting Parties shall notify the International Bureau of any change in the particulars referred to in paragraph (1). However, the International Bureau may *ex officio* take cognizance of a change in the absence of a notification where it has clear indications that such a change has taken place.

## **Chapter II** **Application and International Registration**

### **Rule 5** Requirements Concerning the Application

(1) *[Filing]* The application shall be filed with the International Bureau on the Official Form provided to that end and shall be signed by the Competent Authority presenting it or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii).

(2) *[Application – Mandatory Contents]* (a) The application shall indicate:

(i) the Contracting Party of Origin;

(ii) the Competent Authority presenting the application or, in the case of Article 5(3) [or Article 5(4)(b)], details identifying the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii);

(iii) the beneficiaries, designated collectively or, where collective designation is not possible, by name;

(iv) the appellation of origin or the geographical indication for which registration is sought, in the official language of the Contracting Party of Origin or, where the Contracting Party of Origin has more than one official language, in the official language or languages in which the appellation of origin or the geographical indication is contained in the registration, act or decision, by virtue of which protection is granted in the Contracting Party of Origin<sup>1</sup>;

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<sup>1</sup> The application of Rule 5(2)(a)(iv) and Rule 5(2)(b) is subject to the provisions of Rule 3(3) and (4).

(v) the good or goods to which the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, applies, as precisely as possible;

(vi) the geographical area of origin or the geographical area of production of the good or goods;

(vii) the identifying details, including the date of the registration, the legislative or administrative act, or the judicial or administrative decision, by virtue of which protection is granted to the appellation of origin, or to the geographical indication, in the Contracting Party of Origin.

(b) If they are not in Latin characters, the application shall include a transliteration of the names of the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), of the geographical area of origin, and of the appellation of origin or the geographical indication for which registration is sought. The transliteration shall use the phonetics of the language of the application<sup>1</sup>.

(c) The application shall be accompanied by the registration fee and any other fees, as specified in Rule 8.

(3) *[Application – Particulars Concerning the Quality, Reputation or Characteristic(s)]* The application [shall] [may] further indicate particulars concerning, in the case of an appellation of origin, the quality or characteristics of the good and its connection with the geographical environment of the geographical area of production, and, in the case of a geographical indication, the quality, reputation or other characteristic of the good and its connection with the geographical area of origin. This information shall be provided in a working language, but shall not be translated by the International Bureau.

[(4) *[Application – Signature and/or Intention to Use]* (a) To the extent that a Contracting Party requires that for protection of a registered appellation of origin or geographical indication under its trademark law, the application be signed by the owner or the one entitled to use the appellation of origin or geographical indication and/or be accompanied by a declaration of intention to use the registered appellation of origin or geographical indication in its territory, it shall notify that requirement to the Director General.

(b) An application that is not signed by the owner or the one entitled to use the appellation of origin or geographical indication or that is not accompanied by a declaration of intention to use shall have the effect that protection is renounced in respect of the Contracting Party requiring such signature and/or such declaration.]

(5) *[Application – Optional Contents]* The application may indicate or contain:

(i) the addresses of the beneficiaries;

[(ii) a statement to the effect that protection is not claimed for certain elements of the appellation of origin or the geographical indication;]

(iii) a declaration that protection is renounced in one or more Contracting Parties;

(iv) a copy in the original language of the registration, the legislative or administrative act, or the judicial or administrative decision, by virtue of which protection is granted to the appellation of origin or the geographical indication in the Contracting Party of Origin.

## **Rule 6** Irregular Applications

(1) *[Examination of the Application and Correction of Irregularities]* (a) Subject to paragraph (2), if the International Bureau finds that an application does not satisfy the conditions set out in Rule 3(1) or Rule 5, it shall defer registration and invite the Competent Authority or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), to

remedy the irregularity found within a period of three months from the date on which the invitation was sent.

(b) If the irregularity found is not corrected within two months of the date of the invitation referred to in subparagraph (a), the International Bureau shall send a reminder of its invitation. The sending of such a reminder shall have no effect on the three-month period referred to in subparagraph (a).

(c) If the correction of the irregularity is not received by the International Bureau within the three-month period referred to in subparagraph (a), the application shall be rejected by the International Bureau, which shall inform the Competent Authority or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority, accordingly.

(d) Where, in accordance with subparagraph (c), the application is rejected, the International Bureau shall refund the fees paid in respect of the application, after deduction of an amount corresponding to half the registration fee referred to in Rule 8.

(2) *[Application Not Considered as Such]* If the application is not filed by the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), it shall not be considered as such by the International Bureau and shall be returned to the sender.

## Rule 7

### Entry in the International Register

(1) *[Registration]* (a) Where the International Bureau finds that the application satisfies the conditions set out in Rules 3(1) and 5, it shall enter the appellation of origin or the geographical indication in the International Register.

(b) Where the application is also governed by the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act, the International Bureau shall enter the appellation of origin in the International Register if it finds that the application satisfies the conditions set out in Rules 3(1) and 5 of the Regulations that apply in respect of the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act.

(c) The International Bureau shall indicate per Contracting Party whether the international registration is governed by this Act or by the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act.

(2) *[Contents of the Registration]* The international registration shall contain or indicate:

- (i) all the particulars given in the application;
- (ii) the language in which the International Bureau received the application;
- (iii) the number of the international registration;
- (iv) the date of the international registration.

(3) *[Certificate and Notification]* The International Bureau shall:

(i) send a certificate of international registration to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), to the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) that requested the registration; and

(ii) notify the international registration to the Competent Authority of each Contracting Party.

(4) *[Implementation of Article 31(1)]* (a) In case of the ratification of, or accession to, this Act by a State that is party to the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act, Rule 5(2) to (5) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* with regard to international registrations of appellations of origin effective under the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act in respect of that State. The International Bureau shall verify with the Competent Authority concerned any modifications to be made, in view of the requirements of Rules 3(1) and 5, for the purpose of their registration under this Act and notify

international registrations thus effected to all other Contracting Parties. Modifications shall be subject to payment of the fee specified in Rule 8(1)(ii).

(b) Any Contracting Party that is also party to the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act shall, upon receipt of a notification under subparagraph (a), protect the appellation of origin concerned thenceforth under this Act, subject to any declaration of refusal or notification of invalidation that the Contracting Party had issued in respect of the appellation of origin under the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act, which shall remain effective under this Act, unless the Contracting Party indicates otherwise. Any period granted under Article 5(6) of the Lisbon Agreement or the 1967 Act and still effective at the time the notification under subparagraph (a) is received shall, for its remainder, be subject to the provisions of Article 17.

## Rule 8

### Fees

(1) *[Amount of Fees]* The International Bureau shall collect the following fees, payable in Swiss francs:

(i) fee for international registration	[500]
(ii) fee for each modification of an international registration	[200]
(iii) fee for providing an extract from the International Register	[90]
(iv) fee for providing an attestation or any other written information concerning the contents of the International Register	[80]
[(v) individual fees as referred to in paragraph (2)]	

[(2) *[Establishment of the Amount of Individual Fees]* (a) Where a Contracting Party makes a declaration as referred to in Article 7(5) that it wants to receive an individual fee, as referred to in that provision, the amount of such fee shall be indicated in the currency used by the Competent Authority.

(b) Where the fee is indicated in the declaration referred to in subparagraph (a) in a currency other than Swiss currency, the Director General shall, after consultation with the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party, establish the amount of the fee in Swiss currency on the basis of the official exchange rate of the United Nations.

(c) Where, for more than three consecutive months, the official exchange rate of the United Nations between the Swiss currency and the currency in which the amount of an individual fee has been indicated by a Contracting Party is higher or lower by at least 5% than the last exchange rate applied to establish the amount of the fee in Swiss currency, the Competent Authority of that Contracting Party may ask the Director General to establish a new amount of the fee in Swiss currency according to the official exchange rate of the United Nations prevailing on the day preceding the day on which the request is made. The Director General shall proceed accordingly. The new amount shall be applicable as from a date which shall be fixed by the Director General, provided that such date is between one and two months after the date of the publication of the said amount on the website of the Organization.

(d) Where, for more than three consecutive months, the official exchange rate of the United Nations between the Swiss currency and the currency in which the amount of an individual fee has been indicated by a Contracting Party is lower by at least 10% than the last exchange rate applied to establish the amount of the fee in Swiss currency, the Director General shall establish a new amount of the fee in Swiss currency according to the current official exchange rate of the United Nations. The new amount shall be applicable as from a date which shall be fixed by the Director General, provided that such date is between one and two months after the date of the publication of the said amount on the web site of the Organization.

- (3) *[Crediting of Individual Fees to the Accounts of the Contracting Parties Concerned]* Any individual fee paid to the International Bureau in respect of a Contracting Party shall be credited to the account of that Contracting Party with the International Bureau within the month following the month in the course of which the recording of the international registration for which that fee has been paid was effected.]
- (4) *[Obligation to Use Swiss Currency]* All payments made under these Regulations to the International Bureau shall be in Swiss currency irrespective of the fact that, where the fees are paid through the Competent Authority, such Competent Authority may have collected those fees in another currency.
- (5) *[Payment]* (a) Subject to subparagraph (b), the fees shall be paid directly to the International Bureau.  
(b) The fees payable in connection with an application may be paid through the Competent Authority if the Competent Authority accepts to collect and forward such fees and the beneficiaries so wish. Any Competent Authority which accepts to collect and forward such fees shall notify that fact to the Director General.
- (6) *[Modes of Payment]* Fees shall be paid to the International Bureau in accordance with the Administrative Instructions.
- (7) *[Indications Accompanying the Payment]* At the time of the payment of any fee to the International Bureau, an indication must be given of the appellation of origin or the geographical indication concerned and the purpose of the payment.
- (8) *[Date of Payment]* (a) Subject to subparagraph (b), any fee shall be considered to have been paid to the International Bureau on the day on which the International Bureau receives the required amount.  
(b) Where the required amount is available in an account opened with the International Bureau and that Bureau has received instructions from the holder of the account to debit it, the fee shall be considered to have been paid to the International Bureau on the day on which the International Bureau receives an application or a request for the recording of a modification.
- (9) *[Change in the Amount of the Fees]* Where the amount of any fee is changed, the amount valid on the date on which the fee was received by the International Bureau shall be applicable.

### **Chapter III**

#### **Refusal and Other Actions in Respect of International Registration**

##### **Rule 9**

##### **Refusal**

- (1) *[Notification to the International Bureau]* (a) A refusal shall be notified to the International Bureau by the Competent Authority of the concerned Contracting Party and shall be signed by that Competent Authority.  
(b) The refusal shall be notified within a period of one year from the receipt of the notification of international registration under Article 6(4). In the case of Article 29(4), this time limit may be extended by another year.



- (2) *[Contents of the Notification of Refusal]* A notification of refusal shall indicate or contain:
- (i) the Competent Authority notifying the refusal;
  - (ii) the number of the relevant international registration, preferably accompanied by further information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin or the indication constituting the geographical indication;
  - (iii) the grounds on which the refusal is based;
  - (iv) where the refusal is based on the existence of a prior right, as referred to in Article 13, the essential particulars of that prior right and, in particular, if it is constituted by a national, regional or international trademark application or registration, the date and number of such application or registration, the priority date (where appropriate), the name and address of the holder, a reproduction of the trademark, together with the list of relevant goods and services given in the trademark application or registration, it being understood that the list may be submitted in the language of the said application or registration;
  - [(v) in case of a partial refusal based on coexistence with a prior right, item (iv) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* in respect of such coexistence<sup>2</sup>;
  - (vi) where the refusal concerns only certain elements of the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, an indication of the elements that it concerns;
  - (vii) the judicial or administrative remedies available to contest the refusal, together with the applicable time limits.

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notifications by the International Bureau]* Subject to Rule 10(1), the International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any refusal, together with the date on which the notification of refusal was sent to the International Bureau, and shall communicate a copy of the notification of refusal to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

## Rule 10

### Irregular Notification of Refusal

- (1) *[Declaration of Refusal Not Considered as Such]* (a) A notification of refusal shall not be considered as such by the International Bureau:
- (i) if it does not indicate the number of the international registration concerned, unless other information given in the declaration enables the registration to be identified without ambiguity;
  - (ii) if it does not indicate any ground for refusal;
  - (iii) if it is sent to the International Bureau after the expiry of the relevant time limit referred to in Rule 9(1);
  - (iv) if it is not notified to the International Bureau by the Competent Authority.
- (b) Where subparagraph (a) applies, the International Bureau shall inform the Competent Authority that submitted the notification of refusal that the refusal is not considered as such by the International Bureau and has not been entered in the International Register, shall state the reasons therefore and shall, unless it is unable to identify the international registration concerned, communicate a copy of the notification of refusal to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the

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<sup>2</sup> In the case of a partial refusal based on such coexistence with an appellation of origin, or a geographical indication, previously recorded in the International Register, the International Bureau shall supplement the International Register by entering cross-references between the two international registrations. Paragraph (3) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* with regard to the modification of the previously recorded international registration.]

legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

(2) *[Irregular Declaration]* If the notification of refusal contains an irregularity other than those referred to in paragraph (1), the International Bureau shall nevertheless enter the refusal in the International Register and shall communicate a copy of the notification of refusal to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting party of Origin. At the request of that Competent Authority or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), the International Bureau shall invite the Competent Authority that submitted the notification of refusal to regularize the notification without delay.

### **Rule 11**

#### Withdrawal of Refusal

(1) *[Notification to the International Bureau]* A refusal may be withdrawn, in part or in whole, at any time by the Competent Authority that notified it. The withdrawal of a refusal shall be notified to the International Bureau by the relevant Competent Authority and shall be signed by such authority.

(2) *[Contents of the Notification]* The notification of withdrawal of a refusal shall indicate:

- (i) the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin or the indication constituting the geographical indication;
- (ii) the reason for the withdrawal and, in case of a partial withdrawal, the particulars referred to in Rule 9(2) [(v) or] (vi);
- (iii) the date on which the refusal was withdrawn.

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notifications by the International Bureau]* The International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any withdrawal referred to in paragraph (1) and shall communicate a copy of the notification of withdrawal to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

### **Rule 12**

#### Notification of Grant of Protection

(1) *[Optional Statement of Grant of Protection]* (a) A Competent Authority of a Contracting Party which does not refuse the effects of an international registration may, within the time limit referred to in Rule 9(1), send to the International Bureau a statement confirming that protection is granted to the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, that is the subject of an international registration.

(b) The statement shall indicate:

- (i) the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party making the statement;
- (ii) the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin, or the indication constituting the geographical indication; and
- (iii) the date of the statement.

(2) *[Optional Statement of Grant of Protection Following a Refusal]*

(a) Where a Competent Authority that has previously submitted a notification of refusal wishes to withdraw that refusal, it may, instead of notifying the withdrawal of refusal in accordance with Rule 11(1), send to the International Bureau a statement to the effect that protection is granted to the relevant appellation of origin or geographical indication.

(b) The statement shall indicate:

(i) the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party making the statement;

(ii) the number of the international registration concerned, preferably

accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin, or the indication constituting the geographical indication;

(iii) the reason for the withdrawal and, in case of a grant of protection that amounts to a partial withdrawal of refusal, the particulars referred to in Rule 9(2) [(v) or] (vi); and

(iv) the date on which protection was granted.

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notifications by the International Bureau]*

The International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any statement referred to in paragraphs (1) or (2) and communicate a copy of such statement to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

### **Rule 13**

Notification of Invalidation of the Effects of an International Registration in a Contracting Party

(1) *[Notification of Invalidation to the International Bureau]* Where the effects of an international registration are invalidated in a Contracting Party, in whole or in part, and the invalidation is no longer subject to appeal, the Competent Authority of the concerned Contracting Party shall transmit to the International Bureau a notification of invalidation. The notification shall indicate or contain:

(i) the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin, or the indication constituting the geographical indication;

(ii) the authority that pronounced the invalidation;

(iii) the date on which the invalidation was pronounced;

(iv) where the invalidation is partial, the particulars referred to in

Rule 9(2) [(v) or] (vi);

(v) the grounds on the basis of which the invalidation was pronounced;

(vi) a copy of the decision that invalidated the effects of the international registration.

(2) *[Entry in the International Register and Notifications by the International Bureau]*

The International Bureau shall enter the invalidation in the International Register together with the particulars referred to in items (i) to (v) of paragraph (1) and shall communicate a copy of the notification to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

#### **Rule 14**

##### **Notification of Transitional Period Granted to Third Parties**

(1) *[Notification to the International Bureau]* Where a third party has been granted a defined period of time in which to terminate the use of a registered appellation of origin, or a registered geographical indication, in a Contracting Party, in accordance with Article 17(1) or Article 17(2), the Competent Authority of that Contracting Party shall notify the International Bureau accordingly. The notification shall indicate:

- (i) the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin, or the indication constituting the geographical indication;
- (ii) the identity of the third party concerned;
- (iii) the period granted to the third party, preferably accompanied by information about the scope of the use during the transitional period;
- (iv) the date from which the defined period begins, it being understood that the date may not be later than one year and three months from the receipt of the notification of international registration under Article 6(4) or, in the case of Article 29(4), no later than two years and three months from such receipt.

(2) *[Desirable Duration]* The duration of the period granted to a third party shall not be longer than 15 years, it being understood that the period may depend on the specific situation of each case and that a period longer than ten years would be exceptional.

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notifications by the International Bureau]* Subject to the notification referred to in paragraph (1) being sent by the Competent Authority to the International Bureau before the date referred to in paragraph (1)(iv), the International Bureau shall enter such notification in the International Register together with the particulars shown therein and shall communicate a copy of the notification to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) as well as the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

#### **Rule 15**

##### **Modifications**

(1) *[Permissible Modifications]* The following modifications may be recorded in the International Register:

- (i) the addition or deletion of a beneficiary or some beneficiaries;
- (ii) a modification of the names or addresses of the beneficiaries;
- (iii) a modification of the limits of the geographical area of origin of the good or goods to which the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, applies;
- (iv) a modification relating to the legislative or administrative act, the judicial or administrative decision, or the registration referred to in Rule 5(2)(a)(vii);
- (v) a modification relating to the Contracting Party of Origin that does not affect the geographical area of origin of the good or goods to which the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, applies;
- (vi) a modification under Rule 16.

(2) *[Procedure]* A request for entry of a modification referred to in paragraph (1) shall be presented to the International Bureau by the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), and shall be accompanied by the fee specified in Rule 8.

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notification to the Competent Authorities]* The International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any modification requested in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2), confirm the entry to the Competent Authority that requested the modification, and communicate such modification to the Competent Authorities of the other Contracting Parties.

(4) *[Optional Alternative]* In the case of Article 5(3), paragraphs (1) to (3) shall apply *mutatis mutandis*, it being understood that a request from the beneficiaries or from the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) must indicate that the change is requested because of a corresponding change to the registration, the legislative or administrative act, or the judicial or administrative decision, on the basis of which the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, had been granted protection in the Contracting Party of Origin; and that the entry of the modification in the International Register shall be confirmed to the concerned beneficiaries or legal entity by the International Bureau, which shall also inform the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin.

## **Rule 16**

### **Renunciation of Protection**

(1) *[Notification to the International Bureau]* The Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) or the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, may at any time notify the International Bureau that protection of the appellation of origin, or the geographical indication, is renounced, in whole or in part, in respect of one or some of the Contracting Parties. The notification of renunciation of protection shall state the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin, or the indication constituting the geographical indication.

(2) *[Withdrawal of a Renunciation]* Any renunciation may be withdrawn, in whole or in part, at any time by the Competent Authority that notified it or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii) or the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, subject to payment of the fee for a modification [and any individual fees].

(3) *[Entry in the International Register and Notification to the Competent Authorities]* The International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any renunciation of protection referred to in paragraph (1), or any withdrawal of a renunciation referred to in paragraph (2), confirm the entry to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin and, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or legal entity, while also informing the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, and shall communicate the entry of such modification in the International Register to the Competent Authorities of each Contracting Party to which the renunciation, or the withdrawal of the renunciation, relates.

(4) *[Application of Rules 9 to 12]* The Competent Authority of a Contracting Party that receives a notification of the withdrawal of a renunciation may notify the International Bureau of the refusal of the effects of the international registration in its territory. The declaration shall be addressed to the International Bureau by such Competent Authority within a period of one year from the date of receipt of the notification by the International Bureau of the withdrawal of the renunciation. Rules 9 to 12 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

### **Rule 17**

#### **Cancellation of an International Registration**

- (1) *[Request for Cancellation]* The request for cancellation shall state the number of the international registration concerned, preferably accompanied by other information enabling the identity of the international registration to be confirmed, such as the denomination constituting the appellation of origin or the indication constituting the geographical indication.
- (2) *[Entry in the International Register and Notification to the Competent Authorities]* The International Bureau shall enter in the International Register any cancellation together with the particulars given in the request, confirm the entry to the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin or, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii), while also informing the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, and shall communicate the cancellation to the Competent Authorities of the other Contracting Parties.

### **Rule 18**

#### **Corrections Made to the International Register**

- (1) *[Procedure]* If the International Bureau, acting *ex officio* or at the request of the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin, finds that the International Register contains an error with respect to an international registration, it shall correct the Register accordingly.
- (2) *[Optional Alternative]* In the case of Article 5(3), a request under paragraph (1) can also be submitted by the beneficiaries or by the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii). The beneficiaries or the legal entity shall be notified by the International Bureau of any correction concerning the international registration.
- (3) *[Notification of Corrections to the Competent Authorities]* The International Bureau shall notify any correction of the International Register to the Competent Authorities of all Contracting Parties as well as, in the case of Article 5(3), the beneficiaries or the legal entity referred to in Article 5(2)(ii).
- (4) *[Application of Rules 9 to 12]* Where the correction of an error concerns the appellation of origin or the geographical indication, or the good or goods to which the appellation of origin or the geographical indication applies, the Competent Authority of a Contracting Party has the right to declare that it cannot ensure the protection of the appellation of origin or geographical indication after the correction. The declaration shall be addressed to the International Bureau by such Competent Authority within a period of one year from the date of notification by the International Bureau of the correction. Rules 9 to 12 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

## **Chapter IV**

### **Miscellaneous Provisions**

### **Rule 19**

#### **Publication**

The International Bureau shall publish all entries made in the International Register.

### **Rule 20**

#### Extracts from the International Register and Other Information Provided by the International Bureau

- (1) *[Information on the Contents of the International Register]* Extracts from the International Register or any other information on the contents of the Register shall be provided by the International Bureau to any person so requesting, on payment of the fee specified in Rule 8.
- (2) *[Communication of Provisions, Decisions or the Registration Under Which an Appellation of Origin or a Geographical Indication Is Protected]* (a) Any person may request from the International Bureau a copy in the original language of the provisions, the decisions or the registration referred to in Rule 5(2)(a)(vii), on payment of the fee specified in Rule 8.
- (b) Where such documents have already been communicated to the International Bureau, the latter shall transmit without delay a copy to the person who has made the request.
- (c) If such a document has never been communicated to the International Bureau, the latter shall request a copy of it from the Competent Authority of the Contracting Party of Origin and shall transmit the document, on receipt, to the person who has made the request.

### **Rule 21**

#### Signature

Where the signature of a Competent Authority is required under these Regulations, such signature may be printed or replaced by the affixing of a facsimile or an official seal.

### **Rule 22**

#### Date of Dispatch of Various Communications

Where the notifications referred to in Rules 9(1), 14(1), 16(4) and 18(4) are communicated through a postal service, the date of dispatch shall be determined by the postmark. If the postmark is illegible or missing, the International Bureau shall treat the communication concerned as if it had been sent 20 days before the date on which it was received. Where such notifications are sent through a mail delivery service, the date of dispatch shall be determined by the information provided by such delivery service on the basis of the details of the mailing as recorded by it. Such notifications may also be communicated by facsimile or by electronic means, as provided for in the Administrative Instructions.

### **Rule 23**

#### Modes of Notification by the International Bureau

- (1) *[Notification of the International Registration]* The notification of the international registration, referred to in Rule 7(3)(ii), or the notification of the withdrawal of a renunciation referred to in Rule 16(3), shall be addressed by the International Bureau to the Competent Authority of each Contracting Party concerned by any means enabling the International Bureau to establish the date on which the notification was received, as provided for in the Administrative Instructions.
- (2) *[Other Notifications]* Any other notification by the International Bureau referred to in these Regulations shall be addressed to the Competent Authorities by any means enabling the International Bureau to establish that the notification has been received.

**Rule 24**  
Administrative Instructions

(1) *[Establishment of Administrative Instructions; Matters Governed by Them]* (a) The Director General shall establish Administrative Instructions and may modify them. Before establishing or modifying the Administrative Instructions, the Director General shall consult the Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties which have direct interest in the proposed Administrative Instructions or their proposed modification.

(b) The Administrative Instructions shall deal with matters in respect of which these Regulations expressly refer to such Instructions and with details in respect of the application of these Regulations.

(2) *[Supervision by the Assembly]* The Assembly may invite the Director General to modify any provision of the Administrative Instructions and the Director General shall act upon any such invitation.

(3) *[Publication and Effective Date]* (a) The Administrative Instructions and any modification thereof shall be published.

(b) Each publication shall specify the date on which the published provisions become effective.

(4) *[Conflict with the Act or These Regulations]* In the case of conflict between, on the one hand, any provision of the Administrative Instructions and, on the other hand, any provision of the Act or these Regulations, the latter shall prevail.

[End of Annex and of document]